

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(63, 3.667, 338.879)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(63, 3.667, 338.879) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(63, 3.520, 340.234)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9E979B
RGB	158, 151, 155
RGB Percent	62%, 59%, 61%
CMY	0.3820, 0.4094, 0.3937
CMYK	0.00, 0.04, 0.02, 0.38
HSL	326°, 3%, 60%
HSV	326°, 4%, 62%
XYZ	30.9072, 31.5869, 35.3024
YIQ	153.5490, 2.8880, 2.7280

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

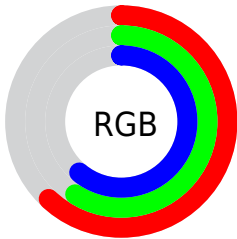
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	158, 151, 155
Decimal	10393499
CIELab	63.00, 3.31, -1.19
CIELCh	63, 3.520, 340.234
Yxy	31.5869, 0.3160, 0.3230
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288583579 (0xFF9E979B)
YUV	153.5490, 0.7153, 3.9035
Hunter-Lab	56.2022, -0.1919, 2.0996

# Details

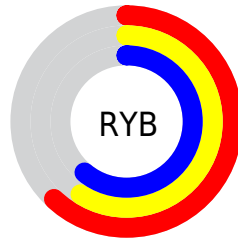
The CIELCh color  $63, 3.520, 340.234$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $999999$ . A complement of this color would be  $64, 3.494, 159.759$ , and the grayscale version is  $63, 0.008, 296.813$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $83, 3.619, 343.840$ , and  $43, 3.783, 340.404$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $59, 11.556, 341.095$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $67, 4.339, 159.678$ .

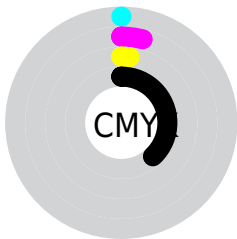
# Distribution



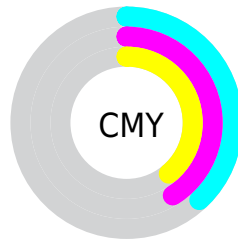
- Red (62%)
- Green (59%)
- Blue (61%)



- Red (62%)
- Yellow (59%)
- Blue (61%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Black (38%)



- Cyan (38%)
- Magenta (41%)
- Yellow (39%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 63, 3.520, 340.234 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 63, 3.520, 340.234 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 63, 3.520, 340.234

■ 63, 3.520, 340.234

■ 100, 3.520,  
340.234

■ 53, 3.520, 340.234

■ 83, 3.520, 340.234

■ 43, 3.520, 340.234

■ 93, 3.520, 340.234

■ 33, 3.520, 340.234

■ 23, 3.520, 340.234

■ 13, 3.520, 340.234

■ 3, 3.520, 340.234

■ 0, 3.520, 340.234

■ 63, 3.520, 340.234

■ 63, 3.520, 340.234

■ 59, 11.556,

■ 67, 4.339, 159.678

341.095

72, 11.973,  
158.958

54, 19.692,  
341.972

76, 19.363,  
158.322

50, 27.791,  
342.935

81, 26.507,  
157.734

47, 35.649,  
344.014

86, 33.412,  
157.187

43, 42.977,  
345.251

90, 40.089,  
156.676

40, 49.411,  
346.704

93, 43.223,  
157.609

38, 54.552,  
348.457

93, 40.842,  
161.144

36, 58.058,  
350.619

93, 38.598,  
165.081

34, 59.789,  
353.320



# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63, 3.520, 340.234



64, 3.494, 159.759

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63, 3.520, 340.234



63, 3.520, 30.234



63, 3.520, 160.234



63, 3.520, 210.234

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63, 3.518, 340.242



81, 0.980, 339.683



63, 4.089, 306.296



43, 0.556, 339.653



91, 0.011, 296.813



43, 0.006, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63, 3.518, 340.242



79, 4.894, 340.303



63, 2.735, 12.681



32, 2.699, 340.345



30, 56.278, 354.642



1, 5.732, 341.460



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



63, 3.518, 340.242



79, 4.894, 340.303



64, 2.671, 192.356



32, 2.699, 340.345



30, 56.278, 354.642



1, 5.732, 341.460



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 63, 3.520, 340.234 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 63, 3.520, 340.234 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

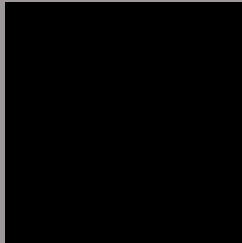
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 63, 3.520, 340.234

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 3.520, 340.234.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 3.520, 340.234.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

63, 3.520, 340.234


### Protanopia

63, 1.859, 314.671

### Deuteranopia

63, 8.017, 351.037





**Tritanopia**  
63, 7.075, 319.625

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

63, 3.520, 340.234

## Protanomaly

63, 2.733, 324.502

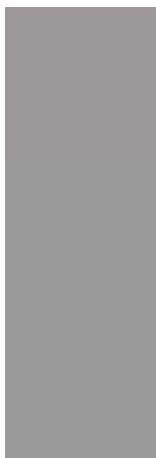
## Deuteranomaly

63, 6.388, 348.377

## Tritanomaly

63, 5.919, 321.632

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

63, 3.520, 340.234

## Achromatopsia

63, 0.008, 296.813

## Achromatomaly

63, 1.620, 335.619

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 63, 3.520, 340.234 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(158, 151, 155)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(158, 151, 155)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(158, 151, 155) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(158, 151, 155) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 63, 3.520, 340.234 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(158, 151, 155) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(158, 151, 155) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(158, 151, 155)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(158, 151, 155); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(158, 151, 155);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(158, 151,  
155) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 63, 3.520, 340.234 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(158, 151, 155) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(158,  
151, 155) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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