

Converting Colors

CIELCh(63, 34.402, 222.818)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(63, 34.402, 222.818)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(63, 34.408, 222.365)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1AA7C1
RGB	26, 167, 193
RGB Percent	10%, 65%, 76%
CMY	0.8970, 0.3463, 0.2443
CMYK	0.86, 0.13, 0.00, 0.24
HSL	189°, 76%, 43%
HSV	189°, 86%, 76%
XYZ	23.7876, 31.5869, 55.1158
YIQ	127.8050, -92.3820, -21.8060

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

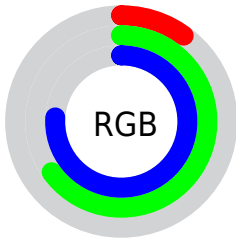
Format	Color
R _{YB}	26, 102, 193
Decimal	1746881
CIE Lab	63.00, -25.42, -23.19
CIE LCh	63, 34.408, 222.365
Yxy	31.5869, 0.2153, 0.2859
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279936961 (0xFF1AA7C1)
YUV	127.8050, 32.1411, -89.2830
Hunter-Lab	56.2022, -22.8039, -18.8023

Details

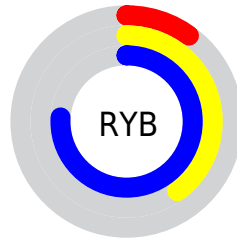
The CIELCh color **63, 34.408, 222.365** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339999**. The color can be described as dark washed azure. A complement of this color would be **44, 71.981, 40.894**, and the grayscale version is **53, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **83, 34.561, 223.135**, and **44, 27.729, 228.732** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **62, 35.091, 225.057**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **64, 33.053, 220.183**.

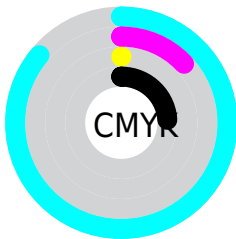
Distribution



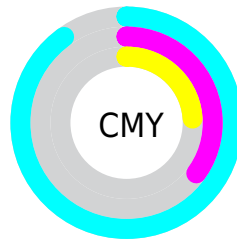
- Red (10%)
- Green (65%)
- Blue (76%)



- Red (10%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Blue (76%)



- Cyan (86%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (24%)





- Cyan (90%)
- Magenta (35%)
- Yellow (24%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 63, 34.408, 222.365 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 63, 34.408, 222.365 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 63, 34.408,
222.365


 63, 34.408,
222.365


 100, 34.408,
222.365


 53, 34.408,
222.365


 83, 34.408,
222.365

 43, 34.408,
222.365

 93, 34.408,
222.365

 33, 34.408,
222.365

 23, 34.408,
222.365

 13, 34.408,
222.365

 3, 34.408, 222.365

 0, 34.408, 222.365

■ 63, 34.408,
222.365

■ 63, 34.408,
222.365

■ 62, 35.091,
225.057

■ 64, 33.053,
220.183

■ 62, 35.274,
226.097

■ 66, 30.932,
218.473

■ 67, 28.027,
217.167

■ 69, 24.372,
216.199

■ 70, 20.036,
215.509

■ 72, 15.110,
215.046

■ 74, 9.691, 214.772

■ 77, 3.873, 214.700

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63, 34.408, 222.365



44, 71.981, 40.894

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63, 34.408, 222.365



63, 34.408, 272.365



63, 34.408, 42.365



63, 34.408, 92.365

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63, 34.407, 222.364



91, 18.400, 215.048



68, 87.031, 139.378



48, 12.310, 215.187



99, 0.012, 296.813



52, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63, 34.407, 222.364



78, 42.881, 226.633



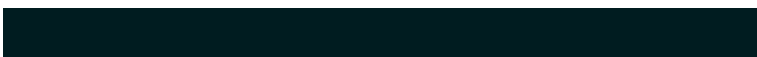
39, 65.928, 290.803



40, 3.439, 214.690



52, 30.834, 225.643



8, 10.635, 219.243

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



45, 80.691, 334.587



57, 100.512, 335.768



60, 62.170, 77.172



38, 6.487, 329.576



37, 72.500, 335.514



4, 20.896, 332.398

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 63, 34.408, 222.365 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 63, 34.408, 222.365 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

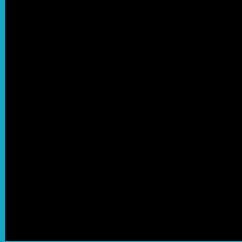
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 63, 34.408, 222.365

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 34.408, 222.365.

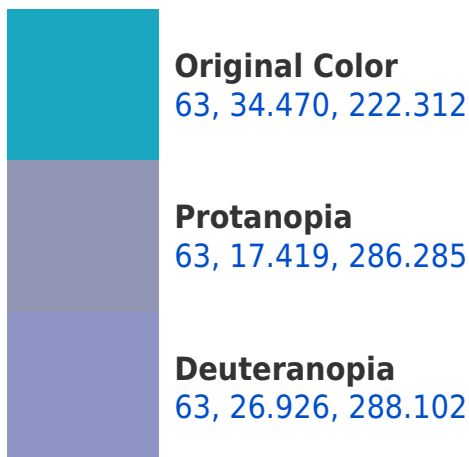


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 34.408, 222.365.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
63, 35.353, 209.647

Trichromacy



Original Color
63, 34.470, 222.312



Protanomaly
62, 22.904, 244.082



Deuteranomaly
62, 27.178, 254.905



Tritanomaly
63, 34.972, 213.740

Monochromacy



Original Color
63, 34.470, 222.312



Achromatopsia
54, 0.007, 296.813



Achromatomaly
56, 17.897, 216.726

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 63, 34.408, 222.365 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(26, 167, 193)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(26, 167, 193)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(26, 167, 193) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(26, 167, 193) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 63, 34.408, 222.365 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

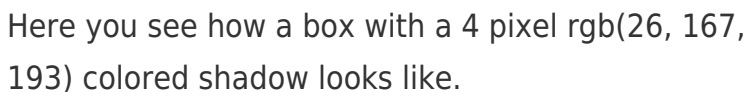
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(26, 167, 193) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(26, 167, 193) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(26, 167, 193)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(26, 167, 193); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(26, 167, 193);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(26, 167,  
193) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 63, 34.408, 222.365 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(26, 167, 193) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(26, 167,  
193) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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