

Converting Colors

CIELCh(63, 4.457, 40.831)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(63, 4.457, 40.831) contains.

CIELCh(63, 4.630, 40.828)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(63, 4.630, 40.828)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A19693
RGB	161, 150, 147
RGB Percent	63%, 59%, 58%
CMY	0.3678, 0.4110, 0.4227
CMYK	0.00, 0.07, 0.09, 0.37
HSL	13°, 7%, 60%
HSV	13°, 9%, 63%
XYZ	30.9586, 31.5869, 32.1503
YIQ	152.9470, 7.5190, 1.3990

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

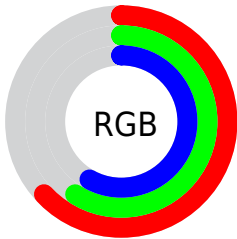
Format	Color
R _Y B	161, 151, 147
Decimal	10589843
CIE Lab	63.00, 3.50, 3.03
CIE LCh	63, 4.630, 40.828
Yxy	31.5869, 0.3269, 0.3336
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288779923 (0xFFA19693)
YUV	152.9470, -2.9319, 7.0625
Hunter-Lab	56.2022, -0.0283, 5.4249

Details

The CIELCh color $63, 4.630, 40.828$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $64, 4.396, 221.571$, and the grayscale version is $63, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $83, 4.702, 39.219$, and $43, 4.415, 35.578$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $59, 10.367, 40.730$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $67, 0.675, 221.893$.

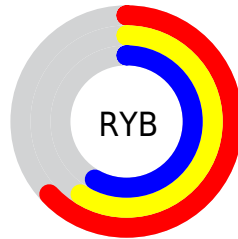
Distribution



Red (63%)

Green (59%)

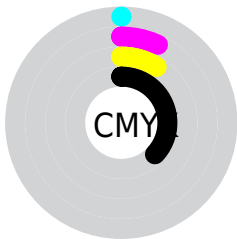
Blue (58%)



Red (63%)

Yellow (59%)

Blue (58%)

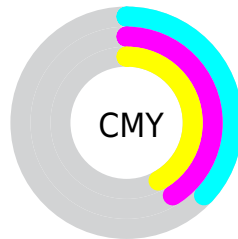


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (7%)

Yellow (9%)

Black (37%)



Cyan (37%)

Magenta (41%)

Yellow (42%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 63, 4.630, 40.828 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 63, 4.630, 40.828 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 63, 4.630, 40.828

 63, 4.630, 40.828

 100, 4.630, 40.828

 53, 4.630, 40.828

 83, 4.630, 40.828

 43, 4.630, 40.828

 93, 4.630, 40.828

 33, 4.630, 40.828

 23, 4.630, 40.828

 13, 4.630, 40.828

 3, 4.630, 40.828

 0, 4.630, 40.828

 63, 4.630, 40.828

 63, 4.630, 40.828

 59, 10.367, 40.730

 67, 0.675, 221.893

56, 16.576, 40.683

71, 5.591, 221.620

52, 23.286, 40.771

75, 10.160,
221.952

49, 30.501, 41.034

78, 14.423,
222.338

45, 38.191, 41.498

42, 46.249, 42.167

82, 18.418,
222.750

40, 54.430, 42.966

86, 22.178,
223.174

38, 62.177, 43.648

36, 68.817, 44.060

90, 25.093,
217.700

94, 27.972,
201.425

94, 29.081,
197.626

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63, 4.630, 40.828



64, 4.396, 221.571

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63, 4.630, 40.828



63, 4.630, 90.828



63, 4.630, 220.828



63, 4.630, 270.828

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63, 4.629, 40.852



82, 1.931, 40.801



63, 8.290, 331.025



43, 1.466, 40.840



92, 0.011, 296.813



44, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63, 4.629, 40.852



79, 6.626, 40.834



65, 5.664, 92.631



33, 3.052, 40.845



32, 64.188, 44.242



2, 4.645, 38.813

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



64, 4.396, 221.571



81, 6.231, 221.618



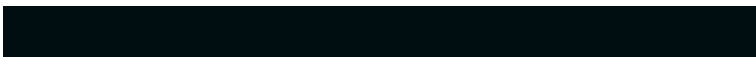
63, 5.683, 274.814



33, 2.887, 221.588



44, 29.072, 237.843



3, 4.510, 227.188

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 63, 4.630, 40.828 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 63, 4.630, 40.828 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

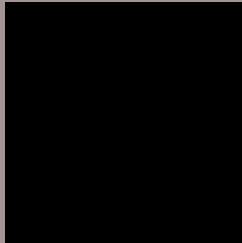
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

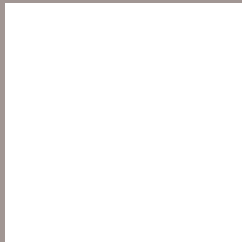
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 63, 4.630, 40.828

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 4.630, 40.828.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 4.630, 40.828.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


63, 4.630, 40.828

Protanopia

63, 2.706, 74.701

Deuteranopia

63, 8.717, 16.557



Tritanopia
63, 8.864, 331.059

Trichromacy



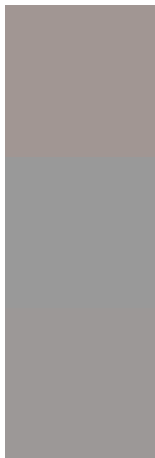
Original Color
63, 4.630, 40.828

Protanomaly
63, 3.195, 51.020

Deuteranomaly
63, 7.098, 20.027

Tritanomaly
63, 6.060, 346.393

Monochromacy



Original Color
63, 4.630, 40.828

Achromatopsia
63, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
63, 1.639, 39.137

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 63, 4.630, 40.828 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(161, 150, 147)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(161, 150, 147)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(161, 150, 147) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(161, 150, 147) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 63, 4.630, 40.828 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(161, 150, 147) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(161, 150, 147) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(161, 150, 147)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(161, 150, 147); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(161, 150, 147);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(161, 150,  
147) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 63, 4.630, 40.828 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(161, 150, 147) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(161,  
150, 147) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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