

Converting Colors

CIELCh(63, 11.416, 40.441)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(63, 11.416, 40.441) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(63, 11.246, 40.468)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AD938C
RGB	173, 147, 140
RGB Percent	68%, 58%, 55%
CMY	0.3221, 0.4240, 0.4515
CMYK	0.00, 0.15, 0.19, 0.32
HSL	13°, 17%, 61%
HSV	13°, 19%, 68%
XYZ	32.3427, 31.5869, 29.1548
YIQ	153.9760, 17.7430, 3.3350

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

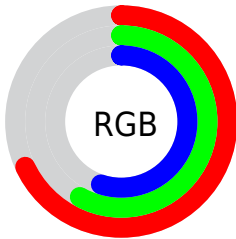
Format	Color
R _Y B	173, 149, 140
Decimal	11375500
CIE Lab	63.00, 8.56, 7.30
CIE LCh	63, 11.246, 40.468
Yxy	31.5869, 0.3475, 0.3393
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289565580 (0xFFAD938C)
YUV	153.9760, -6.8902, 16.6840
Hunter-Lab	56.2022, 4.3675, 8.5850

Details

The CIELCh color $63, 11.246, 40.468$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $66, 9.953, 221.737$, and the grayscale version is $64, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $83, 11.234, 39.178$, and $43, 11.237, 39.170$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $59, 17.855, 40.450$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $67, 5.141, 40.589$.

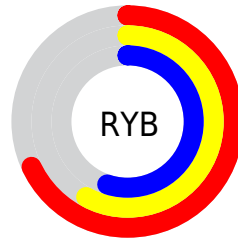
Distribution



Red (68%)

Green (58%)

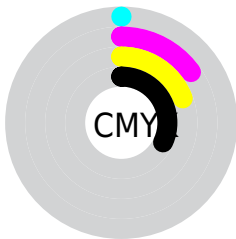
Blue (55%)



Red (68%)

Yellow (58%)

Blue (55%)

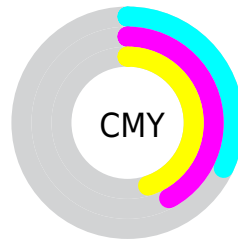


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (15%)

Yellow (19%)

Black (32%)



Cyan (32%)

Magenta (42%)

Yellow (45%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 63, 11.246, 40.468 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 63, 11.246, 40.468 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 63, 11.246, 40.468

■ 63, 11.246, 40.468

■ 100, 11.246,
40.468

■ 53, 11.246, 40.468

■ 83, 11.246, 40.468

■ 43, 11.246, 40.468

■ 93, 11.246, 40.468

■ 33, 11.246, 40.468

■ 23, 11.246, 40.468

■ 13, 11.246, 40.468

■ 3, 11.246, 40.468

■ 0, 11.246, 40.468

■ 63, 11.246, 40.468

■ 63, 11.246, 40.468

■ 59, 17.855, 40.450

■ 67, 5.141, 40.589

55, 24.998, 40.562

71, 0.500, 221.902

52, 32.681, 40.855

75, 5.723, 221.333

48, 40.863, 41.355

79, 10.575,
221.655

45, 49.424, 42.063

83, 15.100,
222.033

42, 58.082, 42.896

40, 66.204, 43.578

88, 19.337,
222.439

38, 72.997, 43.911

92, 22.622,
215.268

38, 73.639, 44.017

95, 25.973,
197.816

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63, 11.246, 40.468



66, 9.953, 221.737

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63, 11.246, 40.468



63, 11.246, 90.468



63, 11.246, 220.468



63, 11.246, 270.468

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63, 11.245, 40.479



86, 4.147, 40.608



62, 19.385, 331.703



45, 2.754, 40.607



95, 0.011, 296.813



47, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63, 11.245, 40.479



78, 17.054, 40.452



67, 13.300, 91.355



35, 3.214, 40.587



33, 66.068, 44.173



3, 6.718, 36.400

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



66, 9.953, 221.737



83, 14.636, 221.992



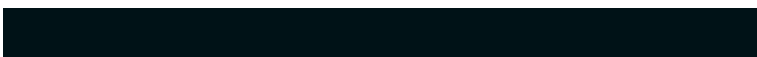
62, 13.342, 276.310



36, 3.038, 221.314



46, 29.784, 237.494



4, 6.408, 230.025

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 63, 11.246, 40.468 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

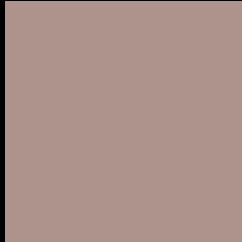
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 63, 11.246, 40.468 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

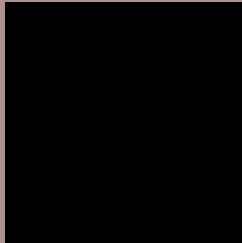
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 63, 11.246, 40.468

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 11.246, 40.468.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 11.246, 40.468.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


63, 11.246, 40.468

Protanopia

63, 5.534, 84.201

Deuteranopia

63, 10.858, 41.194



Tritanopia
63, 13.801, 351.869

Trichromacy



Original Color
63, 11.246, 40.468

Protanomaly
63, 6.835, 60.315

Deuteranomaly
63, 10.858, 41.194

Tritanomaly
63, 11.783, 6.940

Monochromacy



Original Color
63, 11.246, 40.468

Achromatopsia
64, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
63, 4.062, 35.541

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 63, 11.246, 40.468 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(173, 147, 140)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(173, 147, 140)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(173, 147, 140) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(173, 147, 140) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 63, 11.246, 40.468 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(173, 147, 140) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(173, 147, 140) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(173, 147, 140) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(173, 147, 140); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(173, 147, 140);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(173, 147,  
140) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 63, 11.246, 40.468 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(173, 147, 140) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(173,  
147, 140) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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