

Converting Colors

CIELCh(63, 16.613, 202.903)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(63, 16.613, 202.903)
contains.

CIELCh(63, 16.660, 201.866)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(63, 16.660, 201.866)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	71A1A3
RGB	113, 161, 163
RGB Percent	44%, 63%, 64%
CMY	0.5573, 0.3691, 0.3613
CMYK	0.31, 0.01, 0.00, 0.36
HSL	182°, 21%, 54%
HSV	182°, 31%, 64%
XYZ	26.1157, 31.5869, 39.3104
YIQ	146.8760, -29.2500, -9.5540

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

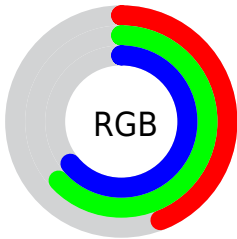
Format	Color
RYB	113, 137, 163
Decimal	7446947
CIELab	63.00, -15.46, -6.20
CIElCh	63, 16.660, 201.866
Yxy	31.5869, 0.2692, 0.3256
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285637027 (0xFF71A1A3)
YUV	146.8760, 7.9491, -29.7093
Hunter-Lab	56.2022, -15.4096, -2.1285

Details

The CIELCh color **63, 16.660, 201.866** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **669999**. A complement of this color would be **53, 20.565, 24.921**, and the grayscale version is **61, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **83, 16.826, 201.884**, and **43, 16.608, 201.730** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **62, 21.164, 201.663**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **64, 11.639, 202.148**.

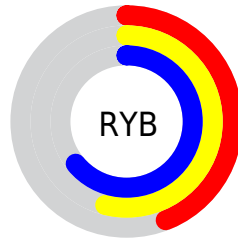
Distribution



Red (44%)

Green (63%)

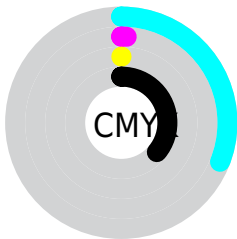
Blue (64%)



Red (44%)

Yellow (54%)

Blue (64%)

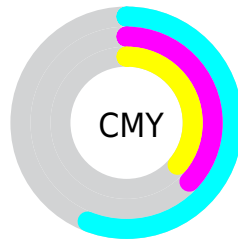


Cyan (31%)

Magenta (1%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (36%)



Cyan (56%)


Magenta (37%)


Yellow (36%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 63, 16.660, 201.866 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 63, 16.660, 201.866 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 63, 16.660,
201.866


 63, 16.660,
201.866


 100, 16.660,
201.866


 53, 16.660,
201.866


 83, 16.660,
201.866

 43, 16.660,
201.866

 93, 16.660,
201.866

 33, 16.660,
201.866

 23, 16.660,
201.866

 13, 16.660,
201.866

 3, 16.660, 201.866

 0, 16.660, 201.866

■ 63, 16.660,
201.866

■ 63, 16.660,
201.866

■ 62, 21.164,
201.663

■ 64, 11.639,
202.148

■ 61, 25.060,
201.562

■ 65, 6.193, 202.525

■ 60, 28.273,
201.571

■ 67, 0.412, 204.001

■ 68, 5.622, 23.198

■ 60, 30.751,
201.703

■ 70, 11.837, 23.713

■ 59, 32.479,
201.969

■ 72, 18.173, 24.222

■ 74, 24.582, 24.739

■ 59, 33.485,
202.376

■ 75, 31.025, 25.262

■ 59, 33.958,
202.853

■ 77, 35.646, 25.787

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63, 16.660, 201.866



53, 20.565, 24.921

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63, 16.660, 201.866



63, 16.660, 251.866



63, 16.660, 21.866



63, 16.660, 71.866

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63, 16.660, 201.862



83, 6.475, 202.595



62, 33.289, 143.215



44, 4.519, 202.531



93, 0.011, 296.813



45, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63, 16.660, 201.862



79, 24.143, 201.713



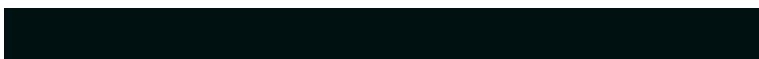
56, 16.971, 263.741



34, 3.293, 202.590



53, 31.254, 202.788



4, 5.186, 204.069

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



54, 33.139, 327.198



66, 49.196, 327.569



60, 18.130, 75.079



32, 6.099, 326.010



34, 73.721, 329.855



2, 9.360, 325.887

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 63, 16.660, 201.866 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

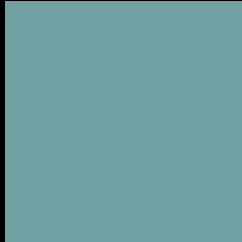
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 63, 16.660, 201.866 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

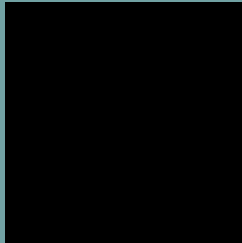
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

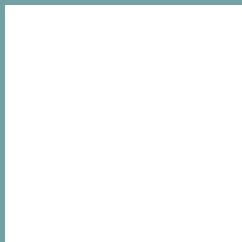
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 63, 16.660, 201.866

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 16.660, 201.866.

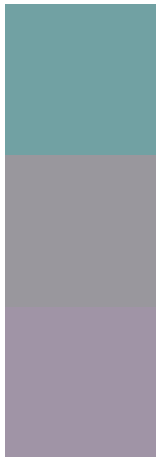


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 16.660, 201.866.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
63, 16.660, 201.866

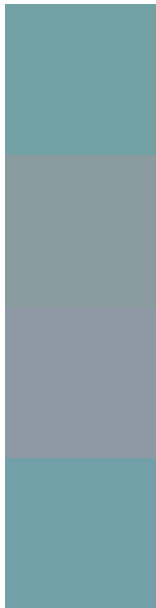
Protanopia
63, 3.460, 303.236

Deuteranopia
63, 11.095, 315.099



Tritanopia
63, 16.342, 224.890

Trichromacy



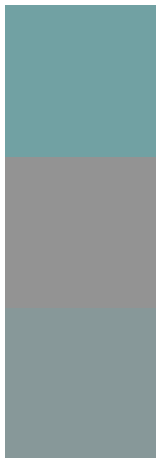
Original Color
63, 16.660, 201.866

Protanomaly
63, 6.612, 218.788

Deuteranomaly
63, 7.572, 262.011

Tritanomaly
63, 16.317, 216.247

Monochromacy



Original Color
63, 16.660, 201.866

Achromatopsia
61, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
62, 6.359, 203.978

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 63, 16.660, 201.866 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(113, 161, 163)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(113, 161, 163)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(113, 161, 163) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(113, 161, 163) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 63, 16.660, 201.866 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(113, 161, 163) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(113, 161, 163) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(113, 161, 163)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(113, 161, 163); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(113, 161, 163);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(113, 161,  
163) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 63, 16.660, 201.866 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(113, 161, 163) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(113,  
161, 163) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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