

Converting Colors

CIELCh(63, 1.958, 359.582)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(63, 1.958, 359.582) contains.

CIELCh(63, 2.019, 3.322)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(63, 2.019, 3.322)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9C9798
RGB	156, 151, 152
RGB Percent	61%, 59%, 60%
CMY	0.3872, 0.4068, 0.4029
CMYK	0.00, 0.03, 0.03, 0.39
HSL	348°, 2%, 60%
HSV	348°, 3%, 61%
XYZ	30.5587, 31.5869, 34.3042
YIQ	152.6090, 2.6590, 1.3710

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

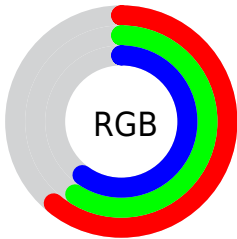
Format	Color
RYB	156, 151, 152
Decimal	10262424
CIELab	63.00, 2.02, 0.12
CIElCh	63, 2.019, 3.322
Yxy	31.5869, 0.3168, 0.3275
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288452504 (0xFF9C9798)
YUV	152.6090, -0.3002, 2.9739
Hunter-Lab	56.2022, -1.2985, 3.1527

Details

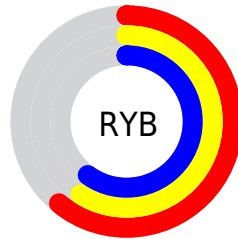
The CIELCh color **63, 2.019, 3.322** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **64, 1.988, 183.222**, and the grayscale version is **63, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **83, 1.907, 3.187**, and **43, 2.175, 3.509** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **58, 8.536, 4.477**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **68, 4.163, 182.837**.

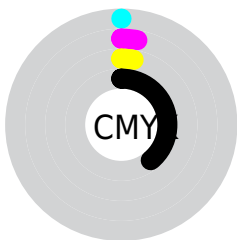
Distribution



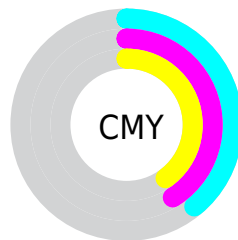
- Red (61%)
- Green (59%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (61%)
- Yellow (59%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (3%)
- Black (39%)



- Cyan (39%)
- Magenta (41%)
- Yellow (40%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 63, 2.019, 3.322 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 63, 2.019, 3.322 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 63, 2.019, 3.322

■ 63, 2.019, 3.322

100, 2.019, 3.322

■ 53, 2.019, 3.322

■ 83, 2.019, 3.322

■ 43, 2.019, 3.322

■ 93, 2.019, 3.322

■ 33, 2.019, 3.322

■ 23, 2.019, 3.322

■ 13, 2.019, 3.322

■ 3, 2.019, 3.322

■ 0, 2.019, 3.322

■ 63, 2.019, 3.322

■ 63, 2.019, 3.322

■ 58, 8.536, 4.477

■ 68, 4.163, 182.837

54, 15.374, 5.631

72, 10.011,
182.052

50, 22.476, 6.996

77, 15.545,
181.394

46, 29.734, 8.656

42, 36.971, 10.712

81, 20.789,
180.813

39, 43.943, 13.295

86, 25.769,
180.291

36, 50.377, 16.549

34, 56.054, 20.593

91, 30.511,
179.818

33, 60.907, 25.412

94, 32.476,
183.353

94, 30.587,
194.920

94, 30.341,
197.549

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63, 2.019, 3.322



64, 1.988, 183.222

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63, 2.019, 3.322



63, 2.019, 53.322



63, 2.019, 183.322



63, 2.019, 233.322

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63, 2.017, 3.355



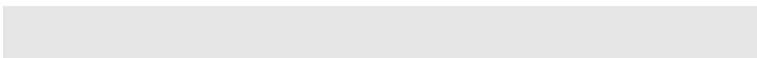
81, 0.782, 2.712



63, 3.208, 318.895



43, 0.443, 2.664



91, 0.011, 296.813



43, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63, 2.017, 3.355



80, 3.141, 3.479



63, 1.581, 51.086



32, 1.806, 3.549



29, 59.734, 28.241



1, 4.655, 4.068

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



63, 2.017, 3.355



80, 3.141, 3.479



64, 1.562, 232.042



32, 1.806, 3.549



29, 59.734, 28.241



1, 4.655, 4.068

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 63, 2.019, 3.322 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

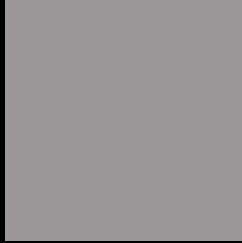
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 63, 2.019, 3.322 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

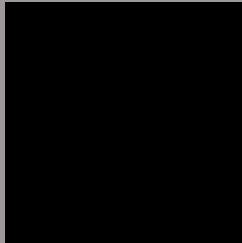
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

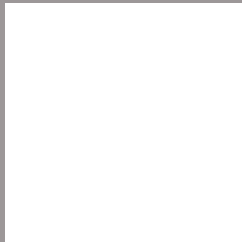
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 63, 2.019, 3.322

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 2.019, 3.322.

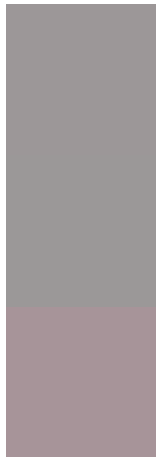


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 2.019, 3.322.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


63, 2.019, 3.322

Protanopia

63, 1.158, 19.125

Deuteranopia

63, 7.927, 359.591



Tritanopia
63, 7.403, 314.949

Trichromacy



Original Color

63, 2.019, 3.322

Protanomaly

63, 1.158, 19.125

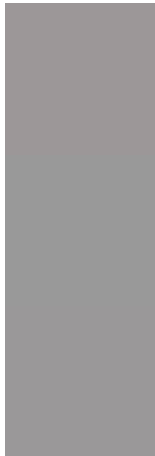
Deuteranomaly

63, 5.893, 357.686

Tritanomaly

63, 5.244, 321.202

Monochromacy



Original Color

63, 2.019, 3.322

Achromatopsia

63, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly

63, 0.961, 343.406

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 63, 2.019, 3.322 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(156, 151, 152)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(156, 151, 152)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(156, 151, 152) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(156, 151, 152) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 63, 2.019, 3.322 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(156, 151, 152) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(156, 151, 152) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(156, 151, 152)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(156, 151, 152); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(156, 151, 152);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(156, 151,  
152) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 63, 2.019, 3.322 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(156, 151, 152) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(156,  
151, 152) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor