

Converting Colors

CIELCh(63, 31.427, 226.589)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(63, 31.427, 226.589)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(63, 31.391, 226.454)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	39A5C0
RGB	57, 165, 192
RGB Percent	22%, 65%, 75%
CMY	0.7764, 0.3529, 0.2470
CMYK	0.70, 0.14, 0.00, 0.25
HSL	192°, 54%, 49%
HSV	192°, 70%, 75%
XYZ	24.6578, 31.5869, 54.6678
YIQ	135.7860, -73.0350, -14.4990

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

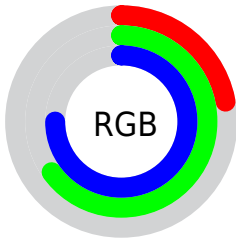
Format	Color
RYB	57, 117, 192
Decimal	3777984
CIELab	63.00, -21.63, -22.75
CIELCh	63, 31.391, 226.454
Yxy	31.5869, 0.2223, 0.2848
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281968064 (0xFF39A5C0)
YUV	135.7860, 27.7135, -69.0953
Hunter-Lab	56.2022, -20.0400, -18.3297

Details

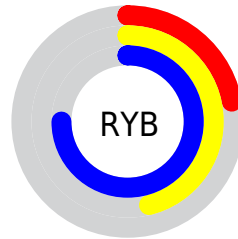
The CIELCh color **63, 31.391, 226.454** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0099CC**. The color can be described as middle muted azure. A complement of this color would be **49, 55.443, 41.365**, and the grayscale version is **57, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **83, 31.313, 226.238**, and **44, 27.614, 230.521** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **61, 33.353, 228.991**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **65, 28.715, 224.454**.

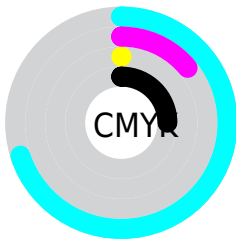
Distribution



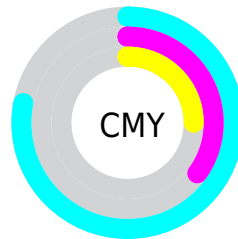
- Red (22%)
- Green (65%)
- Blue (75%)



- Red (22%)
- Yellow (46%)
- Blue (75%)



- Cyan (70%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (25%)





- Cyan (78%)
- Magenta (35%)
- Yellow (25%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 63, 31.391, 226.454 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 63, 31.391, 226.454 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 63, 31.391,
226.454


 63, 31.391,
226.454


 100, 31.391,
226.454


 53, 31.391,
226.454


 83, 31.391,
226.454

 43, 31.391,
226.454

 93, 31.391,
226.454

 33, 31.391,
226.454

 23, 31.391,
226.454

 13, 31.391,
226.454

 3, 31.391, 226.454

 0, 31.391, 226.454

63, 31.391,
226.454

63, 31.391,
226.454

61, 33.353,
228.991

65, 28.715,
224.454

60, 34.659,
232.136

67, 25.331,
222.910

59, 35.502,
235.684

69, 21.290,
221.742

71, 16.668,
220.878

73, 11.551,
220.261

75, 6.029, 219.862

78, 0.186, 222.321

80, 5.908, 39.216

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63, 31.391, 226.454



49, 55.443, 41.365

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63, 31.391, 226.454



63, 31.391, 276.454



63, 31.391, 46.454



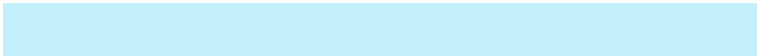
63, 31.391, 96.454

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63, 31.390, 226.453



92, 14.749, 220.314



69, 72.804, 143.237



48, 9.892, 220.470



99, 0.012, 296.813



52, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63, 31.390, 226.453



78, 41.555, 230.497



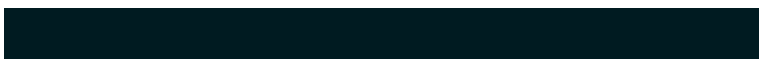
43, 56.732, 288.461



40, 3.350, 219.837



50, 31.070, 235.110



8, 10.390, 227.358

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



48, 70.663, 335.382



58, 94.779, 336.687



65, 53.690, 84.289



38, 6.289, 331.078



36, 70.161, 338.029



4, 20.031, 334.550

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 63, 31.391, 226.454 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

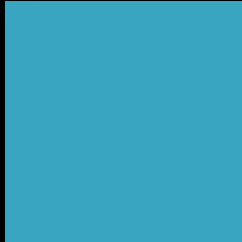
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 63, 31.391, 226.454 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 63, 31.391, 226.454

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 31.391, 226.454.

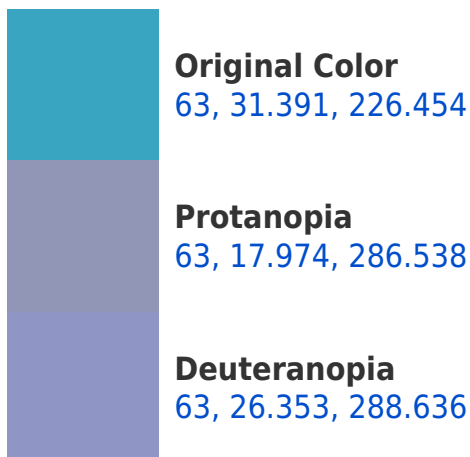


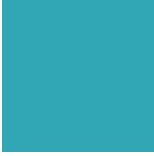
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 31.391, 226.454.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
63, 31.824, 211.373

Trichromacy



Original Color
63, 31.391, 226.454

Protanomaly
62, 21.531, 253.030

Deuteranomaly
62, 25.547, 260.829

Tritanomaly
63, 31.399, 217.130

Monochromacy



Original Color
63, 31.391, 226.454

Achromatopsia
57, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
58, 14.664, 218.769

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 63, 31.391, 226.454 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(57, 165, 192)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(57, 165, 192)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(57, 165, 192) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(57, 165, 192) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 63, 31.391, 226.454 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(57, 165, 192) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(57, 165, 192) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(57, 165, 192)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(57, 165, 192); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(57, 165, 192);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(57, 165,  
192) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 63, 31.391, 226.454 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(57, 165, 192) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(57, 165,  
192) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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