

Converting Colors

CIELCh(63, 23.042, 143.125)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(63, 23.042, 143.125)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(63, 23.222, 143.109)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7FA17F
RGB	127, 161, 127
RGB Percent	50%, 63%, 50%
CMY	0.5015, 0.3682, 0.5015
CMYK	0.21, 0.00, 0.21, 0.37
HSL	120°, 15%, 57%
HSV	120°, 21%, 63%
XYZ	25.3730, 31.5869, 24.8769
YIQ	146.9580, -9.3500, -17.7820

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

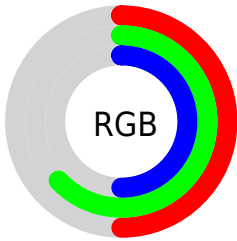
Format	Color
RYB	127, 161, 161
Decimal	8364415
CIELab	63.00, -18.57, 13.94
CIELCh	63, 23.222, 143.109
Yxy	31.5869, 0.3100, 0.3860
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286554495 (0xFF7FA17F)
YUV	146.9580, -9.8393, -17.5032
Hunter-Lab	56.2022, -17.7684, 13.0979

Details

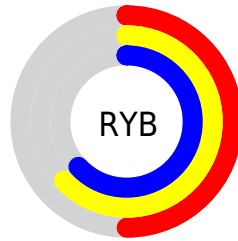
The CIELCh color **63, 23.222, 143.109** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669966**. A complement of this color would be **57, 23.239, 325.563**, and the grayscale version is **61, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **83, 23.256, 143.409**, and **43, 22.959, 143.368** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **62, 34.194, 142.300**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **64, 12.173, 143.810**.

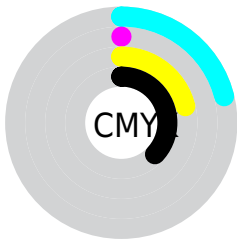
Distribution



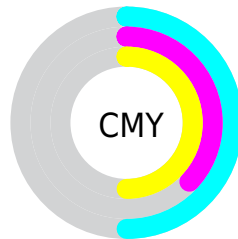
- Red (50%)
- Green (63%)
- Blue (50%)



- Red (50%)
- Yellow (63%)
- Blue (63%)



- Cyan (21%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (21%)
- Black (37%)





- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (37%)
- Yellow (50%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 63, 23.222, 143.109 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 63, 23.222, 143.109 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 63, 23.222,
143.109


 63, 23.222,
143.109


 100, 23.222,
143.109


 53, 23.222,
143.109


 83, 23.222,
143.109

 43, 23.222,
143.109

 93, 23.222,
143.109

 33, 23.222,
143.109

 23, 23.222,
143.109

 13, 23.222,
143.109

 3, 23.222, 143.109

 0, 23.222, 143.109

63, 23.222,
143.109

63, 23.222,
143.109

62, 34.194,
142.300

64, 12.173,
143.810

61, 44.876,
141.373

66, 1.197, 144.565

60, 55.004,
140.338

68, 9.593, 324.858

70, 20.124,
325.293

59, 64.248,
139.231

72, 30.351,
325.655

58, 72.215,
138.128

74, 40.249,
325.962

58, 78.476,
137.149

76, 49.810,
326.223

58, 82.658,
136.434

78, 58.468,
326.435

58, 84.970,

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63, 23.222, 143.109



57, 23.239, 325.563

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63, 23.222, 143.109



63, 23.222, 193.109



63, 23.222, 323.109



63, 23.222, 13.109

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63, 23.223, 143.109



83, 8.101, 144.131



65, 18.397, 107.481



43, 5.365, 144.093



92, 0.011, 296.813



44, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63, 23.223, 143.109



79, 34.020, 142.770



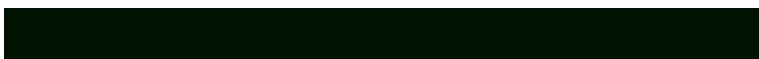
63, 16.286, 160.973



34, 6.258, 143.929



52, 78.792, 136.016



4, 9.703, 144.442

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



57, 23.239, 325.563



71, 34.031, 325.795



57, 16.679, 344.545



32, 6.267, 324.917



34, 76.022, 328.231



2, 9.704, 324.437

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 63, 23.222, 143.109 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 63, 23.222, 143.109 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

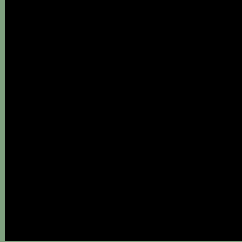
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 63, 23.222, 143.109

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 23.222, 143.109.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 23.222, 143.109.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
63, 23.222, 143.109

Protanopia
63, 16.548, 95.333

Deuteranopia
63, 14.729, 57.235



Tritanopia
63, 10.179, 240.322

Trichromacy



Original Color
63, 23.222, 143.109

Protanomaly
63, 17.372, 116.396

Deuteranomaly
62, 12.496, 97.497

Tritanomaly
63, 10.458, 182.937

Monochromacy



Original Color
63, 23.222, 143.109

Achromatopsia
61, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
62, 8.232, 144.021

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 63, 23.222, 143.109 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(127, 161, 127)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(127, 161, 127)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(127, 161, 127) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(127, 161, 127) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 63, 23.222, 143.109 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(127, 161, 127) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(127, 161, 127) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(127, 161, 127)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(127, 161, 127); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(127, 161, 127);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(127, 161,  
127) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 63, 23.222, 143.109 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(127, 161, 127) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(127,  
161, 127) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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