

Converting Colors

CIELCh(63, 20.318, 96.289)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(63, 20.318, 96.289) contains.

CIELCh(63, 19.883, 95.800)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(63, 19.883, 95.800)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A29875
RGB	162, 152, 117
RGB Percent	64%, 60%, 46%
CMY	0.3633, 0.4025, 0.5398
CMYK	0.00, 0.06, 0.28, 0.36
HSL	47°, 20%, 55%
HSV	47°, 28%, 64%
XYZ	29.4941, 31.5869, 21.4791
YIQ	151.0000, 17.1950, -8.7650

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

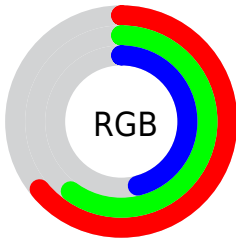
Format	Color
RYB	130, 162, 117
Decimal	10655861
CIELab	63.00, -2.01, 19.78
CIELCh	63, 19.883, 95.800
Yxy	31.5869, 0.3572, 0.3826
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288845941 (0xFFA29875)
YUV	151.0000, -16.7620, 9.6470
Hunter-Lab	56.2022, -4.6798, 16.6824

Details

The CIELCh color **63, 19.883, 95.800** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999966**. A complement of this color would be **54, 20.405, 282.859**, and the grayscale version is **63, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **83, 19.914, 95.967**, and **43, 20.081, 95.228** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **62, 27.103, 94.586**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **64, 12.665, 96.995**.

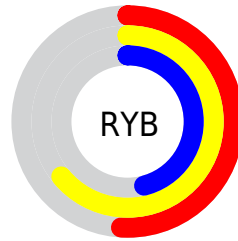
Distribution



Red (64%)

Green (60%)

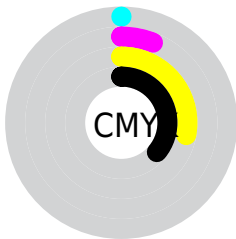
Blue (46%)



Red (51%)

Yellow (64%)

Blue (46%)

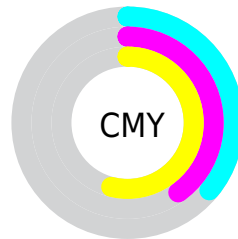


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (6%)

Yellow (28%)

Black (36%)



Cyan (36%)

Magenta (40%)

Yellow (54%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 63, 19.883, 95.800 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 63, 19.883, 95.800 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

63, 19.883, 95.800

63, 19.883, 95.800

100, 19.883,
95.800

53, 19.883, 95.800

83, 19.883, 95.800

43, 19.883, 95.800

93, 19.883, 95.800

33, 19.883, 95.800

23, 19.883, 95.800

13, 19.883, 95.800

3, 19.883, 95.800

0, 19.883, 95.800

63, 19.883, 95.800

63, 19.883, 95.800

62, 27.103, 94.586

64, 12.665, 96.995

60, 34.240, 93.342

66, 5.491, 98.140

59, 41.153, 92.077

67, 1.616, 279.378

58, 47.598, 90.786

69, 8.645, 280.383

57, 53.193, 89.451

70, 15.591,
281.408

56, 57.408, 88.025

71, 22.456,
282.390

55, 59.919, 86.460

73, 29.240,
283.324

55, 60.450, 86.109

75, 35.946,
284.211

76, 38.140,
283.388

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63, 19.883, 95.800



54, 20.405, 282.859

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63, 19.883, 95.800



63, 19.883, 145.800



63, 19.883, 275.800



63, 19.883, 325.800

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63, 19.884, 95.806



83, 7.055, 98.093



54, 19.324, 3.711



44, 5.059, 97.930



93, 0.011, 296.813



45, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63, 19.884, 95.806



79, 29.403, 95.090



65, 25.177, 118.878



34, 4.040, 97.968



49, 55.782, 86.289



4, 5.946, 95.644

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



54, 20.405, 282.859



66, 30.387, 283.899



52, 26.632, 302.483



32, 4.079, 280.160



20, 73.773, 301.129



1, 6.427, 280.326

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 63, 19.883, 95.800 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 63, 19.883, 95.800 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

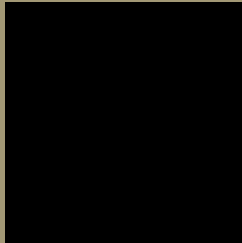
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 63, 19.883, 95.800

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 19.883, 95.800.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 19.883, 95.800.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


63, 19.883, 95.800

Protanopia

63, 19.980, 94.612

Deuteranopia

63, 20.780, 66.017



Tritanopia
63, 9.882, 341.965

Trichromacy



Original Color
63, 19.883, 95.800

Protanomaly
63, 19.980, 94.612

Deuteranomaly
63, 19.914, 76.123

Tritanomaly
63, 7.204, 47.452

Monochromacy



Original Color
63, 19.883, 95.800

Achromatopsia
62, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
62, 6.871, 96.021

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 63, 19.883, 95.800 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(162, 152, 117)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(162, 152, 117)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(162, 152, 117) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(162, 152, 117) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 63, 19.883, 95.800 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(162, 152, 117) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(162, 152, 117) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(162, 152, 117)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(162, 152, 117); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(162, 152, 117);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(162, 152,  
117) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 63, 19.883, 95.800 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(162, 152, 117) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(162,  
152, 117) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor