

Converting Colors

CIELCh(63, 19.092, 326.282)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(63, 19.092, 326.282)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(63, 19.092, 326.282)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AD90AC
RGB	173, 144, 172
RGB Percent	68%, 56%, 67%
CMY	0.3235, 0.4372, 0.3274
CMYK	0.00, 0.17, 0.01, 0.32
HSL	302°, 15%, 62%
HSV	302°, 17%, 68%
XYZ	34.4217, 31.5869, 43.0618
YIQ	155.8630, 8.2960, 14.8560

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

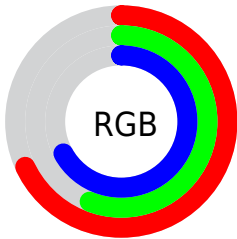
Format	Color
RYB	173, 144, 172
Decimal	11374764
CIELab	63.00, 15.88, -10.60
CIElCh	63, 19.092, 326.282
Yxy	31.5869, 0.3156, 0.2896
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289564844 (0xFFAD90AC)
YUV	155.8630, 7.9555, 15.0291
Hunter-Lab	56.2022, 10.9705, -6.0861

Details

The CIELCh color $63, 19.092, 326.282$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CC99CC`. A complement of this color would be $68, 19.069, 144.339$, and the grayscale version is $64, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $83, 18.952, 326.976$, and $43, 19.466, 325.607$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $59, 30.472, 326.834$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $67, 7.689, 325.714$.

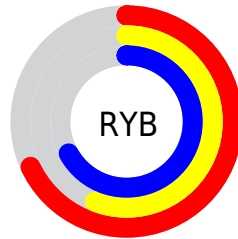
Distribution



Red (68%)

Green (56%)

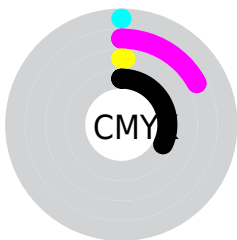
Blue (67%)



Red (68%)

Yellow (56%)

Blue (67%)

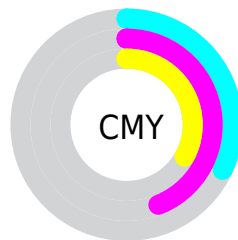


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (17%)

Yellow (1%)

Black (32%)



Cyan (32%)


Magenta (44%)


Yellow (33%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 63, 19.092, 326.282 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 63, 19.092, 326.282 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 63, 19.092,
326.282


 63, 19.092,
326.282


 100, 19.092,
326.282


 53, 19.092,
326.282


 83, 19.092,
326.282

 43, 19.092,
326.282

 93, 19.092,
326.282

 33, 19.092,
326.282

 23, 19.092,
326.282

 13, 19.092,
326.282

 3, 19.092, 326.282

 0, 19.092, 326.282

63, 19.092,
326.282

63, 19.092,
326.282

59, 30.472,
326.834

67, 7.689, 325.714

55, 41.611,
327.368

72, 3.575, 145.268

51, 52.200,
327.874

77, 14.607,
144.688

48, 61.850,
328.338

81, 25.348,
144.171

45, 70.125,
328.746

86, 35.770,
143.681

43, 76.607,
329.090

91, 45.864,
143.217


42, 81.008,
329.365


93, 50.291,
143.116

41, 83.354,

93, 50.045,
143.312

329.579

 93, 49.798,
143.510

 41, 83.934,
329.642

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63, 19.092, 326.282



68, 19.069, 144.339

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63, 19.092, 326.282



63, 19.092, 16.282



63, 19.092, 146.282



63, 19.092, 196.282

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63, 19.090, 326.282



86, 6.996, 325.610



61, 16.373, 293.199



45, 4.769, 325.652



95, 0.011, 296.813



47, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63, 19.090, 326.282



78, 28.170, 326.480



63, 13.545, 346.942



34, 6.438, 325.860



35, 75.919, 329.626



2, 13.387, 325.820

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



63, 19.090, 326.282



78, 28.170, 326.480



68, 13.219, 164.046



34, 6.438, 325.860



35, 75.919, 329.626



2, 13.387, 325.820

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 63, 19.092, 326.282 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

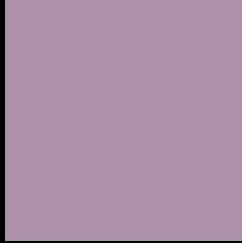
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 63, 19.092, 326.282 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

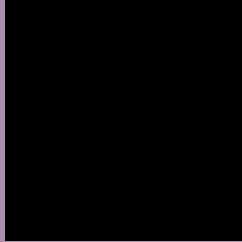
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 63, 19.092, 326.282

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 19.092, 326.282.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 19.092, 326.282.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

63, 19.092, 326.282

Protanopia

63, 14.572, 287.540

Deuteranopia

63, 12.914, 308.064



Tritanopia
63, 11.154, 347.161

Trichromacy



Original Color
63, 19.092, 326.282

Protanomaly
63, 15.543, 303.932

Deuteranomaly
63, 14.916, 316.569

Tritanomaly
63, 13.785, 337.282

Monochromacy



Original Color
63, 19.092, 326.282

Achromatopsia
64, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
64, 6.794, 324.743

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 63, 19.092, 326.282 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(173, 144, 172)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(173, 144, 172)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(173, 144, 172) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(173, 144, 172) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 63, 19.092, 326.282 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(173, 144, 172) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(173, 144, 172) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(173, 144, 172)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(173, 144, 172); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(173, 144, 172);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(173, 144,  
172) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 63, 19.092, 326.282 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(173, 144, 172) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(173,  
144, 172) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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