

Converting Colors

CIELCh(63, 25.397, 298.283)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(63, 25.397, 298.283)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(63, 25.397, 298.283)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9A93C0
RGB	154, 147, 192
RGB Percent	60%, 58%, 75%
CMY	0.3957, 0.4231, 0.2467
CMYK	0.20, 0.23, 0.00, 0.25
HSL	249°, 26%, 67%
HSV	249°, 23%, 75%
XYZ	33.3192, 31.5869, 54.2687
YIQ	154.2230, -10.2730, 15.4790

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

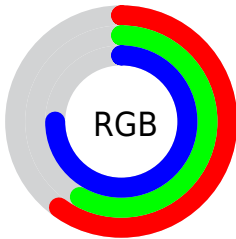
Format	Color
RYB	154, 147, 192
Decimal	10130368
CIELab	63.00, 12.03, -22.37
CIELCh	63, 25.397, 298.283
Yxy	31.5869, 0.2796, 0.2650
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288320448 (0xFF9A93C0)
YUV	154.2230, 18.6241, -0.1956
Hunter-Lab	56.2022, 7.4688, -17.9086

Details

The CIELCh color $63, 25.397, 298.283$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $9999CC$. A complement of this color would be $76, 24.105, 114.554$, and the grayscale version is $64, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $83, 25.623, 298.299$, and $43, 25.482, 298.513$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $57, 36.954, 299.366$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $69, 14.275, 297.340$.

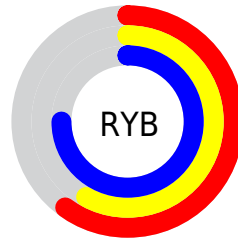
Distribution



Red (60%)

Green (58%)

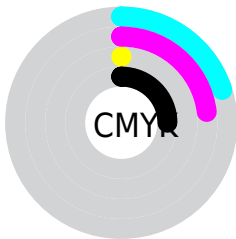
Blue (75%)



Red (60%)

Yellow (58%)

Blue (75%)

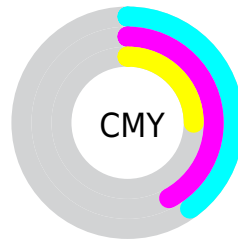


Cyan (20%)

Magenta (23%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (25%)



Cyan (40%)


Magenta (42%)


Yellow (25%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 63, 25.397, 298.283 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 63, 25.397, 298.283 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 63, 25.397,
298.283


 63, 25.397,
298.283


 100, 25.397,
298.283


 53, 25.397,
298.283


 83, 25.397,
298.283

 43, 25.397,
298.283

 93, 25.397,
298.283

 33, 25.397,
298.283

 23, 25.397,
298.283

 13, 25.397,
298.283

 3, 25.397, 298.283

 0, 25.397, 298.283

63, 25.397,
298.283

63, 25.397,
298.283

57, 36.954,
299.366

69, 14.275,
297.340

50, 48.934,
300.595

76, 3.580, 296.528

82, 6.711, 115.826

44, 61.245,
301.954

88, 16.624,
115.227

38, 73.645,
303.390

94, 26.184,
114.712

33, 85.591,
304.789

98, 31.705,
110.221

29, 96.069,
305.959

99, 31.667,
107.768

25, 103.643,
306.650

24, 107.073,

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63, 25.397, 298.283



76, 24.105, 114.554

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63, 25.397, 298.283



63, 25.397, 348.283



63, 25.397, 118.283



63, 25.397, 168.283

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63, 25.395, 298.282



93, 9.107, 296.813



73, 13.586, 214.198



49, 5.922, 296.861



99, 0.012, 296.813



52, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63, 25.395, 298.282



76, 37.954, 298.808



65, 27.241, 315.121



38, 6.024, 296.996



19, 93.682, 306.984



1, 19.565, 295.335

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



66, 26.768, 330.434



81, 39.591, 330.751



75, 26.675, 133.083



38, 6.490, 329.555



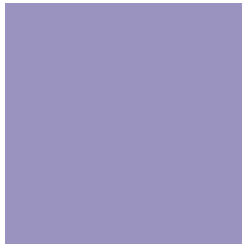
37, 72.534, 335.481



4, 20.908, 332.370

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 63, 25.397, 298.283 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

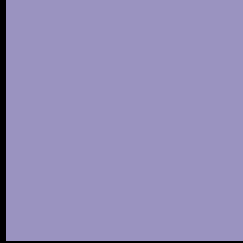
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 63, 25.397, 298.283 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

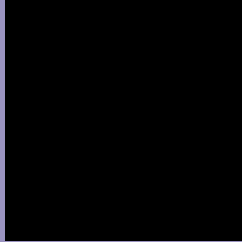
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 63, 25.397, 298.283

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 25.397, 298.283.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 25.397, 298.283.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

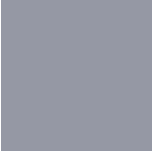
63, 25.397, 298.283

Protanopia

63, 24.739, 285.054

Deuteranopia

63, 24.084, 291.129



Tritanopia
63, 6.788, 281.491

Trichromacy



Original Color
63, 25.397, 298.283

Protanomaly
63, 24.627, 289.653

Deuteranomaly
63, 24.690, 294.386

Tritanomaly
63, 13.460, 293.168

Monochromacy



Original Color
63, 25.397, 298.283

Achromatopsia
64, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
63, 9.599, 297.829

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 63, 25.397, 298.283 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(154, 147, 192)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(154, 147, 192)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(154, 147, 192) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(154, 147, 192) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 63, 25.397, 298.283 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(154, 147, 192) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(154, 147, 192) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(154, 147, 192)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(154, 147, 192); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(154, 147, 192);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(154, 147,  
192) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 63, 25.397, 298.283 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(154, 147, 192) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(154,  
147, 192) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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