

Converting Colors

CIELCh(63, 35.418, 219.060)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(63, 35.418, 219.060)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(63, 35.438, 218.434)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00A8BF
RGB	0, 168, 191
RGB Percent	0%, 66%, 75%
CMY	1.0000, 0.3428, 0.2526
CMYK	1.00, 0.12, 0.00, 0.25
HSL	187°, 100%, 37%
HSV	187°, 100%, 75%
XYZ	23.2623, 31.5869, 53.9241
YIQ	120.3900, -107.5110, -28.4630

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

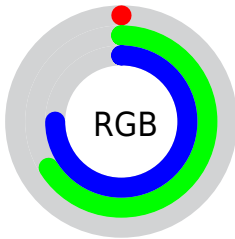
Format	Color
RYB	0, 89, 191
Decimal	43199
CIELab	63.00, -27.76, -22.03
CIELCh	63, 35.438, 218.434
Yxy	31.5869, 0.2139, 0.2904
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278233279 (0xFF00A8BF)
YUV	120.3900, 34.8107, -105.5820
Hunter-Lab	56.2022, -24.4721, -17.5451

Details

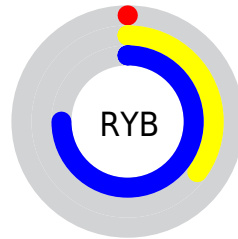
The CIELCh color **63, 35.438, 218.434** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339999**. A complement of this color would be **41, 82.043, 41.505**, and the grayscale version is **50, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **83, 35.468, 217.585**, and **45, 27.588, 225.893** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **63, 35.377, 218.476**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **64, 34.961, 216.408**.

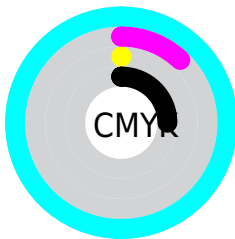
Distribution



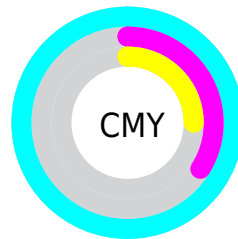
- Red (0%)
- Green (66%)
- Blue (75%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (35%)
- Blue (75%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (25%)





- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (34%)
- Yellow (25%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 63, 35.438, 218.434 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 63, 35.438, 218.434 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 63, 35.438,
218.434


 63, 35.438,
218.434


 100, 35.438,
218.434


 53, 35.438,
218.434


 83, 35.438,
218.434

 43, 35.438,
218.434

 93, 35.438,
218.434

 33, 35.438,
218.434

 23, 35.438,
218.434

 13, 35.438,
218.434

 3, 35.438, 218.434

 0, 35.438, 218.434

■ 63, 35.438,
218.434

■ 63, 35.438,
218.434

■ 63, 35.377,
218.476

■ 64, 34.961,
216.408

■ 65, 33.955,
214.687

■ 66, 32.167,
213.346

■ 67, 29.561,
212.338

■ 68, 26.160,
211.613

■ 70, 22.024,
211.124

■ 71, 17.241,
210.832

■ 73, 11.911,

210.702

■ 75, 6.133, 210.726

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63, 35.438, 218.434



41, 82.043, 41.505

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63, 35.438, 218.434



63, 35.438, 268.434



63, 35.438, 38.434



63, 35.438, 88.434

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63, 35.377, 218.476



90, 21.267, 210.842



67, 93.739, 137.096



48, 14.374, 210.949



99, 0.012, 296.813



52, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63, 35.377, 218.476



80, 42.989, 218.879



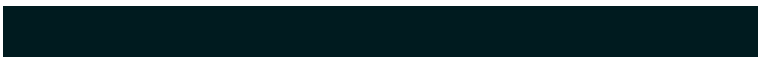
35, 72.470, 293.642



39, 3.454, 210.734



53, 30.835, 218.126



8, 10.003, 214.531

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



44, 84.450, 333.715



57, 102.567, 333.815



56, 66.389, 70.864



37, 6.506, 328.423



36, 73.637, 333.628



3, 19.074, 330.197

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 63, 35.438, 218.434 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 63, 35.438, 218.434 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

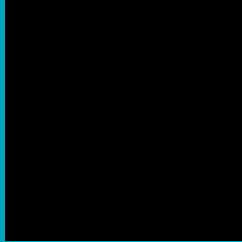
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

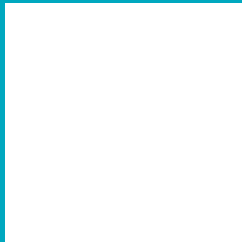
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 63, 35.438, 218.434

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 35.438, 218.434.

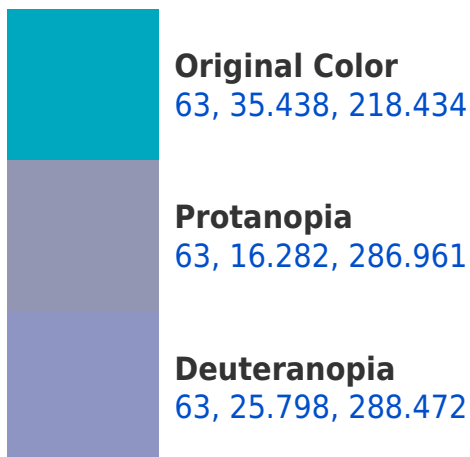


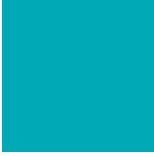
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 35.438, 218.434.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
63, 35.548, 208.604

Trichromacy



Original Color
63, 35.438, 218.434



Protanomaly
61, 23.977, 237.769



Deuteranomaly
62, 27.478, 247.979



Tritanomaly
63, 35.299, 212.577

Monochromacy



Original Color
63, 35.438, 218.434



Achromatopsia
50, 0.007, 296.813



Achromatomaly
53, 20.400, 212.491

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 63, 35.438, 218.434 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 168, 191)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 168, 191)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 168, 191) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 168, 191) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 63, 35.438, 218.434 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 168, 191) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 168, 191) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 168, 191)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 168, 191); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 168, 191);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 168,  
191) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 63, 35.438, 218.434 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 168, 191) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 168,  
191) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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