

Converting Colors

CIELCh(63, 20.169, 172.971)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(63, 20.169, 172.971)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(63, 20.169, 172.971)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	70A293
RGB	112, 162, 147
RGB Percent	44%, 64%, 58%
CMY	0.5591, 0.3630, 0.4219
CMYK	0.31, 0.00, 0.09, 0.36
HSL	162°, 21%, 54%
HSV	162°, 31%, 64%
XYZ	25.0329, 31.5869, 32.5568
YIQ	145.3400, -24.9850, -15.2650

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

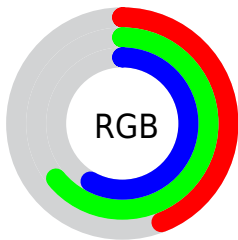
Format	Color
RYB	112, 141, 162
Decimal	7381651
CIELab	63.00, -20.02, 2.47
CIElCh	63, 20.169, 172.971
Yxy	31.5869, 0.2807, 0.3542
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285571731 (0xFF70A293)
YUV	145.3400, 0.8184, -29.2392
Hunter-Lab	56.2022, -18.8486, 4.9961

Details

The CIELCh color **63, 20.169, 172.971** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669999**. A complement of this color would be **53, 22.056, 359.297**, and the grayscale version is **60, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **83, 20.172, 173.126**, and **43, 19.840, 173.781** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **62, 26.181, 171.820**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **64, 13.823, 174.028**.

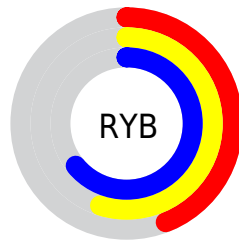
Distribution



Red (44%)

Green (64%)

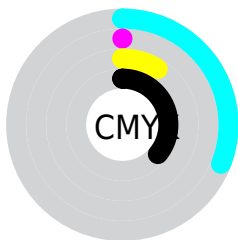
Blue (58%)



Red (44%)

Yellow (55%)

Blue (64%)

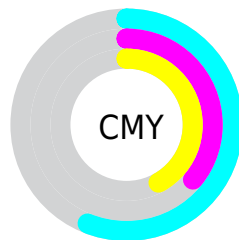


Cyan (31%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (9%)

Black (36%)



Cyan (56%)


Magenta (36%)


Yellow (42%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 63, 20.169, 172.971 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 63, 20.169, 172.971 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 63, 20.169,
172.971


 63, 20.169,
172.971


 100, 20.169,
172.971


 53, 20.169,
172.971


 83, 20.169,
172.971

 43, 20.169,
172.971

 93, 20.169,
172.971

 33, 20.169,
172.971

 23, 20.169,
172.971

 13, 20.169,
172.971

 3, 20.169, 172.971

 0, 20.169, 172.971

■ 63, 20.169,
172.971

■ 63, 20.169,
172.971

■ 62, 26.181,
171.820

■ 64, 13.823,
174.028

■ 61, 31.746,
170.559

■ 65, 7.245, 175.028

■ 67, 0.531, 176.651

■ 61, 36.763,
169.163

■ 68, 6.242, 356.667

■ 60, 41.147,
167.608

■ 70, 13.008,
357.510

■ 60, 44.851,
165.872

■ 71, 19.718,
358.289

■ 59, 47.877,
163.942

■ 73, 26.336,
359.028

■ 59, 50.237,
162.075

■ 75, 32.836,
359.733

■ 77, 37.946,
359.427

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63, 20.169, 172.971



53, 22.056, 359.297

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63, 20.169, 172.971



63, 20.169, 222.971



63, 20.169, 352.971



63, 20.169, 42.971

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63, 20.170, 172.969



83, 7.504, 175.189



63, 30.857, 133.776



44, 5.251, 175.050



93, 0.011, 296.813



45, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63, 20.170, 172.969



79, 29.662, 172.186



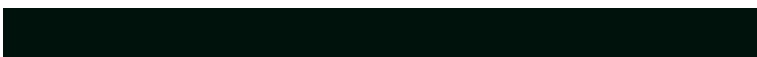
61, 14.889, 218.692



34, 3.816, 175.179



53, 46.145, 162.295



4, 6.189, 172.141

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



53, 22.056, 359.297



64, 33.131, 0.311



55, 18.398, 37.570



32, 3.918, 356.750



30, 57.329, 19.903



1, 5.902, 357.935

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 63, 20.169, 172.971 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 63, 20.169, 172.971 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

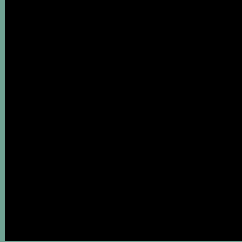
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 63, 20.169, 172.971

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 20.169, 172.971.

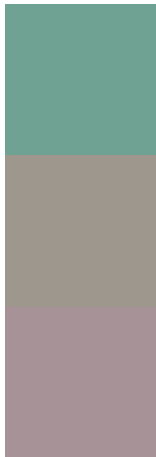


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 20.169, 172.971.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
63, 20.169, 172.971

Protanopia
63, 6.053, 86.356

Deuteranopia
63, 8.153, 4.320



Tritanopia
63, 15.530, 226.456

Trichromacy



Original Color
63, 20.169, 172.971

Protanomaly
63, 8.672, 148.089

Deuteranomaly
63, 2.863, 163.455

Tritanomaly
63, 15.412, 204.400

Monochromacy



Original Color
63, 20.169, 172.971

Achromatopsia
61, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
61, 7.427, 176.501

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 63, 20.169, 172.971 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(112, 162, 147)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(112, 162, 147)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(112, 162, 147) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(112, 162, 147) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 63, 20.169, 172.971 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(112, 162, 147) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(112, 162, 147) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(112, 162, 147)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(112, 162, 147); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(112, 162, 147);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(112, 162,  
147) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 63, 20.169, 172.971 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(112, 162, 147) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(112,  
162, 147) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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