

Converting Colors

CIELCh(63, 13.527, 94.754)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(63, 13.527, 94.754) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(63, 13.207, 94.390)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A09881
RGB	160, 152, 129
RGB Percent	63%, 60%, 51%
CMY	0.3719, 0.4033, 0.4935
CMYK	0.00, 0.05, 0.19, 0.37
HSL	45°, 14%, 57%
HSV	45°, 19%, 63%
XYZ	29.7558, 31.5869, 25.3510
YIQ	151.7700, 12.1510, -5.4570

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

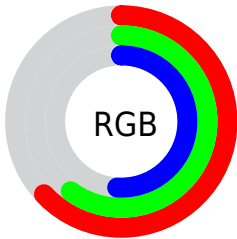
Format	Color
RYB	140, 160, 129
Decimal	10524801
CIELab	63.00, -1.01, 13.17
CIELCh	63, 13.207, 94.390
Yxy	31.5869, 0.3432, 0.3644
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288714881 (0xFFA09881)
YUV	151.7700, -11.2256, 7.2177
Hunter-Lab	56.2022, -3.8485, 12.5978

Details

The CIELCh color **63, 13.207, 94.390** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **57, 13.358, 279.256**, and the grayscale version is **63, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **83, 13.082, 93.801**, and **43, 12.947, 94.271** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **62, 20.139, 93.167**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **64, 6.342, 95.583**.

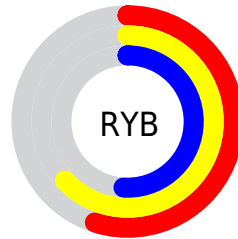
Distribution



Red (63%)

Green (60%)

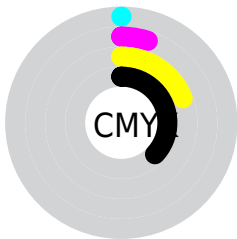
Blue (51%)



Red (55%)

Yellow (63%)

Blue (51%)

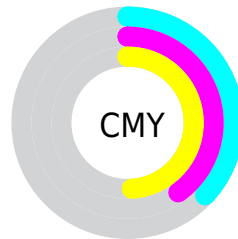


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (5%)

Yellow (19%)

Black (37%)



Cyan (37%)

Magenta (40%)

Yellow (49%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 63, 13.207, 94.390 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 63, 13.207, 94.390 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 63, 13.207, 94.390

■ 63, 13.207, 94.390

■ 100, 13.207,
94.390

■ 53, 13.207, 94.390

■ 83, 13.207, 94.390

■ 43, 13.207, 94.390

■ 93, 13.207, 94.390

■ 33, 13.207, 94.390

■ 23, 13.207, 94.390

■ 13, 13.207, 94.390

■ 3, 13.207, 94.390

■ 0, 13.207, 94.390

■ 63, 13.207, 94.390

■ 63, 13.207, 94.390

■ 62, 20.139, 93.167

■ 64, 6.342, 95.583

60, 27.094, 91.902

66, 0.439, 277.135

59, 33.994, 90.606

68, 7.128, 277.902

57, 40.698, 89.278

69, 13.723,
278.956

56, 46.959, 87.902

71, 20.227,
279.969

55, 52.381, 86.446

54, 56.413, 84.837

72, 26.643,
280.934

53, 58.950, 83.049

74, 32.976,
281.850

53, 59.116, 82.938

76, 38.042,
282.196

77, 35.986,
279.215

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63, 13.207, 94.390



57, 13.358, 279.256

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63, 13.207, 94.390



63, 13.207, 144.390



63, 13.207, 274.390



63, 13.207, 324.390

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63, 13.208, 94.398



83, 5.037, 95.949



57, 13.275, 0.225



43, 3.336, 95.883



92, 0.011, 296.813



44, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63, 13.208, 94.398



80, 19.543, 93.900



65, 17.359, 118.052



33, 3.791, 95.597



47, 54.394, 83.164



3, 4.764, 94.201

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



57, 13.358, 279.256



71, 19.814, 279.894



56, 18.056, 300.635



31, 3.817, 277.843



21, 69.462, 299.622



1, 5.020, 277.587

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 63, 13.207, 94.390 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

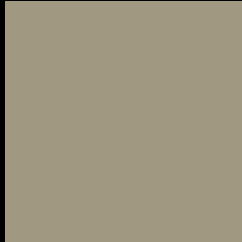
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 63, 13.207, 94.390 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

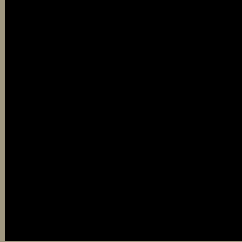
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

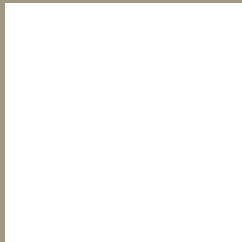
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 63, 13.207, 94.390

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 13.207, 94.390.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 13.207, 94.390.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


63, 13.207, 94.390

Protanopia

63, 13.207, 94.390

Deuteranopia

63, 15.080, 58.805



Tritanopia
63, 8.720, 335.424

Trichromacy



Original Color
63, 13.207, 94.390

Protanomaly
63, 13.207, 94.390

Deuteranomaly
63, 13.738, 69.876

Tritanomaly
63, 5.227, 32.071

Monochromacy



Original Color
63, 13.207, 94.390

Achromatopsia
63, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
63, 4.601, 94.811

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 63, 13.207, 94.390 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(160, 152, 129)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(160, 152, 129)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(160, 152, 129) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(160, 152, 129) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 63, 13.207, 94.390 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(160, 152, 129) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(160, 152, 129) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(160, 152, 129)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(160, 152, 129); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(160, 152, 129);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(160, 152,  
129) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 63, 13.207, 94.390 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(160, 152, 129) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(160,  
152, 129) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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