

Converting Colors

CIELCh(63, 29.631, 307.350)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(63, 29.631, 307.350)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(63, 29.631, 307.350)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A48FC2
RGB	164, 143, 194
RGB Percent	64%, 56%, 76%
CMY	0.3555, 0.4379, 0.2378
CMYK	0.15, 0.26, 0.00, 0.24
HSL	265°, 30%, 66%
HSV	265°, 26%, 76%
XYZ	35.0327, 31.5869, 55.4996
YIQ	155.0930, -3.8550, 20.3130

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

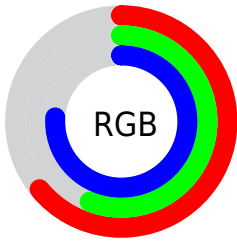
Format	Color
RYB	164, 143, 194
Decimal	10784706
CIELab	63.00, 17.98, -23.55
CIELCh	63, 29.631, 307.350
Yxy	31.5869, 0.2869, 0.2587
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288974786 (0xFFA48FC2)
YUV	155.0930, 19.1812, 7.8114
Hunter-Lab	56.2022, 12.9109, -19.2072

Details

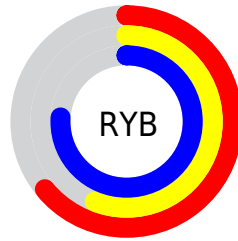
The CIELCh color $63, 29.631, 307.350$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $9999CC$. A complement of this color would be $76, 28.374, 124.631$, and the grayscale version is $64, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $83, 29.674, 306.932$, and $43, 29.235, 307.506$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $57, 41.482, 307.986$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $69, 18.066, 306.760$.

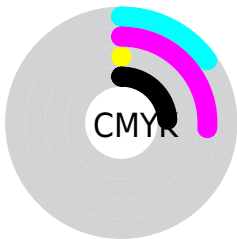
Distribution



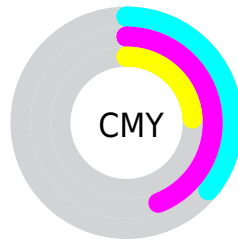
- Red (64%)
- Green (56%)
- Blue (76%)



- Red (64%)
- Yellow (56%)
- Blue (76%)



- Cyan (15%)
- Magenta (26%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (24%)





- Cyan (36%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (24%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 63, 29.631, 307.350 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 63, 29.631, 307.350 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 63, 29.631,
307.350


 63, 29.631,
307.350


 100, 29.631,
307.350


 53, 29.631,
307.350


 83, 29.631,
307.350

 43, 29.631,
307.350

 93, 29.631,
307.350

 33, 29.631,
307.350

 23, 29.631,
307.350

 13, 29.631,
307.350

 3, 29.631, 307.350

 0, 29.631, 307.350

63, 29.631,
307.350

63, 29.631,
307.350

57, 41.482,
307.986

69, 18.066,
306.760

51, 53.511,
308.651

75, 6.842, 306.221

81, 4.025, 125.781

46, 65.501,
309.310

87, 14.537,
125.348

41, 77.062,
309.902

93, 24.706,
124.980

36, 87.564,
310.330

97, 31.750,
122.909

32, 96.132,
310.465

98, 30.846,
115.321

29, 101.897,
310.178

99, 30.546,
107.855

28, 103.679,

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63, 29.631, 307.350



76, 28.374, 124.631

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63, 29.631, 307.350



63, 29.631, 357.350



63, 29.631, 127.350



63, 29.631, 177.350

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63, 29.629, 307.350



93, 10.862, 306.319



69, 15.001, 247.369



49, 7.800, 306.400



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63, 29.629, 307.350



76, 43.592, 307.678



65, 32.766, 322.972



38, 6.221, 306.385



23, 89.878, 310.195



2, 19.955, 302.409

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



65, 25.394, 341.322



80, 37.107, 341.819



74, 32.585, 140.188



38, 5.409, 339.860



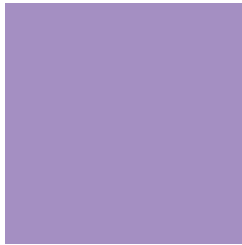
35, 61.661, 353.547



3, 16.727, 346.985

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 63, 29.631, 307.350 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

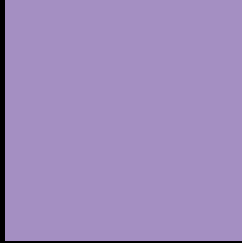
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 63, 29.631, 307.350 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

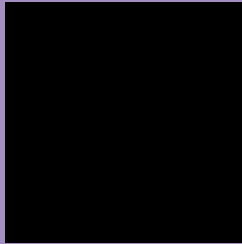
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 63, 29.631, 307.350

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 29.631, 307.350.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 29.631, 307.350.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


63, 29.631, 307.350

Protanopia

63, 27.557, 284.901

Deuteranopia

63, 24.071, 289.514



Tritanopia
63, 7.075, 319.625

Trichromacy



Original Color
63, 29.631, 307.350

Protanomaly
63, 28.015, 293.144

Deuteranomaly
63, 25.306, 296.720

Tritanomaly
63, 14.862, 310.396

Monochromacy



Original Color
63, 29.631, 307.350

Achromatopsia
64, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
64, 10.434, 305.632

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 63, 29.631, 307.350 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(164, 143, 194)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(164, 143, 194)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(164, 143, 194) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(164, 143, 194) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 63, 29.631, 307.350 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(164, 143, 194) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(164, 143, 194) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(164, 143, 194) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(164, 143, 194); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(164, 143, 194);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(164, 143,  
194) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 63, 29.631, 307.350 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(164, 143, 194) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(164,  
143, 194) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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