

Converting Colors

CIELCh(63, 39.956, 150.142)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(63, 39.956, 150.142)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(63, 40.069, 150.292)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5EA874
RGB	94, 168, 116
RGB Percent	37%, 66%, 45%
CMY	0.6319, 0.3417, 0.5456
CMYK	0.44, 0.00, 0.31, 0.34
HSL	138°, 30%, 51%
HSV	138°, 44%, 66%
XYZ	21.7259, 31.5869, 21.4370
YIQ	139.9460, -27.4120, -31.8600

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

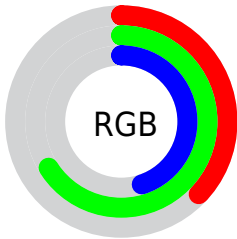
Format	Color
RYB	94, 151, 168
Decimal	6203508
CIELab	63.00, -34.80, 19.86
CIElCh	63, 40.069, 150.292
Yxy	31.5869, 0.2906, 0.4226
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284393588 (0xFF5EA874)
YUV	139.9460, -11.8054, -40.2946
Hunter-Lab	56.2022, -29.3518, 16.7268

Details

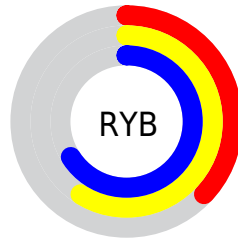
The CIELCh color **63, 40.069, 150.292** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669966**. A complement of this color would be **50, 40.481, 337.465**, and the grayscale version is **58, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **83, 40.346, 150.061**, and **43, 40.067, 150.169** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **62, 48.484, 149.025**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **64, 31.232, 151.396**.

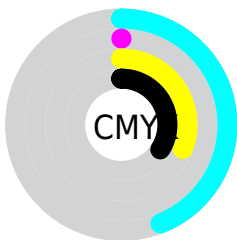
Distribution



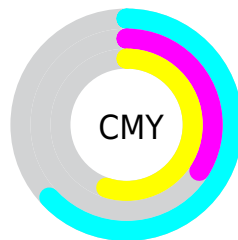
- Red (37%)
- Green (66%)
- Blue (45%)



- Red (37%)
- Yellow (59%)
- Blue (66%)



- Cyan (44%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (31%)
- Black (34%)





- Cyan (63%)
- Magenta (34%)
- Yellow (55%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 63, 40.069, 150.292 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 63, 40.069, 150.292 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 63, 40.069,
150.292


 63, 40.069,
150.292


 100, 40.069,
150.292


 53, 40.069,
150.292


 83, 40.069,
150.292

 43, 40.069,
150.292

 93, 40.069,
150.292

 33, 40.069,
150.292

 23, 40.069,
150.292

 13, 40.069,
150.292

 3, 40.069, 150.292

 0, 40.069, 150.292

■ 63, 40.069,
150.292

■ 63, 40.069,
150.292

■ 62, 48.484,
149.025

■ 64, 31.232,
151.396

■ 61, 56.301,
147.581

■ 65, 22.135,
152.359

■ 61, 63.360,
145.958

■ 67, 12.925,
153.203

■ 60, 69.528,
144.174

■ 68, 3.724, 153.989

■ 60, 74.718,
142.277

■ 70, 5.375, 334.496

■ 60, 77.412,
141.217

■ 72, 14.303,
335.098

■ 74, 23.012,
335.612

■ 76, 31.472,
336.070

■ 78, 39.668,
336.482

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63, 40.069, 150.292



50, 40.481, 337.465

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63, 40.069, 150.292



63, 40.069, 200.292



63, 40.069, 330.292



63, 40.069, 20.292

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63, 40.070, 150.292



85, 14.827, 153.269



66, 40.696, 118.623



45, 10.367, 153.099



94, 0.011, 296.813



46, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63, 40.070, 150.292



79, 59.066, 149.039



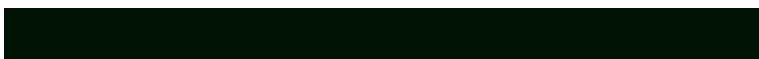
64, 27.052, 177.687



35, 5.194, 153.576



53, 70.174, 141.440



5, 9.747, 152.568

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



50, 40.481, 337.465



60, 59.372, 338.364



49, 32.276, 7.575



33, 5.220, 334.768



32, 61.805, 344.317



2, 8.960, 337.350

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 63, 40.069, 150.292 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 63, 40.069, 150.292 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 63, 40.069, 150.292

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 40.069, 150.292.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 40.069, 150.292.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
63, 40.069, 150.292

Protanopia
63, 23.862, 95.148

Deuteranopia
63, 19.312, 65.843



Tritanopia
63, 18.859, 219.018

Trichromacy



Original Color
63, 40.069, 150.292



Protanomaly
62, 26.077, 124.922



Deuteranomaly
62, 19.631, 116.476



Tritanomaly
63, 22.342, 181.363

Monochromacy



Original Color
63, 40.069, 150.292



Achromatopsia
58, 0.007, 296.813



Achromatomaly
60, 15.099, 152.855

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 63, 40.069, 150.292 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(94, 168, 116)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(94, 168, 116)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(94, 168, 116) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(94, 168, 116) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 63, 40.069, 150.292 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(94, 168, 116) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(94, 168, 116) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(94, 168, 116)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(94, 168, 116); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(94, 168, 116);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(94, 168,  
116) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 63, 40.069, 150.292 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(94, 168, 116) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(94, 168,  
116) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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