

Converting Colors

CIELCh(63, 37.469, 194.475)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(63, 37.469, 194.475)
contains.

CIELCh(63, 37.306, 194.608)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(63, 37.306, 194.608)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00AAA8
RGB	0, 170, 168
RGB Percent	0%, 67%, 66%
CMY	0.9995, 0.3332, 0.3411
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.01, 0.33
HSL	179°, 100%, 33%
HSV	179°, 100%, 67%
XYZ	21.4504, 31.5869, 42.0237
YIQ	118.9420, -100.6780, -36.6620

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

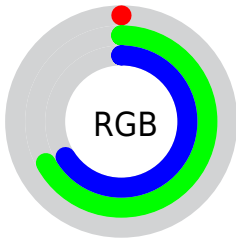
Format	Color
RYB	0, 86, 170
Decimal	43688
CIELab	63.00, -36.10, -9.41
CIELCh	63, 37.306, 194.608
Yxy	31.5869, 0.2256, 0.3323
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278233768 (0xFF00AAA8)
YUV	118.9420, 24.1856, -104.3121
Hunter-Lab	56.2022, -30.2267, -4.9909

Details

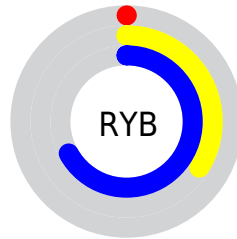
The CIELCh color **63, 37.306, 194.608** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009999**. A complement of this color would be **35, 76.520, 39.390**, and the grayscale version is **50, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **83, 37.330, 194.443**, and **44, 28.354, 195.134** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **63, 37.310, 194.605**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **63, 36.590, 194.808**.

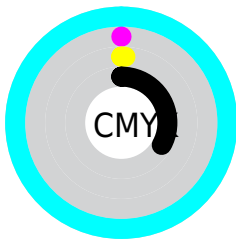
Distribution



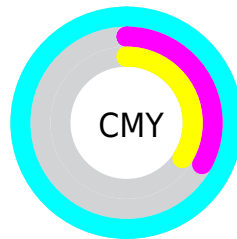
- Red (0%)
- Green (67%)
- Blue (66%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (34%)
- Blue (67%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (33%)




- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (33%)
- Yellow (34%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 63, 37.306, 194.608 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 63, 37.306, 194.608 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 63, 37.306,
194.608


 63, 37.306,
194.608

 100, 37.306,
194.608

 53, 37.306,
194.608

 83, 37.306,
194.608

 43, 37.306,
194.608

 93, 37.306,
194.608

 33, 37.306,
194.608

 23, 37.306,
194.608

 13, 37.306,
194.608

 3, 37.306, 194.608

 0, 37.306, 194.608

■ 63, 37.306,
194.608

■ 63, 37.306,
194.608

■ 63, 37.310,
194.605

■ 63, 36.590,
194.808

■ 63, 35.310,
195.036

■ 64, 33.275,
195.304

■ 64, 30.455,
195.617

■ 65, 26.866,
195.980

■ 65, 22.560,
196.392

■ 66, 17.618,
196.854

■ 67, 12.136,

197.365

■ 68, 6.214, 197.940

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63, 37.306, 194.608



35, 76.520, 39.390

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63, 37.306, 194.608



63, 37.306, 244.608



63, 37.306, 14.608



63, 37.306, 64.608

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63, 37.306, 194.607



84, 21.879, 196.824



61, 88.297, 135.943



44, 14.806, 196.630



95, 0.011, 296.813



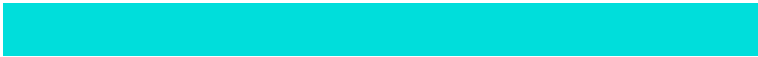
47, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63, 37.306, 194.607



80, 45.509, 194.573



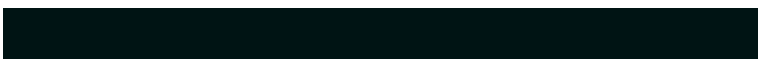
38, 51.202, 282.045



35, 3.519, 197.981



55, 33.673, 194.625



5, 6.576, 198.033

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



35, 76.520, 39.390



46, 93.630, 39.612



45, 63.240, 59.506



33, 3.723, 18.952



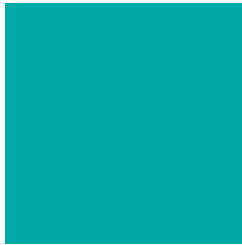
30, 68.603, 38.892



1, 6.574, 18.560

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 63, 37.306, 194.608 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 63, 37.306, 194.608 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

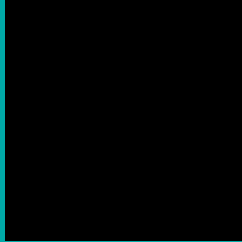
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 63, 37.306, 194.608

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 37.306, 194.608.

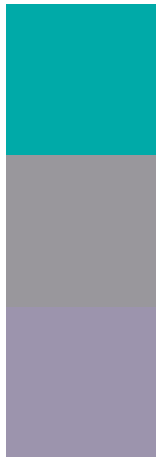


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 37.306, 194.608.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
63, 37.306, 194.608

Protanopia
63, 2.917, 305.630

Deuteranopia
63, 14.372, 303.392

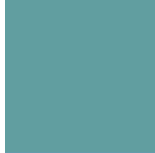


Tritanopia
63, 33.673, 210.426

Trichromacy



Original Color
63, 37.306, 194.608



Protanomaly
61, 20.480, 200.809



Deuteranomaly
61, 20.050, 223.069



Tritanomaly
63, 35.001, 204.052

Monochromacy



Original Color
63, 37.306, 194.608



Achromatopsia
50, 0.007, 296.813



Achromatomaly
54, 21.022, 195.780

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 63, 37.306, 194.608 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 170, 168)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 170, 168)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 170, 168) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 170, 168) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 63, 37.306, 194.608 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 170, 168) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 170, 168) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 170, 168)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 170, 168); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 170, 168);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 170,  
168) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 63, 37.306, 194.608 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 170, 168) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 170,  
168) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor