

Converting Colors

CIELCh(63, 11.572, 197.292)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(63, 11.572, 197.292)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(63, 11.644, 195.633)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7F9F9E
RGB	127, 159, 158
RGB Percent	50%, 62%, 62%
CMY	0.5036, 0.3781, 0.3820
CMYK	0.20, 0.00, 0.01, 0.38
HSL	178°, 14%, 56%
HSV	178°, 20%, 62%
XYZ	27.1531, 31.5869, 36.8249
YIQ	149.3180, -18.7510, -7.0950

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

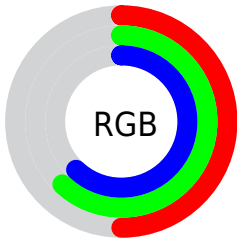
Format	Color
RYB	127, 143, 159
Decimal	8363934
CIELab	63.00, -11.21, -3.14
CIElCh	63, 11.644, 195.633
Yxy	31.5869, 0.2841, 0.3305
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286554014 (0xFF7F9F9E)
YUV	149.3180, 4.2802, -19.5729
Hunter-Lab	56.2022, -12.1149, 0.4936

Details

The CIELCh color **63, 11.644, 195.633** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669999**. A complement of this color would be **56, 13.157, 18.351**, and the grayscale version is **62, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **83, 11.832, 196.030**, and **43, 11.814, 195.103** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **62, 16.859, 195.049**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **64, 6.029, 196.255**.

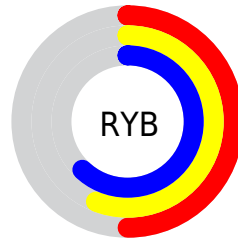
Distribution



Red (50%)

Green (62%)

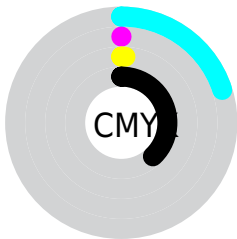
Blue (62%)



Red (50%)

Yellow (56%)

Blue (62%)

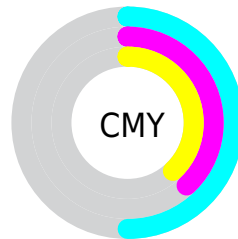


Cyan (20%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (1%)

Black (38%)



Cyan (50%)


Magenta (38%)


Yellow (38%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 63, 11.644, 195.633 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 63, 11.644, 195.633 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 63, 11.644,
195.633


 63, 11.644,
195.633


 100, 11.644,
195.633


 53, 11.644,
195.633


 83, 11.644,
195.633

 43, 11.644,
195.633

 93, 11.644,
195.633

 33, 11.644,
195.633

 23, 11.644,
195.633

 13, 11.644,
195.633

 3, 11.644, 195.633

 0, 11.644, 195.633

■ 63, 11.644,
195.633

■ 63, 11.644,
195.633

■ 62, 16.859,
195.049

■ 64, 6.029, 196.255

■ 61, 21.577,
194.504

■ 65, 0.104, 201.245

■ 67, 6.048, 17.344

■ 61, 25.708,
193.992

■ 68, 12.352, 18.024

■ 60, 29.173,
193.508

■ 70, 18.749, 18.685

■ 71, 25.189, 19.342

■ 60, 31.920,
193.049

■ 73, 31.635, 19.995

■ 59, 33.930,
192.607

■ 75, 38.057, 20.641

■ 75, 38.646, 20.355

■ 59, 35.229,
192.173

■ 59, 36.005,

191.750

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63, 11.644, 195.633



56, 13.157, 18.351

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63, 11.644, 195.633



63, 11.644, 245.633



63, 11.644, 15.633



63, 11.644, 65.633

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63, 11.645, 195.627



82, 4.449, 196.551



62, 21.669, 142.350



44, 2.971, 196.503



92, 0.011, 296.813



44, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63, 11.645, 195.627



80, 16.956, 195.375



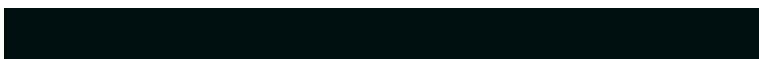
59, 10.317, 254.484



33, 3.350, 196.319



53, 33.338, 191.790



3, 4.483, 196.200

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



56, 13.157, 18.351



69, 19.711, 18.799



60, 10.988, 69.372



31, 3.535, 17.364



29, 66.024, 37.912



1, 4.479, 16.935

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 63, 11.644, 195.633 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 63, 11.644, 195.633 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

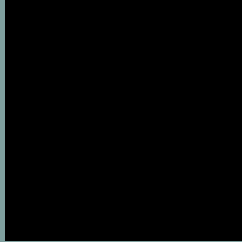
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 63, 11.644, 195.633

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 11.644, 195.633.

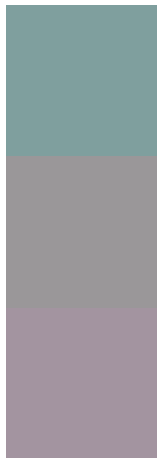


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 11.644, 195.633.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
63, 11.644, 195.633

Protanopia
63, 1.622, 335.621

Deuteranopia
63, 8.864, 331.059



Tritanopia
63, 11.758, 233.689

Trichromacy



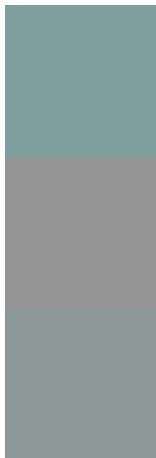
Original Color
63, 11.644, 195.633

Protanomaly
63, 3.799, 207.665

Deuteranomaly
63, 3.980, 279.725

Tritanomaly
63, 11.269, 218.989

Monochromacy



Original Color
63, 11.644, 195.633

Achromatopsia
62, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
62, 4.159, 199.126

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 63, 11.644, 195.633 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(127, 159, 158)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(127, 159, 158)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(127, 159, 158) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(127, 159, 158) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 63, 11.644, 195.633 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(127, 159, 158) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(127, 159, 158) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(127, 159, 158)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(127, 159, 158); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(127, 159, 158);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(127, 159,  
158) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 63, 11.644, 195.633 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(127, 159, 158) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(127,  
159, 158) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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