

Converting Colors

CIELCh(63, 17.363, 54.156)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(63, 17.363, 54.156) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(63, 17.211, 53.572)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B39180
RGB	179, 145, 128
RGB Percent	70%, 57%, 50%
CMY	0.2963, 0.4297, 0.4964
CMYK	0.00, 0.19, 0.28, 0.30
HSL	20°, 25%, 60%
HSV	20°, 28%, 70%
XYZ	32.8076, 31.5869, 24.9331
YIQ	153.2280, 25.7210, 1.9210

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

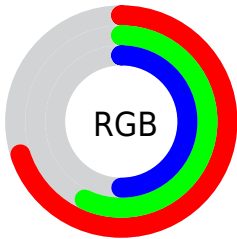
Format	Color
RYB	179, 154, 128
Decimal	11768192
CIELab	63.00, 10.22, 13.85
CIElCh	63, 17.211, 53.572
Yxy	31.5869, 0.3673, 0.3536
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289958272 (0xFFB39180)
YUV	153.2280, -12.4374, 22.6020
Hunter-Lab	56.2022, 5.8440, 13.0386

Details

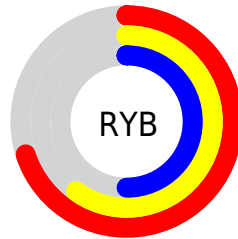
The CIELCh color $63, 17.211, 53.572$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CC9999`. A complement of this color would be $65, 14.729, 238.852$, and the grayscale version is $64, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $83, 16.998, 53.912$, and $43, 16.987, 54.695$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $60, 24.137, 52.966$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $66, 10.759, 54.258$.

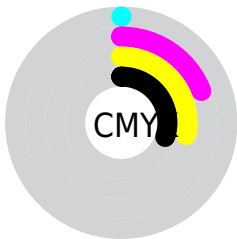
Distribution



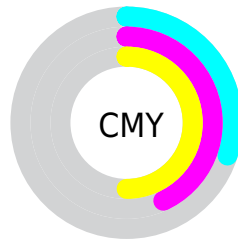
- Red (70%)
- Green (57%)
- Blue (50%)



- Red (70%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Blue (50%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (28%)
- Black (30%)



- Cyan (30%)
- Magenta (43%)
- Yellow (50%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 63, 17.211, 53.572 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 63, 17.211, 53.572 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 63, 17.211, 53.572

■ 63, 17.211, 53.572

■ 100, 17.211,
53.572

■ 53, 17.211, 53.572

■ 83, 17.211, 53.572

■ 43, 17.211, 53.572

■ 93, 17.211, 53.572

■ 33, 17.211, 53.572

■ 23, 17.211, 53.572

■ 13, 17.211, 53.572

■ 3, 17.211, 53.572

■ 0, 17.211, 53.572

■ 63, 17.211, 53.572

■ 63, 17.211, 53.572

■ 60, 24.137, 52.966

■ 66, 10.759, 54.258

56, 31.552, 52.435

70, 4.751, 54.952

53, 39.430, 51.994

74, 0.855, 236.355

50, 47.664, 51.615

77, 6.103, 236.708

47, 55.980, 51.206

81, 11.032,
237.488

45, 63.771, 50.519

85, 15.682,
238.288

43, 70.236, 49.309

88, 20.087,
239.084

43, 71.269, 49.206

92, 20.691,
218.713

95, 23.515,
200.382

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63, 17.211, 53.572



65, 14.729, 238.852

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63, 17.211, 53.572



63, 17.211, 103.572



63, 17.211, 233.572



63, 17.211, 283.572

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63, 17.210, 53.580



88, 6.261, 54.905



60, 27.183, 337.770



47, 4.409, 54.807



96, 0.011, 296.813



49, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63, 17.210, 53.580



77, 25.939, 53.195



70, 23.345, 99.155



36, 3.185, 54.894



36, 63.075, 49.659



4, 7.572, 46.316

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



65, 14.729, 238.852



80, 21.352, 239.815



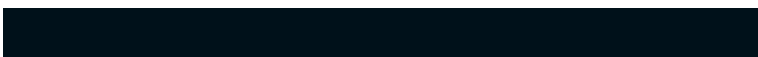
58, 24.292, 286.155



36, 3.044, 236.607



41, 35.087, 261.253



4, 7.724, 248.717

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 63, 17.211, 53.572 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

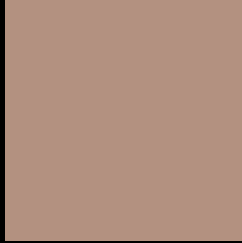
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 63, 17.211, 53.572 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

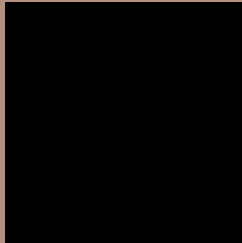
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 63, 17.211, 53.572

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 17.211, 53.572.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 17.211, 53.572.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

63, 17.211, 53.572

Protanopia

63, 11.593, 92.634

Deuteranopia

63, 16.180, 60.703



Tritanopia
63, 16.872, 359.965

Trichromacy



Original Color
63, 17.211, 53.572

Protanomaly
63, 12.710, 75.673

Deuteranomaly
63, 16.490, 57.458

Tritanomaly
63, 15.311, 18.845

Monochromacy



Original Color
63, 17.211, 53.572

Achromatopsia
64, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
63, 5.801, 54.776

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 63, 17.211, 53.572 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(179, 145, 128)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(179, 145, 128)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(179, 145, 128) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(179, 145, 128) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 63, 17.211, 53.572 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(179, 145, 128) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(179, 145, 128) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(179, 145, 128)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(179, 145, 128); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(179, 145, 128);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(179, 145,  
128) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 63, 17.211, 53.572 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(179, 145, 128) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(179,  
145, 128) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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