

Converting Colors

CIELCh(63, 11.789, 152.714)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(63, 11.789, 152.714)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(63, 11.709, 152.813)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	899E8F
RGB	137, 158, 143
RGB Percent	54%, 62%, 56%
CMY	0.4642, 0.3818, 0.4406
CMYK	0.13, 0.00, 0.10, 0.38
HSL	137°, 10%, 58%
HSV	137°, 13%, 62%
XYZ	27.3509, 31.5869, 30.4973
YIQ	150.0110, -7.7010, -9.1170

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

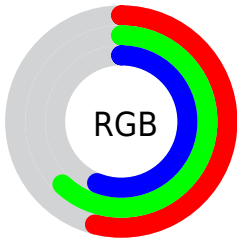
Format	Color
RYB	137, 153, 158
Decimal	9019023
CIELab	63.00, -10.42, 5.35
CIELCh	63, 11.709, 152.813
Yxy	31.5869, 0.3058, 0.3532
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287209103 (0xFF899E8F)
YUV	150.0110, -3.4564, -11.4106
Hunter-Lab	56.2022, -11.4865, 7.1687

Details

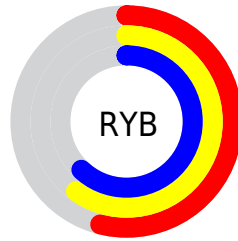
The CIELCh color $63, 11.709, 152.813$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $59, 11.776, 334.578$, and the grayscale version is $62, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $83, 11.954, 153.723$, and $43, 11.853, 152.994$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $62, 20.542, 151.987$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $64, 2.898, 153.597$.

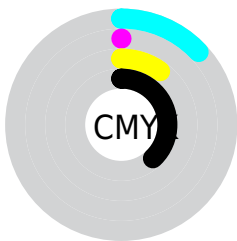
Distribution



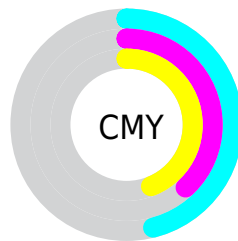
- Red (54%)
- Green (62%)
- Blue (56%)



- Red (54%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Blue (62%)



- Cyan (13%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Black (38%)





- Cyan (46%)
- Magenta (38%)
- Yellow (44%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 63, 11.709, 152.813 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 63, 11.709, 152.813 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 63, 11.709,
152.813


 63, 11.709,
152.813


 100, 11.709,
152.813


 53, 11.709,
152.813


 83, 11.709,
152.813

 43, 11.709,
152.813

 93, 11.709,
152.813

 33, 11.709,
152.813

 23, 11.709,
152.813

 13, 11.709,
152.813

 3, 11.709, 152.813

 0, 11.709, 152.813

63, 11.709,
152.813

63, 11.709,
152.813

62, 20.542,
151.987

64, 2.898, 153.597

61, 29.279,
151.047

66, 5.809, 334.077

59, 37.785,
149.968

68, 14.346,
334.659

59, 45.903,
148.731

70, 22.670,
335.159

58, 53.467,
147.321

72, 30.754,
335.604

57, 60.318,
145.736

74, 38.584,
336.004

57, 66.322,
143.993


76, 46.156,
336.367

57, 71.383,

77, 51.863,
334.175

142.140

 77, 56.110,
329.958

 57, 74.322,
140.973

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63, 11.709, 152.813



59, 11.776, 334.578

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63, 11.709, 152.813



63, 11.709, 202.813



63, 11.709, 332.813



63, 11.709, 22.813

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63, 11.711, 152.812



81, 4.314, 153.528



64, 11.887, 120.410



43, 3.061, 153.468



91, 0.011, 296.813



43, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63, 11.711, 152.812



79, 17.374, 152.576



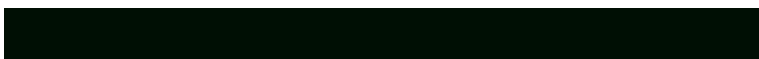
63, 8.310, 180.855



33, 4.974, 153.124



52, 68.854, 141.153



3, 6.561, 153.144

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



59, 11.776, 334.578



74, 17.485, 334.790



59, 8.728, 3.206



31, 4.997, 334.290



31, 60.731, 343.431



1, 6.327, 335.153

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 63, 11.709, 152.813 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

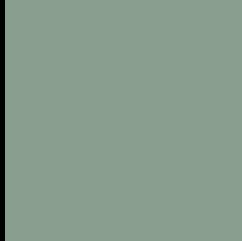
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 63, 11.709, 152.813 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

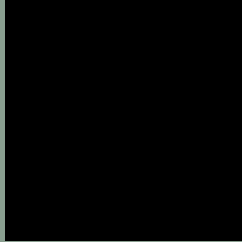
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

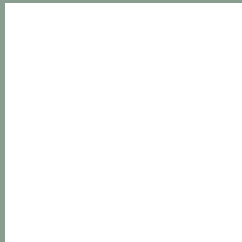
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 63, 11.709, 152.813

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 11.709, 152.813.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 11.709, 152.813.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
63, 11.709, 152.813

Protanopia
63, 7.617, 91.025

Deuteranopia
63, 9.241, 27.124



Tritanopia
63, 8.112, 255.244

Trichromacy



Original Color
63, 11.709, 152.813

Protanomaly
63, 7.965, 120.752

Deuteranomaly
63, 4.768, 74.302

Tritanomaly
63, 6.129, 214.905

Monochromacy



Original Color
63, 11.709, 152.813

Achromatopsia
62, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
62, 4.584, 152.063

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 63, 11.709, 152.813 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(137, 158, 143)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(137, 158, 143)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(137, 158, 143) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(137, 158, 143) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 63, 11.709, 152.813 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(137, 158, 143) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(137, 158, 143) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(137, 158, 143)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(137, 158, 143); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(137, 158, 143);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(137, 158,  
143) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 63, 11.709, 152.813 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(137, 158, 143) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(137,  
158, 143) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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