

Converting Colors

CIELCh(63, 29.616, 172.743)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(63, 29.616, 172.743)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(63, 29.227, 173.105)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	59A691
RGB	89, 166, 145
RGB Percent	35%, 65%, 57%
CMY	0.6497, 0.3477, 0.4301
CMYK	0.46, 0.00, 0.13, 0.35
HSL	164°, 30%, 50%
HSV	164°, 46%, 65%
XYZ	22.9831, 31.5869, 31.8028
YIQ	140.5830, -39.1510, -22.8550

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

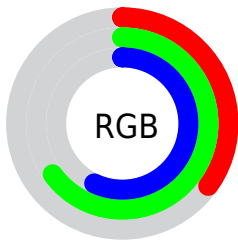
Format	Color
RYB	89, 134, 166
Decimal	5875345
CIELab	63.00, -29.02, 3.51
CIElCh	63, 29.227, 173.105
Yxy	31.5869, 0.2661, 0.3657
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284065425 (0xFF59A691)
YUV	140.5830, 2.1776, -45.2383
Hunter-Lab	56.2022, -25.3588, 5.7915

Details

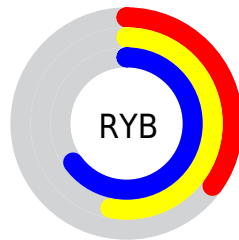
The CIELCh color **63, 29.227, 173.105** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339999**. A complement of this color would be **48, 34.023, 3.789**, and the grayscale version is **59, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **83, 29.019, 173.662**, and **43, 29.272, 173.069** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **62, 34.416, 171.800**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **64, 23.509, 174.290**.

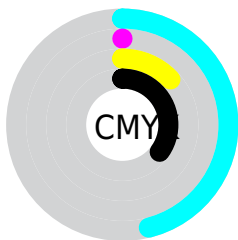
Distribution



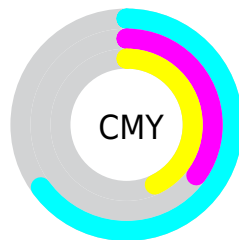
- Red (35%)
- Green (65%)
- Blue (57%)



- Red (35%)
- Yellow (53%)
- Blue (65%)



- Cyan (46%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (13%)
- Black (35%)





- Cyan (65%)
- Magenta (35%)
- Yellow (43%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 63, 29.227, 173.105 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 63, 29.227, 173.105 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 63, 29.227,
173.105


 63, 29.227,
173.105


 100, 29.227,
173.105


 53, 29.227,
173.105


 83, 29.227,
173.105

 43, 29.227,
173.105

 93, 29.227,
173.105

 33, 29.227,
173.105

 23, 29.227,
173.105

 13, 29.227,
173.105

 3, 29.227, 173.105

 0, 29.227, 173.105

■ 63, 29.227,
173.105

■ 63, 29.227,
173.105

■ 62, 34.416,
171.800

■ 64, 23.509,
174.290

■ 62, 38.982,
170.355

■ 65, 17.369,
175.383

■ 61, 42.860,
168.746

■ 66, 10.917,
176.402

■ 61, 46.031,
166.954

■ 67, 4.255, 177.402

■ 61, 48.557,
164.984

■ 69, 2.525, 358.019

■ 61, 49.432,
164.262

■ 70, 9.350, 358.979

■ 72, 16.159,
359.796

■ 74, 22.907, 0.567

■ 76, 29.560, 1.303

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63, 29.227, 173.105



48, 34.023, 3.789

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63, 29.227, 173.105



63, 29.227, 223.105



63, 29.227, 353.105



63, 29.227, 43.105

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63, 29.228, 173.104



84, 11.661, 176.604



63, 47.338, 133.918



45, 8.096, 176.397



94, 0.011, 296.813



46, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63, 29.228, 173.104



79, 42.356, 171.698



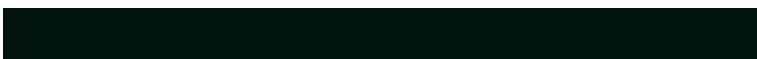
59, 21.107, 224.765



35, 3.854, 177.095



54, 45.197, 164.485



5, 7.392, 172.918

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



48, 34.023, 3.789



57, 51.015, 6.089



51, 29.451, 41.156



33, 3.967, 358.672



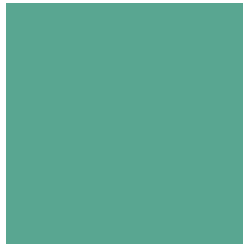
31, 58.843, 22.414



1, 6.973, 0.627

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 63, 29.227, 173.105 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 63, 29.227, 173.105 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 63, 29.227, 173.105

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 29.227, 173.105.

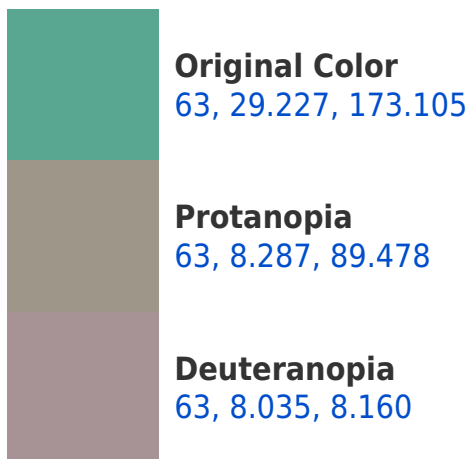


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 29.227, 173.105.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
63, 21.518, 217.723

Trichromacy



Original Color
63, 29.227, 173.105

Protanomaly
63, 13.347, 152.888

Deuteranomaly
62, 6.677, 168.618

Tritanomaly
63, 22.792, 197.466

Monochromacy



Original Color
63, 29.227, 173.105

Achromatopsia
59, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
60, 11.308, 177.846

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 63, 29.227, 173.105 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(89, 166, 145)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(89, 166, 145)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(89, 166, 145) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(89, 166, 145) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 63, 29.227, 173.105 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(89, 166, 145) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(89, 166, 145) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(89, 166, 145)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(89, 166, 145); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(89, 166, 145);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(89, 166,  
145) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 63, 29.227, 173.105 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(89, 166, 145) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(89, 166,  
145) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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