

Converting Colors

CIELCh(63, 15.354, 211.354)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(63, 15.354, 211.354)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(63, 15.487, 210.752)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	74A0A6
RGB	116, 160, 166
RGB Percent	45%, 63%, 65%
CMY	0.5453, 0.3727, 0.3492
CMYK	0.30, 0.04, 0.00, 0.35
HSL	187°, 22%, 55%
HSV	187°, 30%, 65%
XYZ	26.6379, 31.5869, 40.7469
YIQ	147.5280, -28.1500, -7.4620

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

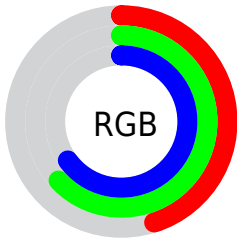
Format	Color
RYB	116, 139, 166
Decimal	7643302
CIELab	63.00, -13.31, -7.92
CIElCh	63, 15.487, 210.752
Yxy	31.5869, 0.2691, 0.3192
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285833382 (0xFF74A0A6)
YUV	147.5280, 9.1067, -27.6501
Hunter-Lab	56.2022, -13.7512, -3.6440

Details

The CIELCh color `63, 15.487, 210.752` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `669999`. A complement of this color would be `55, 19.116, 31.583`, and the grayscale version is `61, 0.008, 296.813`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `83, 15.672, 210.129`, and `43, 15.446, 211.397` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `62, 19.774, 211.029`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `65, 10.717, 210.625`.

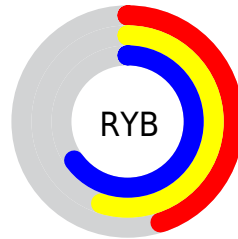
Distribution



Red (45%)

Green (63%)

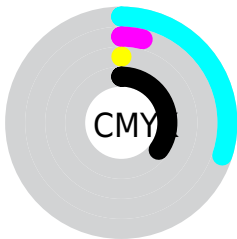
Blue (65%)



Red (45%)

Yellow (55%)

Blue (65%)

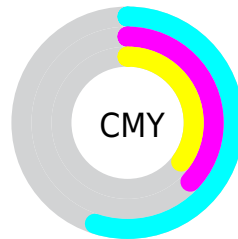


Cyan (30%)

Magenta (4%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (35%)



Cyan (55%)


Magenta (37%)


Yellow (35%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 63, 15.487, 210.752 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 63, 15.487, 210.752 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 63, 15.487,
210.752


 63, 15.487,
210.752


 100, 15.487,
210.752


 53, 15.487,
210.752


 83, 15.487,
210.752

 43, 15.487,
210.752

 93, 15.487,
210.752

 33, 15.487,
210.752

 23, 15.487,
210.752

 13, 15.487,
210.752

 3, 15.487, 210.752

 0, 15.487, 210.752

■ 63, 15.487,
210.752

■ 63, 15.487,
210.752

■ 62, 19.774,
211.029

■ 65, 10.717,
210.625

■ 60, 23.490,
211.500

■ 66, 5.551, 210.652

■ 68, 0.072, 217.330

■ 59, 26.560,
212.200

■ 70, 5.648, 30.714

■ 58, 28.927,
213.174

■ 72, 11.545, 30.969

■ 57, 30.570,
214.470

■ 74, 17.566, 31.237

■ 76, 23.670, 31.528

■ 56, 31.517,
216.133

■ 78, 29.822, 31.836

■ 55, 31.959,
218.083

■ 80, 31.820, 33.172

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63, 15.487, 210.752



55, 19.116, 31.583

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63, 15.487, 210.752



63, 15.487, 260.752



63, 15.487, 30.752



63, 15.487, 80.752

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63, 15.487, 210.748



85, 6.146, 210.665



64, 31.312, 145.634



45, 4.289, 210.647



94, 0.011, 296.813



46, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63, 15.487, 210.748



79, 22.390, 210.912



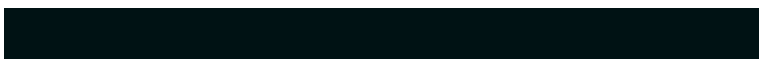
56, 18.607, 271.583



35, 3.145, 210.663



50, 29.386, 217.850



4, 5.700, 215.204

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



55, 31.284, 329.638



68, 46.272, 330.028



62, 19.104, 83.047



33, 5.920, 328.393



34, 70.197, 333.560



2, 10.428, 329.240

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 63, 15.487, 210.752 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 63, 15.487, 210.752 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

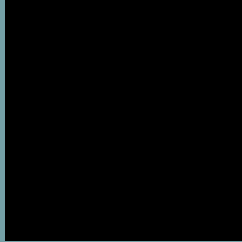
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 63, 15.487, 210.752

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 15.487, 210.752.

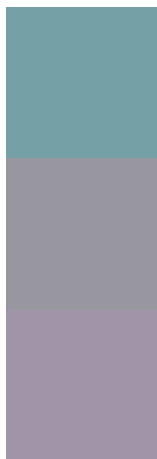


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 15.487, 210.752.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


63, 15.487, 210.752

Protanopia

63, 5.063, 294.995

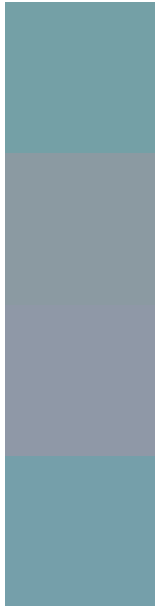
Deuteranopia

63, 11.988, 311.294



Tritanopia
63, 15.801, 225.914

Trichromacy



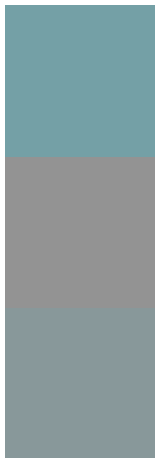
Original Color
63, 15.487, 210.752

Protanomaly
63, 7.005, 238.934

Deuteranomaly
63, 8.944, 269.622

Tritanomaly
63, 15.445, 221.928

Monochromacy



Original Color
63, 15.487, 210.752

Achromatopsia
61, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
62, 6.047, 209.677

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 63, 15.487, 210.752 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(116, 160, 166)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(116, 160, 166)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(116, 160, 166) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(116, 160, 166) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 63, 15.487, 210.752 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(116, 160, 166) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(116, 160, 166) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(116, 160, 166)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(116, 160, 166); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(116, 160, 166);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(116, 160,  
166) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 63, 15.487, 210.752 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(116, 160, 166) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(116,  
160, 166) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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