

Converting Colors

CIELCh(63, 10.895, 155.235)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(63, 10.895, 155.235)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(63, 10.640, 155.475)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	899D90
RGB	137, 157, 144
RGB Percent	54%, 62%, 56%
CMY	0.4615, 0.3831, 0.4341
CMYK	0.13, 0.00, 0.08, 0.38
HSL	141°, 9%, 58%
HSV	141°, 13%, 62%
XYZ	27.5341, 31.5869, 31.1545
YIQ	149.5380, -7.7470, -8.2830

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

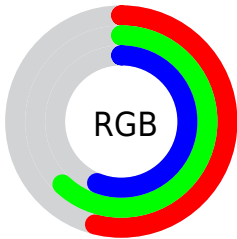
Format	Color
RYB	137, 152, 157
Decimal	9018768
CIELab	63.00, -9.68, 4.42
CIELCh	63, 10.640, 155.475
Yxy	31.5869, 0.3050, 0.3499
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287208848 (0xFF899D90)
YUV	149.5380, -2.7302, -10.9958
Hunter-Lab	56.2022, -10.9047, 6.4754

Details

The CIELCh color $63, 10.640, 155.475$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $59, 10.724, 337.252$, and the grayscale version is $62, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $83, 10.949, 156.237$, and $43, 10.712, 155.893$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $62, 19.032, 154.618$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $64, 2.260, 156.320$.

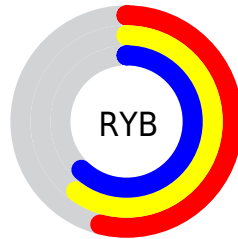
Distribution



Red (54%)

Green (62%)

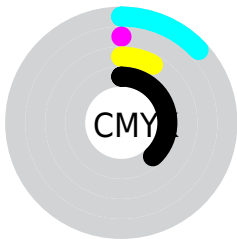
Blue (56%)



Red (54%)

Yellow (60%)

Blue (62%)

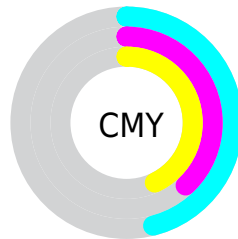


Cyan (13%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (8%)

Black (38%)



Cyan (46%)


Magenta (38%)


Yellow (43%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 63, 10.640, 155.475 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 63, 10.640, 155.475 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 63, 10.640,
155.475


 63, 10.640,
155.475


 100, 10.640,
155.475


 53, 10.640,
155.475


 83, 10.640,
155.475

 43, 10.640,
155.475

 93, 10.640,
155.475

 33, 10.640,
155.475

 23, 10.640,
155.475

 13, 10.640,
155.475

 3, 10.640, 155.475

 0, 10.640, 155.475

■ 63, 10.640,
155.475

■ 63, 10.640,
155.475

■ 62, 19.032,
154.618

■ 64, 2.260, 156.320

■ 61, 27.325,
153.652

■ 66, 6.031, 336.800

■ 60, 35.394,
152.551

■ 68, 14.171,
337.419

■ 59, 43.098,
151.291

■ 70, 22.116,
337.959

■ 58, 50.287,
149.853

■ 71, 29.840,
338.445

■ 57, 56.825,
148.228

■ 73, 37.329,
338.888


■ 57, 62.605,
146.419


■ 75, 44.576,
339.294

■ 57, 67.564,

■ 77, 49.735,
336.982

144.457

 77, 53.388,
332.713

 57, 70.764,
143.060

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63, 10.640, 155.475



59, 10.724, 337.252

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63, 10.640, 155.475



63, 10.640, 205.475



63, 10.640, 335.475



63, 10.640, 25.475

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63, 10.642, 155.473



81, 4.116, 156.181



64, 11.425, 122.378



43, 2.920, 156.117



91, 0.011, 296.813



43, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63, 10.642, 155.473



79, 15.520, 155.262



63, 7.747, 184.805



33, 4.743, 155.752



52, 65.643, 143.251



3, 6.278, 155.609

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



59, 10.724, 337.252



74, 15.658, 337.448



59, 8.179, 6.940



31, 4.774, 336.988



31, 58.418, 348.162



1, 6.048, 337.864

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 63, 10.640, 155.475 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

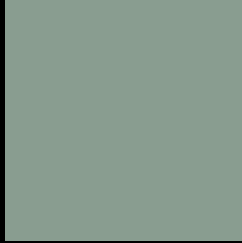
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 63, 10.640, 155.475 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

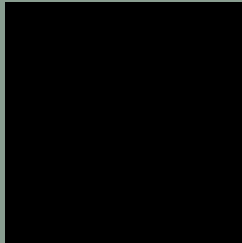
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

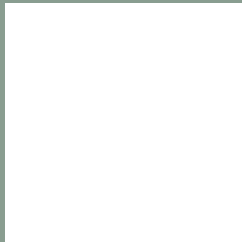
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 63, 10.640, 155.475

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 10.640, 155.475.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 10.640, 155.475.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
63, 10.640, 155.475

Protanopia
63, 6.431, 91.502

Deuteranopia
63, 8.761, 23.826



Tritanopia
63, 8.112, 255.244

Trichromacy



Original Color
63, 10.640, 155.475

Protanomaly
63, 6.878, 122.647

Deuteranomaly
63, 4.080, 74.438

Tritanomaly
63, 5.782, 215.917

Monochromacy



Original Color
63, 10.640, 155.475

Achromatopsia
62, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
62, 4.182, 157.183

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 63, 10.640, 155.475 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(137, 157, 144)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(137, 157, 144)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(137, 157, 144) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(137, 157, 144) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 63, 10.640, 155.475 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

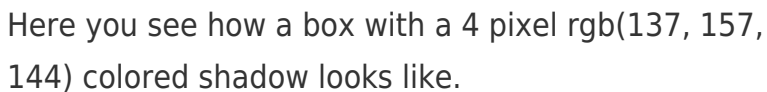
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(137, 157, 144) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(137, 157, 144) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(137, 157, 144)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(137, 157, 144); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(137, 157, 144);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(137, 157,  
144) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 63, 10.640, 155.475 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(137, 157, 144) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(137,  
157, 144) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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