

Converting Colors

CIELCh(63, 3.563, 200.159)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(63, 3.563, 200.159) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(63, 3.405, 199.224)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	919A9A
RGB	145, 154, 154
RGB Percent	57%, 60%, 60%
CMY	0.4303, 0.3950, 0.3950
CMYK	0.06, 0.00, 0.00, 0.40
HSL	180°, 4%, 59%
HSV	180°, 6%, 60%
XYZ	29.1800, 31.5869, 35.2491
YIQ	151.3090, -5.3640, -1.9080

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

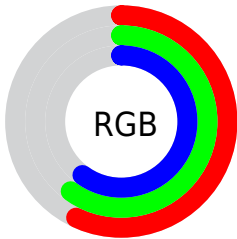
Format	Color
RYB	145, 150, 154
Decimal	9542298
CIELab	63.00, -3.22, -1.12
CIElCh	63, 3.405, 199.224
Yxy	31.5869, 0.3039, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287732378 (0xFF919A9A)
YUV	151.3090, 1.3267, -5.5330
Hunter-Lab	56.2022, -5.6773, 2.1559

Details

The CIELCh color **63, 3.405, 199.224** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **61, 3.530, 19.602**, and the grayscale version is **63, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **83, 3.231, 199.342**, and **43, 3.242, 199.111** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **62, 9.008, 198.605**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **64, 2.481, 19.429**.

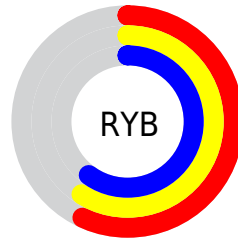
Distribution



Red (57%)

Green (60%)

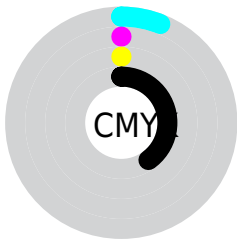
Blue (60%)



Red (57%)

Yellow (59%)

Blue (60%)

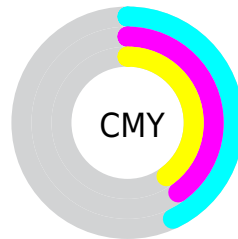


Cyan (6%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (40%)



Cyan (43%)

Magenta (40%)

Yellow (40%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 63, 3.405, 199.224 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 63, 3.405, 199.224 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

63, 3.405, 199.224

63, 3.405, 199.224

100, 3.405,
199.224

53, 3.405, 199.224

83, 3.405, 199.224

43, 3.405, 199.224

93, 3.405, 199.224

33, 3.405, 199.224

23, 3.405, 199.224

13, 3.405, 199.224

3, 3.405, 199.224

0, 3.405, 199.224

63, 3.405, 199.224

63, 3.405, 199.224

62, 9.008, 198.605

64, 2.481, 19.429

■ 61, 14.238,
198.116

■ 66, 8.576, 20.132

■ 60, 19.006,
197.685

■ 67, 14.812, 20.746

■ 59, 23.222,
197.312

■ 69, 21.132, 21.360

■ 59, 26.806,
197.000

■ 72, 33.858, 22.593

■ 58, 29.701,
196.751

■ 74, 40.201, 23.206

■ 58, 31.876,
196.565

■ 74, 40.914, 23.272

■ 58, 33.342,
196.439

■ 74, 40.913, 23.269

■ 58, 34.170,
196.367

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63, 3.405, 199.224



61, 3.530, 19.602

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63, 3.405, 199.224



63, 3.405, 249.224



63, 3.405, 19.224



63, 3.405, 69.224

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63, 3.406, 199.200



81, 1.462, 199.650



63, 6.117, 143.715



43, 0.838, 199.681



91, 0.011, 296.813



43, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63, 3.406, 199.200



80, 5.061, 199.108



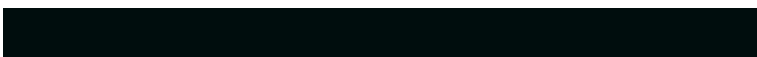
62, 2.988, 254.403



32, 2.611, 199.092



53, 32.126, 196.343



3, 3.595, 199.394

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



61, 3.530, 19.602



77, 5.287, 19.710



62, 3.025, 72.811



30, 2.732, 19.728



28, 66.103, 39.038



1, 3.595, 19.381

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 63, 3.405, 199.224 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

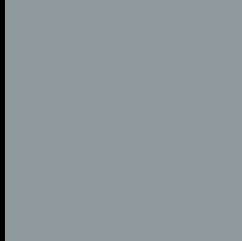
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 63, 3.405, 199.224 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

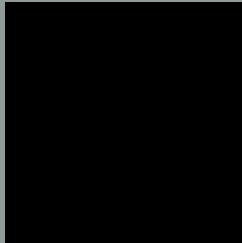
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

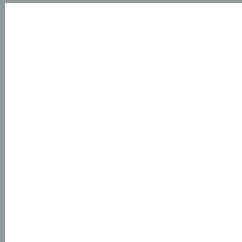
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 63, 3.405, 199.224

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 3.405, 199.224.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 3.405, 199.224.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

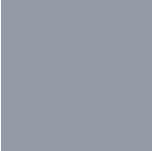
63, 3.405, 199.224

Protanopia

63, 1.292, 353.565

Deuteranopia

63, 7.968, 346.093



Tritanopia
63, 7.022, 272.567

Trichromacy



Original Color

63, 3.405, 199.224

Protanomaly

63, 0.764, 199.926

Deuteranomaly

63, 4.182, 337.773

Tritanomaly

63, 5.133, 260.205

Monochromacy



Original Color

63, 3.405, 199.224

Achromatopsia

63, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly

63, 1.146, 199.694

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 63, 3.405, 199.224 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(145, 154, 154)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(145, 154, 154)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(145, 154, 154) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(145, 154, 154) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 63, 3.405, 199.224 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(145, 154, 154) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(145, 154, 154) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(145, 154, 154) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(145, 154, 154); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(145, 154, 154);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(145, 154,  
154) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 63, 3.405, 199.224 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(145, 154, 154) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(145,  
154, 154) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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