

Converting Colors

CIELCh(63, 15.340, 347.361)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(63, 15.340, 347.361)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(63, 14.942, 346.961)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B0909F
RGB	176, 144, 159
RGB Percent	69%, 56%, 62%
CMY	0.3106, 0.4361, 0.3773
CMYK	0.00, 0.18, 0.10, 0.31
HSL	332°, 17%, 63%
HSV	332°, 18%, 69%
XYZ	34.0396, 31.5869, 37.0102
YIQ	155.2780, 14.2570, 11.4490

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

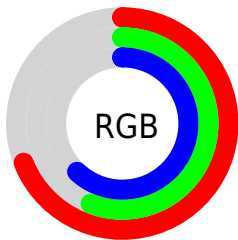
Format	Color
R_{YB}	176, 144, 159
Decimal	11571359
CIE _{Lab}	63.00, 14.56, -3.37
CIE _{LCh}	63, 14.942, 346.961
Yxy	31.5869, 0.3317, 0.3078
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289761439 (0xFFB0909F)
YUV	155.2780, 1.8349, 18.1732
Hunter-Lab	56.2022, 9.7570, 0.2980

Details

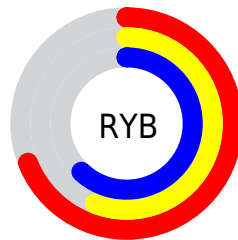
The CIELCh color $63, 14.942, 346.961$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CC9999`. A complement of this color would be $69, 14.555, 163.795$, and the grayscale version is $64, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $83, 15.040, 346.536$, and $43, 15.322, 345.731$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $58, 23.342, 348.016$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $68, 6.650, 346.006$.

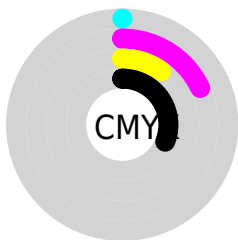
Distribution



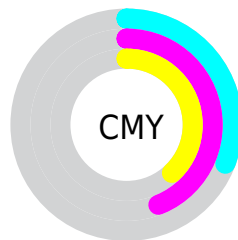
- Red (69%)
- Green (56%)
- Blue (62%)



- Red (69%)
- Yellow (56%)
- Blue (62%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Black (31%)





- Cyan (31%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (38%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 63, 14.942, 346.961 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 63, 14.942, 346.961 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 63, 14.942,
346.961


 63, 14.942,
346.961


 100, 14.942,
346.961


 53, 14.942,
346.961


 83, 14.942,
346.961

 43, 14.942,
346.961

 93, 14.942,
346.961

 33, 14.942,
346.961

 23, 14.942,
346.961

 13, 14.942,
346.961

 3, 14.942, 346.961

 0, 14.942, 346.961

63, 14.942,
346.961

63, 14.942,
346.961

58, 23.342,
348.016

68, 6.650, 346.006

54, 31.695,
349.213

73, 1.434, 165.493

50, 39.759,
350.609

78, 9.261, 164.512

46, 47.199,
352.276

83, 16.811,
163.800

43, 53.608,
354.318

88, 24.082,
163.156

41, 58.582,
356.872

93, 31.085,
162.562

39, 61.851, 0.102

94, 31.305,
166.989

38, 63.604, 4.077

95, 28.709,
174.893

■ 38, 63.906, 4.813

■ 95, 26.690,
184.130

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63, 14.942, 346.961



69, 14.555, 163.795

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63, 14.942, 346.961



63, 14.942, 36.961



63, 14.942, 166.961



63, 14.942, 216.961

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63, 14.940, 346.964



88, 5.018, 345.702



62, 19.042, 310.464



46, 3.423, 345.771



96, 0.011, 296.813



48, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63, 14.940, 346.964



78, 22.526, 347.390



63, 12.639, 21.950



34, 4.548, 346.109



32, 57.012, 4.187



2, 8.980, 350.482

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



63, 14.940, 346.964



78, 22.526, 347.390



69, 11.232, 200.018



34, 4.548, 346.109



32, 57.012, 4.187



2, 8.980, 350.482

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 63, 14.942, 346.961 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

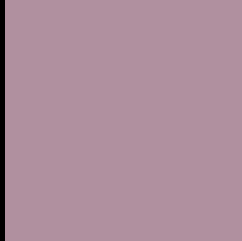
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 63, 14.942, 346.961 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

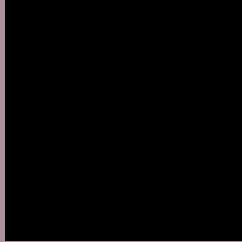
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 63, 14.942, 346.961

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 14.942, 346.961.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 14.942, 346.961.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
63, 14.942, 346.961

Protanopia
63, 6.715, 290.911

Deuteranopia
63, 8.630, 339.925



Tritanopia
63, 13.801, 351.869

Trichromacy



Original Color
63, 14.942, 346.961

Protanomaly
63, 8.624, 322.727

Deuteranomaly
63, 11.144, 343.584

Tritanomaly
63, 14.057, 349.852

Monochromacy



Original Color
63, 14.942, 346.961

Achromatopsia
64, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
64, 5.425, 348.972

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 63, 14.942, 346.961 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(176, 144, 159)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(176, 144, 159)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(176, 144, 159) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(176, 144, 159) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 63, 14.942, 346.961 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(176, 144, 159) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(176, 144, 159) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(176, 144, 159)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(176, 144, 159); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(176, 144, 159);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(176, 144,  
159) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 63, 14.942, 346.961 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(176, 144, 159) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(176,  
144, 159) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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