

Converting Colors

CIELCh(63, 14.482, 265.550)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(63, 14.482, 265.550)
contains.

CIELCh(63, 14.630, 266.256)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(63, 14.630, 266.256)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	889AB2
RGB	136, 154, 178
RGB Percent	53%, 60%, 70%
CMY	0.4664, 0.3958, 0.3017
CMYK	0.24, 0.13, 0.00, 0.30
HSL	214°, 21%, 62%
HSV	214°, 24%, 70%
XYZ	29.7704, 31.5869, 46.6792
YIQ	151.3540, -18.4320, 3.6480

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

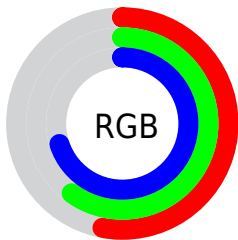
Format	Color
R _Y B	136, 149, 178
Decimal	8952498
CIE Lab	63.00, -0.96, -14.60
CIE LCh	63, 14.630, 266.256
Yxy	31.5869, 0.2756, 0.2924
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287142578 (0xFF889AB2)
YUV	151.3540, 13.1365, -13.4655
Hunter-Lab	56.2022, -3.8021, -9.9022

Details

The CIELCh color $63, 14.630, 266.256$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $67, 15.160, 79.713$, and the grayscale version is $63, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $83, 14.864, 267.334$, and $43, 14.510, 265.556$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $59, 20.837, 268.180$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $67, 8.422, 264.622$.

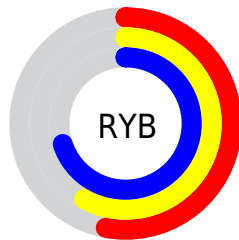
Distribution



Red (53%)

Green (60%)

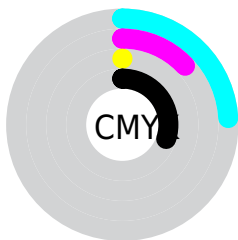
Blue (70%)



Red (53%)

Yellow (58%)

Blue (70%)

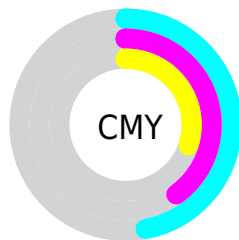


Cyan (24%)

Magenta (13%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (30%)



Cyan (47%)


Magenta (40%)


Yellow (30%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 63, 14.630, 266.256 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 63, 14.630, 266.256 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 63, 14.630,
266.256


 63, 14.630,
266.256


 100, 14.630,
266.256


 53, 14.630,
266.256


 83, 14.630,
266.256

 43, 14.630,
266.256

 93, 14.630,
266.256

 33, 14.630,
266.256

 23, 14.630,
266.256

 13, 14.630,
266.256

 3, 14.630, 266.256

 0, 14.630, 266.256

■ 63, 14.630,
266.256

■ 63, 14.630,
266.256

■ 59, 20.837,
268.180

■ 67, 8.422, 264.622

■ 55, 27.043,
270.450

■ 71, 2.225, 263.313

■ 75, 3.948, 81.909

■ 51, 33.252,
273.109

■ 79, 10.087, 80.914

■ 47, 39.489,
276.192

■ 83, 16.181, 80.021

■ 87, 22.221, 79.236

■ 44, 45.797,
279.697

■ 91, 27.100, 82.669

■ 40, 52.231,
283.565

■ 94, 30.343, 93.231

■ 37, 58.833,
287.659

■ 96, 34.397,
101.417

■ 35, 63.172,

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63, 14.630, 266.256



67, 15.160, 79.713

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63, 14.630, 266.256



63, 14.630, 316.256



63, 14.630, 86.256



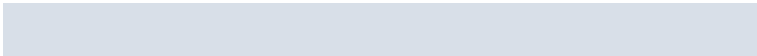
63, 14.630, 136.256

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63, 14.629, 266.252



88, 5.380, 263.721



69, 18.515, 165.248



47, 3.524, 263.797



96, 0.011, 296.813



49, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63, 14.629, 266.252



78, 21.541, 267.156



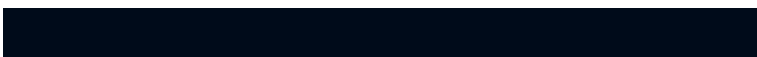
58, 23.941, 295.190



36, 3.517, 264.012



30, 55.779, 289.664



3, 9.362, 271.264

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



61, 19.212, 349.919



75, 28.404, 350.480



71, 22.675, 110.787



35, 4.541, 348.453



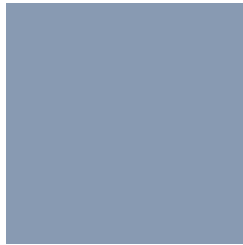
32, 57.679, 8.087



2, 10.219, 353.802

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 63, 14.630, 266.256 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 63, 14.630, 266.256 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

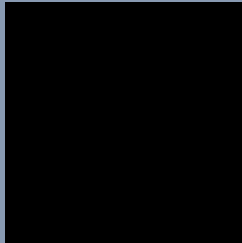
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

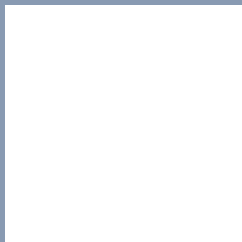
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 63, 14.630, 266.256

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 14.630, 266.256.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 14.630, 266.256.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

63, 14.630, 266.256

Protanopia

63, 14.015, 287.302

Deuteranopia

63, 16.941, 298.033



Tritanopia
63, 10.179, 240.322

Trichromacy



Original Color
63, 14.630, 266.256

Protanomaly
63, 14.203, 280.184

Deuteranomaly
63, 15.706, 286.698

Tritanomaly
63, 11.673, 253.877

Monochromacy



Original Color
63, 14.630, 266.256

Achromatopsia
62, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
63, 5.472, 266.680

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 63, 14.630, 266.256 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(136, 154, 178)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(136, 154, 178)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(136, 154, 178) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(136, 154, 178) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 63, 14.630, 266.256 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(136, 154, 178) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(136, 154, 178) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(136, 154, 178)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(136, 154, 178); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(136, 154, 178);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(136, 154,  
178) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 63, 14.630, 266.256 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(136, 154, 178) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(136,  
154, 178) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor