

Converting Colors

CIELCh(63, 2.562, 173.498)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(63, 2.562, 173.498) contains.

CIELCh(63, 2.562, 173.498)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(63, 2.562, 173.498)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	949A98
RGB	148, 154, 152
RGB Percent	58%, 60%, 60%
CMY	0.4204, 0.3968, 0.4047
CMYK	0.04, 0.00, 0.01, 0.40
HSL	160°, 3%, 59%
HSV	160°, 4%, 60%
XYZ	29.3541, 31.5869, 34.1735
YIQ	151.9780, -2.9340, -1.8940

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

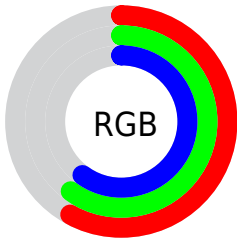
Format	Color
RYB	148, 152, 154
Decimal	9738904
CIELab	63.00, -2.55, 0.29
CIELCh	63, 2.562, 173.498
Yxy	31.5869, 0.3086, 0.3321
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287928984 (0xFF949A98)
YUV	151.9780, 0.0108, -3.4887
Hunter-Lab	56.2022, -5.1243, 3.2906

Details

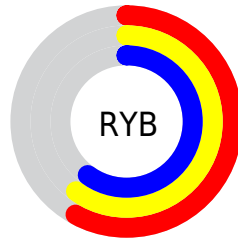
The CIELCh color $63, 2.562, 173.498$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $62, 2.595, 353.873$, and the grayscale version is $63, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $83, 2.422, 173.630$, and $43, 2.754, 173.301$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $62, 9.094, 172.451$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $64, 4.025, 354.093$.

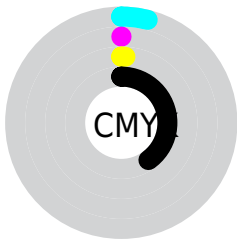
Distribution



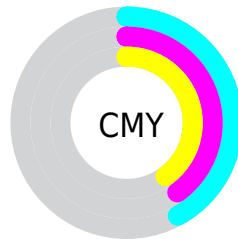
- Red (58%)
- Green (60%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (58%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (40%)



- Cyan (42%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (40%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 63, 2.562, 173.498 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 63, 2.562, 173.498 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 63, 2.562, 173.498

■ 63, 2.562, 173.498

■ 100, 2.562,
173.498

■ 53, 2.562, 173.498

■ 83, 2.562, 173.498

■ 43, 2.562, 173.498

■ 93, 2.562, 173.498

■ 33, 2.562, 173.498

■ 23, 2.562, 173.498

■ 13, 2.562, 173.498

■ 3, 2.562, 173.498

■ 0, 2.562, 173.498

■ 63, 2.562, 173.498

■ 63, 2.562, 173.498

■ 62, 9.094, 172.451

■ 64, 4.025, 354.093

61, 15.489,
171.440

66, 10.607,
354.960

60, 21.653,
170.351

68, 17.132,
355.737

59, 27.485,
169.159

69, 23.563,
356.468

58, 32.879,
167.841

71, 29.875,
357.163

57, 37.738,
166.373

73, 36.051,
357.826

57, 41.986,
164.733

75, 41.920,
358.330

56, 45.587,
162.901

75, 42.773,
354.851

56, 48.558,
160.874

75, 43.794,
351.536

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63, 2.562, 173.498



62, 2.595, 353.873

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63, 2.562, 173.498



63, 2.562, 223.498



63, 2.562, 353.498



63, 2.562, 43.498

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63, 2.564, 173.479



80, 0.807, 174.158



63, 3.683, 134.011



42, 0.457, 174.201



90, 0.011, 296.813



42, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63, 2.564, 173.479



79, 4.050, 173.337



63, 1.996, 214.082



32, 2.218, 173.289



51, 46.787, 159.830



3, 4.043, 172.941

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



62, 2.595, 353.873



77, 4.109, 354.017



62, 2.043, 33.635



31, 2.252, 354.066



29, 55.093, 16.644



1, 4.004, 354.044

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 63, 2.562, 173.498 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 63, 2.562, 173.498 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

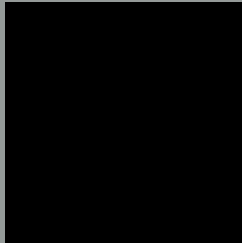
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

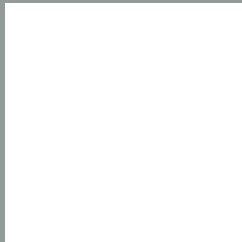
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 63, 2.562, 173.498

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 2.562, 173.498.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 2.562, 173.498.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

63, 2.562, 173.498

Protanopia

63, 1.279, 44.966

Deuteranopia

63, 8.498, 357.049



Tritanopia
63, 6.744, 284.597

Trichromacy



Original Color
63, 2.562, 173.498

Protanomaly
63, 1.178, 129.096

Deuteranomaly
63, 4.829, 352.241

Tritanomaly
63, 4.168, 269.551

Monochromacy



Original Color
63, 2.562, 173.498

Achromatopsia
63, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
63, 1.281, 173.818

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 63, 2.562, 173.498 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(148, 154, 152)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(148, 154, 152)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(148, 154, 152) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(148, 154, 152) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 63, 2.562, 173.498 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(148, 154, 152) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(148, 154, 152) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(148, 154, 152)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(148, 154, 152); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(148, 154, 152);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(148, 154,  
152) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 63, 2.562, 173.498 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(148, 154, 152) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(148,  
154, 152) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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