

Converting Colors

CIELCh(63, 20.464, 173.316)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(63, 20.464, 173.316)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(63, 20.448, 173.335)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	70A394
RGB	112, 163, 148
RGB Percent	44%, 64%, 58%
CMY	0.5624, 0.3624, 0.4212
CMYK	0.31, 0.00, 0.09, 0.36
HSL	162°, 22%, 54%
HSV	162°, 31%, 64%
XYZ	24.9645, 31.5869, 32.6261
YIQ	146.0410, -25.5810, -15.4770

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

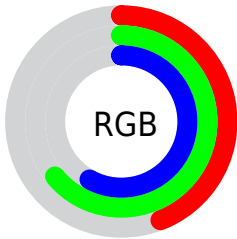
Format	Color
RYB	112, 142, 163
Decimal	7381908
CIELab	63.00, -20.31, 2.37
CIElCh	63, 20.448, 173.335
Yxy	31.5869, 0.2799, 0.3542
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285571988 (0xFF70A394)
YUV	146.0410, 0.9658, -29.8540
Hunter-Lab	56.2022, -19.0660, 4.9229

Details

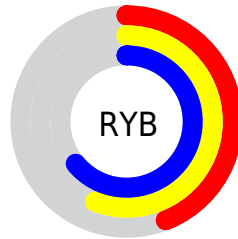
The CIELCh color **63, 20.448, 173.335** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669999**. A complement of this color would be **53, 22.448, 359.808**, and the grayscale version is **60, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **83, 20.451, 173.490**, and **43, 20.424, 172.633** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **62, 26.405, 172.182**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **64, 14.146, 174.394**.

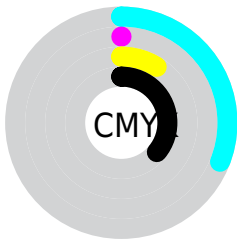
Distribution



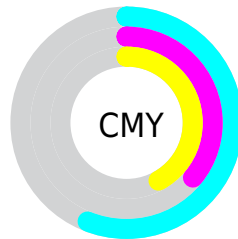
- Red (44%)
- Green (64%)
- Blue (58%)



- Red (44%)
- Yellow (56%)
- Blue (64%)



- Cyan (31%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Black (36%)





- Cyan (56%)
- Magenta (36%)
- Yellow (42%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 63, 20.448, 173.335 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 63, 20.448, 173.335 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 63, 20.448,
173.335


 63, 20.448,
173.335


 100, 20.448,
173.335


 53, 20.448,
173.335


 83, 20.448,
173.335

 43, 20.448,
173.335

 93, 20.448,
173.335

 33, 20.448,
173.335

 23, 20.448,
173.335

 13, 20.448,
173.335

 3, 20.448, 173.335

 0, 20.448, 173.335

■ 63, 20.448,
173.335

■ 63, 20.448,
173.335

■ 62, 26.405,
172.182

■ 64, 14.146,
174.394

■ 61, 31.907,
170.919

■ 65, 7.603, 175.395

■ 67, 0.914, 176.702

■ 61, 36.850,
169.522

■ 68, 5.841, 357.039

■ 60, 41.155,
167.966

■ 70, 12.596,
357.889

■ 60, 44.776,
166.230

■ 71, 19.301,
358.673

■ 59, 47.721,
164.301

■ 73, 25.918,
359.417

■ 59, 49.889,
162.559

■ 75, 32.422, 0.127

■ 77, 37.777, 0.026

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63, 20.448, 173.335



53, 22.448, 359.808

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63, 20.448, 173.335



63, 20.448, 223.335



63, 20.448, 353.335



63, 20.448, 43.335

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63, 20.449, 173.333



83, 7.477, 175.613



63, 31.603, 134.258



44, 5.232, 175.474



93, 0.011, 296.813



45, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63, 20.449, 173.333



79, 30.256, 172.497



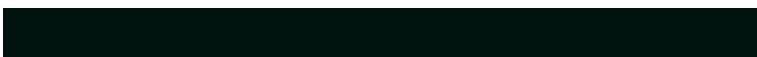
60, 15.024, 220.927



34, 3.803, 175.603



53, 45.798, 162.780



4, 6.166, 172.554

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



53, 22.448, 359.808



64, 33.991, 0.909



55, 18.604, 39.231



32, 3.906, 357.174



30, 57.484, 20.449



1, 5.886, 358.330

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 63, 20.448, 173.335 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

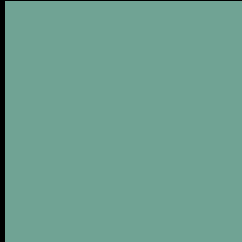
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 63, 20.448, 173.335 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

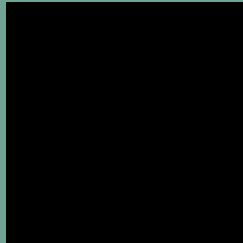
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 63, 20.448, 173.335

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 20.448, 173.335.

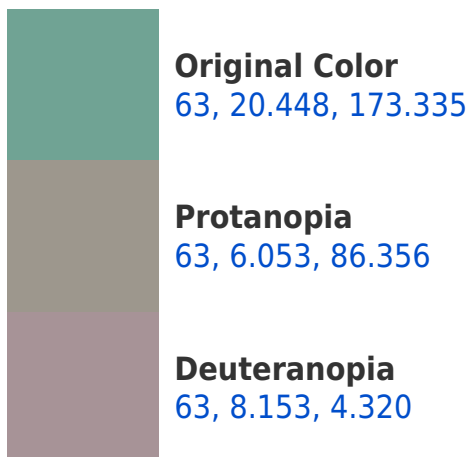



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 20.448, 173.335.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
63, 15.801, 225.914

Trichromacy



Original Color
63, 20.448, 173.335

Protanomaly
63, 8.921, 149.941

Deuteranomaly
63, 2.863, 163.455

Tritanomaly
63, 15.723, 204.249

Monochromacy



Original Color
63, 20.448, 173.335

Achromatopsia
61, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
61, 7.770, 177.486

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 63, 20.448, 173.335 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(112, 163, 148)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(112, 163, 148)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(112, 163, 148) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(112, 163, 148) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 63, 20.448, 173.335 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(112, 163, 148) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(112, 163, 148) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(112, 163, 148) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(112, 163, 148); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(112, 163, 148);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(112, 163,  
148) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 63, 20.448, 173.335 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(112, 163, 148) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(112,  
163, 148) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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