

Converting Colors

CIELCh(63, 14.231, 10.303)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(63, 14.231, 10.303) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(63, 14.106, 11.778)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B39094
RGB	179, 144, 148
RGB Percent	70%, 56%, 58%
CMY	0.2988, 0.4360, 0.4203
CMYK	0.00, 0.20, 0.17, 0.30
HSL	353°, 19%, 63%
HSV	353°, 20%, 70%
XYZ	33.8250, 31.5869, 32.2575
YIQ	154.9210, 19.5760, 8.6640

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

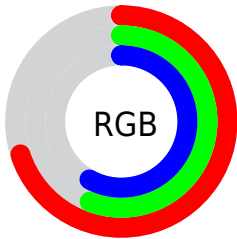
Format	Color
RYB	179, 144, 148
Decimal	11767956
CIELab	63.00, 13.81, 2.88
CIELCh	63, 14.106, 11.778
Yxy	31.5869, 0.3463, 0.3234
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289958036 (0xFFB39094)
YUV	154.9210, -3.4121, 21.1173
Hunter-Lab	56.2022, 9.0754, 5.3119

Details

The CIELCh color **63, 14.106, 11.778** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **70, 12.777, 188.489**, and the grayscale version is **64, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **83, 14.006, 11.876**, and **43, 14.441, 11.942** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **58, 21.945, 13.033**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **68, 6.684, 10.735**.

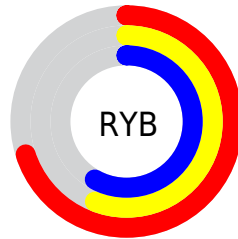
Distribution



Red (70%)

Green (56%)

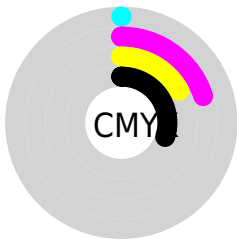
Blue (58%)



Red (70%)

Yellow (56%)

Blue (58%)

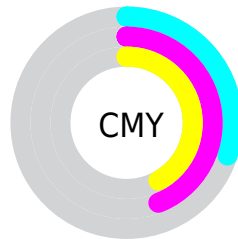


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (20%)

Yellow (17%)

Black (30%)



Cyan (30%)

Magenta (44%)

Yellow (42%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 63, 14.106, 11.778 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 63, 14.106, 11.778 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

63, 14.106, 11.778

63, 14.106, 11.778

100, 14.106,
11.778

53, 14.106, 11.778

83, 14.106, 11.778

43, 14.106, 11.778

93, 14.106, 11.778

33, 14.106, 11.778

23, 14.106, 11.778

13, 14.106, 11.778

3, 14.106, 11.778

0, 14.106, 11.778

63, 14.106, 11.778

63, 14.106, 11.778

58, 21.945, 13.033

68, 6.684, 10.735

54, 30.132, 14.574

73, 0.291, 191.651

49, 38.522, 16.512

78, 6.830, 189.328

45, 46.893, 18.970

83, 12.959,
188.685

42, 54.966, 22.078

89, 18.714,
188.145

40, 62.468, 25.914

38, 69.176, 30.379

94, 24.132,
187.674

37, 74.982, 34.813

95, 24.322,
197.918

37, 75.223, 34.973

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63, 14.106, 11.778



70, 12.777, 188.489

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63, 14.106, 11.778



63, 14.106, 61.778



63, 14.106, 191.778



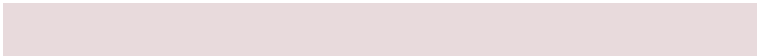
63, 14.106, 241.778

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63, 14.104, 11.784



88, 5.126, 10.384



64, 22.679, 322.157



47, 3.434, 10.450



96, 0.011, 296.813



49, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63, 14.104, 11.784



78, 20.729, 12.233



66, 11.449, 59.984



35, 3.949, 10.710



31, 66.599, 34.361



2, 9.246, 12.108

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



63, 14.104, 11.784



78, 20.729, 12.233



67, 10.482, 244.189



35, 3.949, 10.710



31, 66.599, 34.361



2, 9.246, 12.108

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 63, 14.106, 11.778 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 63, 14.106, 11.778 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

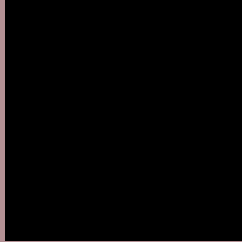
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 63, 14.106, 11.778

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 14.106, 11.778.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 14.106, 11.778.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

63, 14.106, 11.778

Protanopia

63, 1.158, 19.125

Deuteranopia

63, 8.345, 23.958



Tritanopia
63, 15.742, 358.212

Trichromacy



Original Color
63, 14.106, 11.778

Protanomaly
63, 5.904, 14.496

Deuteranomaly
63, 10.752, 17.469

Tritanomaly
63, 15.411, 2.089

Monochromacy



Original Color
63, 14.106, 11.778

Achromatopsia
64, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
64, 5.102, 13.556

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 63, 14.106, 11.778 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(179, 144, 148)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(179, 144, 148)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(179, 144, 148) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(179, 144, 148) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 63, 14.106, 11.778 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(179, 144, 148) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(179, 144, 148) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(179, 144, 148)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(179, 144, 148); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(179, 144, 148);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(179, 144,  
148) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 63, 14.106, 11.778 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(179, 144, 148) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(179,  
144, 148) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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