

Converting Colors

CIELCh(63, 35.329, 136.133)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(63, 35.329, 136.133)
contains.

CIELCh(63, 35.350, 136.101)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(63, 35.350, 136.101)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	79A46C
RGB	121, 164, 108
RGB Percent	47%, 64%, 42%
CMY	0.5264, 0.3578, 0.5774
CMYK	0.26, 0.00, 0.34, 0.36
HSL	106°, 23%, 53%
HSV	106°, 34%, 64%
XYZ	23.7765, 31.5869, 18.9661
YIQ	144.7590, -7.6520, -26.5320

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

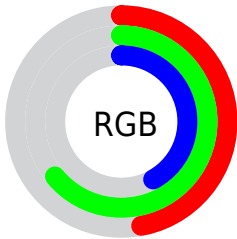
Format	Color
RYB	108, 164, 151
Decimal	7971948
CIELab	63.00, -25.47, 24.51
CIELCh	63, 35.350, 136.101
Yxy	31.5869, 0.3199, 0.4250
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286162028 (0xFF79A46C)
YUV	144.7590, -18.1222, -20.8366
Hunter-Lab	56.2022, -22.8391, 19.3335

Details

The CIELCh color **63, 35.350, 136.101** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669966**. A complement of this color would be **52, 35.995, 319.302**, and the grayscale version is **60, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **83, 35.287, 136.343**, and **43, 35.155, 136.000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **62, 45.408, 135.485**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **64, 25.050, 136.682**.

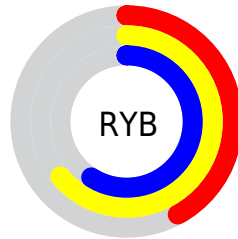
Distribution



Red (47%)

Green (64%)

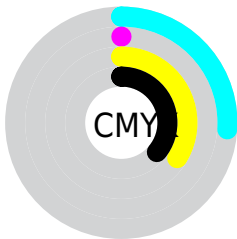
Blue (42%)



Red (42%)

Yellow (64%)

Blue (59%)

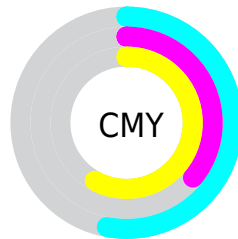


Cyan (26%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (34%)

Black (36%)



Cyan (53%)


Magenta (36%)


Yellow (58%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 63, 35.350, 136.101 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 63, 35.350, 136.101 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 63, 35.350,
136.101


 63, 35.350,
136.101


 100, 35.350,
136.101


 53, 35.350,
136.101


 83, 35.350,
136.101

 43, 35.350,
136.101

 93, 35.350,
136.101

 33, 35.350,
136.101

 23, 35.350,
136.101

 13, 35.350,
136.101

 3, 35.350, 136.101

 0, 35.350, 136.101

■ 63, 35.350,
136.101

■ 63, 35.350,
136.101

■ 62, 45.408,
135.485

■ 64, 25.050,
136.682

■ 61, 55.005,
134.864

■ 65, 14.662,
137.212

■ 60, 63.853,
134.300

■ 67, 4.303, 137.707

■ 60, 71.578,
133.886

■ 68, 5.947, 318.047

■ 59, 77.748,
133.743

■ 70, 16.027,
318.420

■ 59, 81.998,
133.978

■ 71, 25.901,
318.730

■ 59, 83.873,
134.144

■ 73, 35.542,
318.994

■ 75, 44.939,
319.220

■ 77, 54.018,
319.449

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63, 35.350, 136.101



52, 35.995, 319.302

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63, 35.350, 136.101



63, 35.350, 186.101



63, 35.350, 316.101



63, 35.350, 6.101

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63, 35.351, 136.102



83, 12.711, 137.411



62, 24.471, 94.270



44, 8.747, 137.345



93, 0.011, 296.813



45, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63, 35.351, 136.102



79, 52.022, 135.638



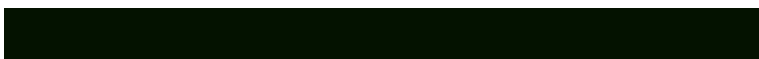
63, 31.431, 150.238



34, 5.816, 137.456



53, 76.744, 134.035



4, 9.092, 138.508

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



52, 35.995, 319.302



62, 53.144, 319.605



53, 31.694, 335.328



32, 5.852, 318.219



28, 77.797, 319.746



1, 8.905, 316.236

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 63, 35.350, 136.101 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 63, 35.350, 136.101 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

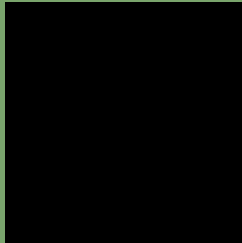
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 63, 35.350, 136.101

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 35.350, 136.101.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 35.350, 136.101.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
63, 35.350, 136.101

Protanopia
63, 27.661, 95.428

Deuteranopia
63, 24.200, 70.762



Tritanopia
63, 11.276, 239.184

Trichromacy



Original Color
63, 35.350, 136.101

Protanomaly
63, 28.188, 113.120

Deuteranomaly
62, 23.398, 101.323

Tritanomaly
63, 13.845, 169.145

Monochromacy



Original Color
63, 35.350, 136.101

Achromatopsia
60, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
61, 13.408, 137.053

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 63, 35.350, 136.101 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(121, 164, 108)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(121, 164, 108)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(121, 164, 108) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(121, 164, 108) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 63, 35.350, 136.101 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(121, 164, 108) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(121, 164, 108) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(121, 164, 108) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(121, 164, 108); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(121, 164, 108);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(121, 164,  
108) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 63, 35.350, 136.101 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(121, 164, 108) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(121,  
164, 108) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor