

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(63, 10.052, 316.549)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(63, 10.052, 316.549)  
contains.

<b>CIELCh(63, 9.913, 315.718)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	21
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	27

# Color

**CIELCh(63, 9.913, 315.718)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	A095A5
RGB	160, 149, 165
RGB Percent	63%, 58%, 65%
CMY	0.3734, 0.4165, 0.3538
CMYK	0.03, 0.10, 0.00, 0.35
HSL	281°, 8%, 61%
HSV	281°, 10%, 65%
XYZ	31.9389, 31.5869, 39.9066
YIQ	154.1130, 1.4200, 7.3080

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

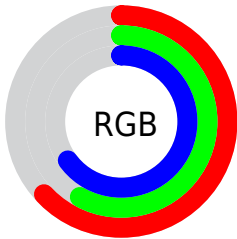
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	160, 149, 165
Decimal	10524069
CIELab	63.00, 7.10, -6.92
CIElCh	63, 9.913, 315.718
Yxy	31.5869, 0.3088, 0.3054
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288714149 (0xFFA095A5)
YUV	154.1130, 5.3673, 5.1629
Hunter-Lab	56.2022, 3.0851, -2.7575

# Details

The CIELCh color  $63, 9.913, 315.718$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $999999$ . A complement of this color would be  $66, 9.827, 134.943$ , and the grayscale version is  $64, 0.008, 296.813$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $83, 10.012, 316.223$ , and  $43, 10.103, 317.301$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $58, 20.322, 316.149$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $68, 0.289, 135.855$ .

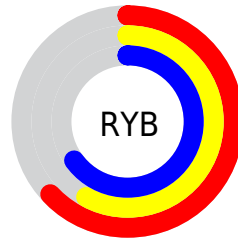
# Distribution



Red (63%)

Green (58%)

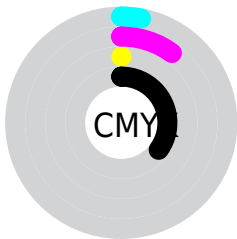
Blue (65%)



Red (63%)

Yellow (58%)

Blue (65%)

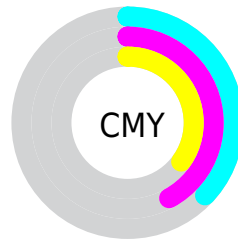


Cyan (3%)

Magenta (10%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (35%)



Cyan (37%)

Magenta (42%)

Yellow (35%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 63, 9.913, 315.718 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 63, 9.913, 315.718 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



63, 9.913, 315.718

63, 9.913, 315.718

100, 9.913,  
315.718

53, 9.913, 315.718

83, 9.913, 315.718

43, 9.913, 315.718

93, 9.913, 315.718

33, 9.913, 315.718

23, 9.913, 315.718

13, 9.913, 315.718

3, 9.913, 315.718

0, 9.913, 315.718

63, 9.913, 315.718

63, 9.913, 315.718

58, 20.322,

68, 0.289, 135.855

316.149

73, 10.235,  
134.957

54, 30.862,  
316.583

77, 19.906,  
134.596

49, 41.398,  
317.003

82, 29.298,  
134.270

45, 51.716,  
317.383

87, 38.412,  
133.976

41, 61.499,  
317.685

92, 47.259,  
133.711

37, 70.313,  
317.859

94, 50.636,  
132.622

34, 77.635,  
317.842

95, 49.804,  
130.786

32, 82.954,  
317.569

95, 49.019,  
128.857

30, 86.425,  
317.067



# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63, 9.913, 315.718



66, 9.827, 134.943

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63, 9.913, 315.718



63, 9.913, 5.718



63, 9.913, 135.718



63, 9.913, 185.718

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63, 9.911, 315.717



84, 3.770, 315.409



63, 6.351, 273.699



44, 2.854, 315.451



93, 0.011, 296.813



45, 0.006, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63, 9.911, 315.717



79, 15.210, 315.825



63, 9.548, 330.509



32, 5.729, 315.697



26, 78.870, 317.154



1, 8.703, 313.479



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



63, 6.825, 355.941



79, 10.497, 356.207



66, 9.520, 149.367



32, 3.943, 355.894



30, 57.032, 18.778

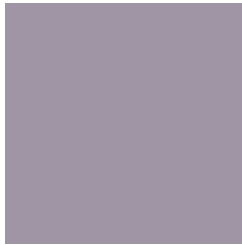


1, 5.937, 357.137



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 63, 9.913, 315.718 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 63, 9.913, 315.718 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

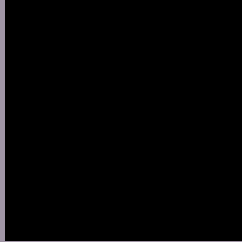
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 63, 9.913, 315.718

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 9.913, 315.718.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 9.913, 315.718.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

63, 9.913, 315.718


### Protanopia

63, 8.401, 291.094

### Deuteranopia

63, 10.933, 319.948





**Tritanopia**  
63, 7.756, 320.105

# Trichromacy



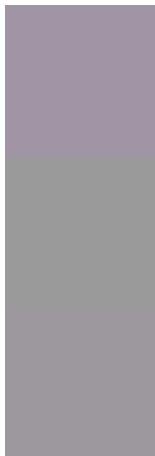
**Original Color**  
63, 9.913, 315.718

**Protanomaly**  
63, 9.112, 300.522

**Deuteranomaly**  
63, 10.756, 318.165

**Tritanomaly**  
63, 8.246, 318.201

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
63, 9.913, 315.718

**Achromatopsia**  
64, 0.008, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
63, 3.706, 314.783

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 63, 9.913, 315.718 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(160, 149, 165)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(160, 149, 165)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(160, 149, 165) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(160, 149, 165) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 63, 9.913, 315.718 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(160, 149, 165) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(160, 149, 165) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(160, 149, 165)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(160, 149, 165); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(160, 149, 165);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(160, 149,  
165) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 63, 9.913, 315.718 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(160, 149, 165) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(160,  
149, 165) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor