

Converting Colors

CIELCh(63, 29.272, 333.209)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(63, 29.272, 333.209)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(63, 28.814, 333.577)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BC89B0
RGB	188, 137, 176
RGB Percent	74%, 54%, 69%
CMY	0.2639, 0.4638, 0.3110
CMYK	0.00, 0.27, 0.06, 0.26
HSL	314°, 27%, 64%
HSV	314°, 27%, 74%
XYZ	37.3779, 31.5869, 45.0487
YIQ	156.6950, 17.8770, 22.9410

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

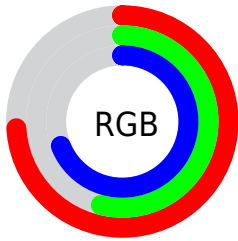
Format	Color
RYB	188, 137, 176
Decimal	12356016
CIELab	63.00, 25.80, -12.82
CIELCh	63, 28.814, 333.577
Yxy	31.5869, 0.3278, 0.2770
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290546096 (0xFFBC89B0)
YUV	156.6950, 9.5174, 27.4545
Hunter-Lab	56.2022, 20.3592, -8.1821

Details

The CIELCh color $63, 28.814, 333.577$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CC99CC`. A complement of this color would be $72, 28.639, 149.752$, and the grayscale version is $64, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $83, 28.912, 333.455$, and $43, 28.902, 333.889$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $59, 39.247, 334.300$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $68, 18.169, 332.885$.

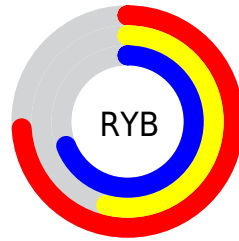
Distribution



Red (74%)

Green (54%)

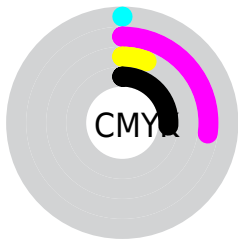
Blue (69%)



Red (74%)

Yellow (54%)

Blue (69%)

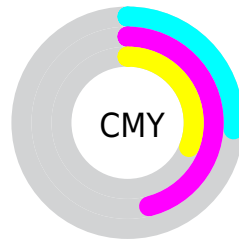


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (27%)

Yellow (6%)

Black (26%)



Cyan (26%)


Magenta (46%)

Yellow (31%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 63, 28.814, 333.577 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 63, 28.814, 333.577 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 63, 28.814,
333.577


 63, 28.814,
333.577


 100, 28.814,
333.577


 53, 28.814,
333.577


 83, 28.814,
333.577

 43, 28.814,
333.577

 93, 28.814,
333.577

 33, 28.814,
333.577

 23, 28.814,
333.577

 13, 28.814,
333.577

 3, 28.814, 333.577

 0, 28.814, 333.577

63, 28.814,
333.577

63, 28.814,
333.577

59, 39.247,
334.300

68, 18.169,
332.885

54, 49.168,
335.057

73, 7.536, 332.205

78, 2.949, 151.723

51, 58.171,
335.859

83, 13.198,
151.047

48, 65.782,
336.723

88, 23.167,
150.472

45, 71.526,
337.678

93, 32.837,
149.934

43, 75.058,
338.764


95, 34.485,
151.457

42, 76.381,
340.025

95, 32.799,
154.063

42, 76.595,

340.399

 95, 31.174,
156.930

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63, 28.814, 333.577



72, 28.639, 149.752

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63, 28.814, 333.577



63, 28.814, 23.577



63, 28.814, 153.577



63, 28.814, 203.577

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63, 28.812, 333.578



92, 10.454, 332.272



60, 29.259, 301.321



48, 7.434, 332.375



98, 0.011, 296.813



51, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63, 28.812, 333.578



77, 43.351, 334.035



62, 21.517, 1.237



37, 5.999, 332.356



35, 67.609, 340.202



3, 17.042, 336.136

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



63, 28.812, 333.578



77, 43.351, 334.035



72, 19.679, 175.716



37, 5.999, 332.356



35, 67.609, 340.202



3, 17.042, 336.136

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 63, 28.814, 333.577 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

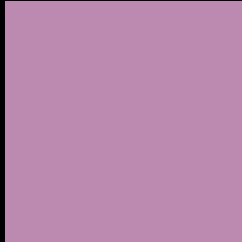
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 63, 28.814, 333.577 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 63, 28.814, 333.577

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 28.814, 333.577.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 28.814, 333.577.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


63, 28.814, 333.577

Protanopia

63, 19.089, 285.970

Deuteranopia

63, 13.893, 305.320



Tritanopia
63, 18.399, 2.001

Trichromacy



Original Color
63, 28.814, 333.577

Protanomaly
63, 20.974, 307.125

Deuteranomaly
63, 18.577, 320.364

Tritanomaly
63, 21.854, 347.743

Monochromacy



Original Color
63, 28.814, 333.577

Achromatopsia
64, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
64, 10.690, 333.546

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 63, 28.814, 333.577 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(188, 137, 176)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(188, 137, 176)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(188, 137, 176) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(188, 137, 176) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 63, 28.814, 333.577 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(188, 137, 176) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(188, 137, 176) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(188, 137, 176)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(188, 137, 176); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(188, 137, 176);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(188, 137,  
176) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 63, 28.814, 333.577 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(188, 137, 176) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(188,  
137, 176) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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