

Converting Colors

CIELCh(63, 30.457, 106.802)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(63, 30.457, 106.802)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(63, 30.676, 106.794)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9C9C64
RGB	156, 156, 100
RGB Percent	61%, 61%, 39%
CMY	0.3898, 0.3898, 0.6093
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.36, 0.39
HSL	60°, 22%, 50%
HSV	60°, 36%, 61%
XYZ	27.7386, 31.5869, 16.5983
YIQ	149.6160, 17.9760, -17.4160

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

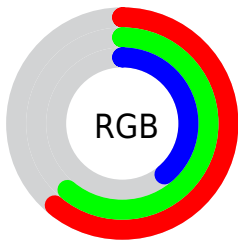
Format	Color
RYB	100, 156, 100
Decimal	10263652
CIELab	63.00, -8.86, 29.37
CIELCh	63, 30.676, 106.794
Yxy	31.5869, 0.3653, 0.4160
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288453732 (0xFF9C9C64)
YUV	149.6160, -24.4607, 5.5988
Hunter-Lab	56.2022, -10.2554, 21.8314

Details

The CIELCh color $63, 30.676, 106.794$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999966 . A complement of this color would be $44, 33.508, 294.717$, and the grayscale version is $62, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $83, 30.243, 106.755$, and $43, 30.714, 106.547$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $63, 38.764, 105.896$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $63, 22.309, 107.731$.

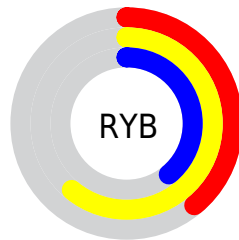
Distribution



Red (61%)

Green (61%)

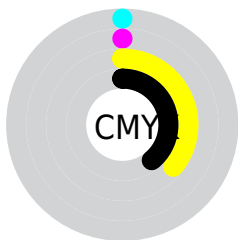
Blue (39%)



Red (39%)

Yellow (61%)

Blue (39%)

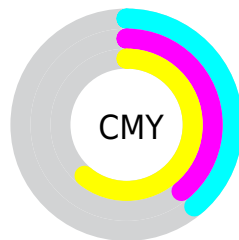


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (36%)

Black (39%)



Cyan (39%)


Magenta (39%)


Yellow (61%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 63, 30.676, 106.794 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 63, 30.676, 106.794 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 63, 30.676,
106.794


 63, 30.676,
106.794


 100, 30.676,
106.794


 53, 30.676,
106.794


 83, 30.676,
106.794

 43, 30.676,
106.794

 93, 30.676,
106.794

 33, 30.676,
106.794

 23, 30.676,
106.794

 13, 30.676,
106.794

 3, 30.676, 106.794

 0, 30.676, 106.794

■ 63, 30.676,
106.794

■ 63, 30.676,
106.794

■ 63, 38.764,
105.896

■ 63, 22.309,
107.731

■ 63, 46.391,
105.055

■ 64, 13.778,
108.678

■ 62, 53.293,
104.305

■ 64, 5.160, 109.617

■ 62, 59.119,
103.684

■ 64, 3.495, 290.574

■ 62, 63.474,
103.228

■ 65, 12.153,
291.470

■ 62, 66.130,
102.955

■ 65, 20.791,
292.344

■ 62, 67.012,
102.864

■ 66, 29.394,
293.183

■ 67, 37.949,
293.983

■ 67, 46.445,
294.742

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63, 30.676, 106.794



44, 33.508, 294.717

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63, 30.676, 106.794



63, 30.676, 156.794



63, 30.676, 286.794



63, 30.676, 336.794

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63, 30.677, 106.797



81, 11.722, 109.128



48, 24.533, 22.588



43, 7.937, 109.010



91, 0.011, 296.813



43, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63, 30.677, 106.797



79, 44.873, 106.086



61, 32.999, 127.422



33, 4.947, 109.311



57, 62.932, 102.864



4, 6.504, 110.186

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



44, 33.508, 294.717



52, 50.251, 296.084



47, 34.690, 310.809



30, 5.054, 291.121



15, 86.896, 306.288



0, 6.505, 290.185

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 63, 30.676, 106.794 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 63, 30.676, 106.794 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

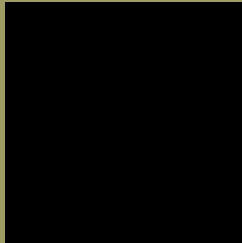
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 63, 30.676, 106.794

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 30.676, 106.794.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 30.676, 106.794.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


63, 30.676, 106.794

Protanopia

63, 30.398, 95.261

Deuteranopia

63, 29.692, 74.227



Tritanopia
63, 8.864, 331.059

Trichromacy



Original Color
63, 30.676, 106.794

Protanomaly
63, 29.975, 99.379

Deuteranomaly
63, 28.717, 85.756

Tritanomaly
63, 8.089, 82.836

Monochromacy



Original Color
63, 30.676, 106.794

Achromatopsia
62, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
62, 11.155, 108.931

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 63, 30.676, 106.794 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(156, 156, 100)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(156, 156, 100)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(156, 156, 100) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(156, 156, 100) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 63, 30.676, 106.794 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(156, 156, 100) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(156, 156, 100) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(156, 156, 100)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(156, 156, 100); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(156, 156, 100);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(156, 156,  
100) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 63, 30.676, 106.794 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(156, 156, 100) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(156,  
156, 100) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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