

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(63, 42.245, 337.166)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(63, 42.245, 337.166)  
contains.

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**Color**

**CIELCh(63, 42.277, 337.181)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CE7EB6
RGB	206, 126, 182
RGB Percent	81%, 49%, 71%
CMY	0.1906, 0.5044, 0.2848
CMYK	0.00, 0.39, 0.12, 0.19
HSL	318°, 45%, 65%
HSV	318°, 39%, 81%
XYZ	41.5541, 31.5869, 48.3680
YIQ	156.3040, 29.7040, 34.3760

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

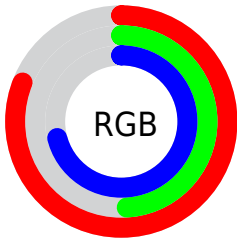
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	206, 126, 182
Decimal	13532854
CIE Lab	63.00, 38.97, -16.40
CIE LCh	63, 42.277, 337.181
Yxy	31.5869, 0.3420, 0.2600
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291722934 (0xFFCE7EB6)
YUV	156.3040, 12.6681, 43.5834
Hunter-Lab	56.2022, 33.6231, -11.6837

# Details

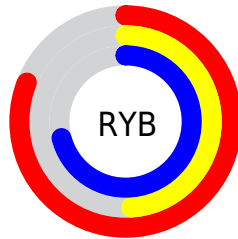
The CIELCh color  $63, 42.277, 337.181$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $CC6699$ . A complement of this color would be  $77, 41.801, 150.939$ , and the grayscale version is  $65, 0.008, 296.813$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $82, 40.233, 333.443$ , and  $43, 41.989, 337.157$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $59, 52.435, 338.072$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $68, 31.525, 336.359$ .

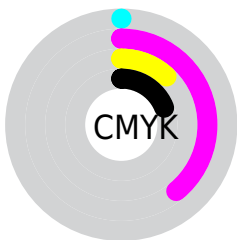
# Distribution



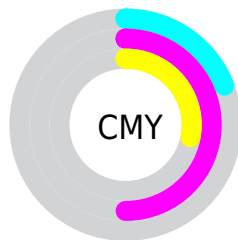
- Red (81%)
- Green (49%)
- Blue (71%)



- Red (81%)
- Yellow (49%)
- Blue (71%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (39%)
- Yellow (12%)
- Black (19%)




- Cyan (19%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (28%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 63, 42.277, 337.181 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 63, 42.277, 337.181 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 63, 42.277,  
337.181


 63, 42.277,  
337.181


 100, 42.277,  
337.181


 53, 42.277,  
337.181


 83, 42.277,  
337.181

 43, 42.277,  
337.181

 93, 42.277,  
337.181

 33, 42.277,  
337.181

 23, 42.277,  
337.181

 13, 42.277,  
337.181

 3, 42.277, 337.181

 0, 42.277, 337.181

63, 42.277,  
337.181

63, 42.277,  
337.181

59, 52.435,  
338.072

68, 31.525,  
336.359

55, 61.557,  
339.054

73, 20.531,  
335.588

51, 69.115,  
340.161

78, 9.534, 334.851

49, 74.604,  
341.448

84, 1.310, 154.478

47, 77.687,  
342.984

89, 11.908,  
153.607


46, 78.534,  
344.824

95, 22.209,  
152.994

46, 78.590,  
345.059

96, 22.801,  
156.992

96, 20.705,  
163.346

 96, 18.889,  
170.981

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63, 42.277, 337.181



77, 41.801, 150.939

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63, 42.277, 337.181



63, 42.277, 27.181



63, 42.277, 157.181



63, 42.277, 207.181

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63, 42.274, 337.182



92, 15.520, 335.099



58, 46.290, 304.576



48, 10.304, 335.196



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63, 42.274, 337.182



72, 60.124, 337.961



62, 33.301, 7.980



40, 6.109, 334.897



37, 66.962, 344.716



4, 22.732, 340.771



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



63, 42.274, 337.182



72, 60.124, 337.961



78, 28.239, 179.549



40, 6.109, 334.897



37, 66.962, 344.716



4, 22.732, 340.771



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 63, 42.277, 337.181 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

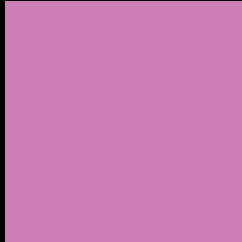
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 63, 42.277, 337.181 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

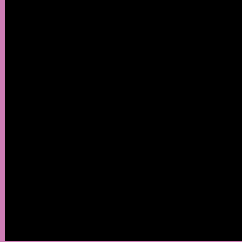
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 63, 42.277, 337.181

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 42.277, 337.181.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 42.277, 337.181.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy







**Tritanopia**  
63, 27.962, 11.151

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
63, 42.277, 337.181



**Protanomaly**  
63, 30.282, 307.764



**Deuteranomaly**  
63, 25.020, 321.153

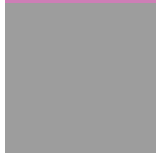


**Tritanomaly**  
63, 31.912, 355.271

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
63, 42.277, 337.181



**Achromatopsia**  
65, 0.008, 296.813



**Achromatomaly**  
64, 15.713, 335.838

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 63, 42.277, 337.181 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(206, 126, 182)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(206, 126, 182)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(206, 126, 182) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(206, 126, 182) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 63, 42.277, 337.181 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(206, 126, 182) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(206, 126, 182) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(206, 126, 182)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(206, 126, 182); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(206, 126, 182);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(206, 126,  
182) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 63, 42.277, 337.181 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(206, 126, 182) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(206,  
126, 182) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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