

Converting Colors

CIELCh(63, 44.240, 348.224)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(63, 44.240, 348.224)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(63, 44.137, 348.177)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DA7AAA
RGB	218, 122, 170
RGB Percent	85%, 48%, 67%
CMY	0.1464, 0.5228, 0.3346
CMYK	0.00, 0.44, 0.22, 0.15
HSL	330°, 56%, 67%
HSV	330°, 44%, 85%
XYZ	42.9600, 31.5869, 41.7080
YIQ	156.1760, 41.8080, 35.2800

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

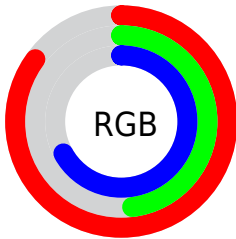
Format	Color
R_{YB}	218, 122, 170
Decimal	14318250
CIE _{Lab}	63.00, 43.20, -9.04
CIE _{LCh}	63, 44.137, 348.177
Yxy	31.5869, 0.3695, 0.2717
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292508330 (0xFFDA7AAA)
YUV	156.1760, 6.8152, 54.2196
Hunter-Lab	56.2022, 38.0884, -4.6579

Details

The CIELCh color $63, 44.137, 348.177$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $CC6699$. A complement of this color would be $80, 41.954, 159.163$, and the grayscale version is $64, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $81, 38.179, 340.223$, and $43, 44.112, 348.166$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $58, 53.360, 349.671$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $68, 34.262, 346.910$.

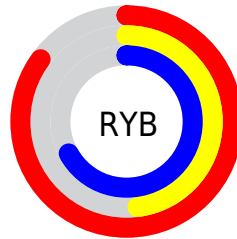
Distribution



Red (85%)

Green (48%)

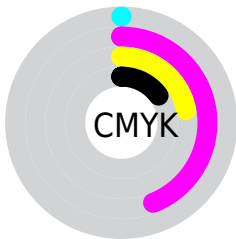
Blue (67%)



Red (85%)

Yellow (48%)

Blue (67%)

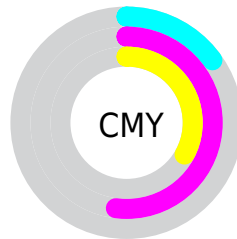


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (44%)

Yellow (22%)

Black (15%)



Cyan (15%)

Magenta (52%)

Yellow (33%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 63, 44.137, 348.177 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 63, 44.137, 348.177 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 63, 44.137,
348.177


 63, 44.137,
348.177

 100, 44.137,
348.177


 53, 44.137,
348.177


 83, 44.137,
348.177

 43, 44.137,
348.177

 93, 44.137,
348.177

 33, 44.137,
348.177

 23, 44.137,
348.177

 13, 44.137,
348.177

 3, 44.137, 348.177

 0, 44.137, 348.177

63, 44.137,
348.177

63, 44.137,
348.177

58, 53.360,
349.671

68, 34.262,
346.910

55, 61.457,
351.474

73, 24.124,
345.807

51, 67.903,
353.709

79, 13.984,
344.822

49, 72.280,
356.528

85, 4.012, 343.872

47, 74.487, 0.095

90, 5.694, 163.265

47, 75.140, 2.503

96, 15.084,
162.493

97, 13.682,
178.563

97, 12.558,
198.667

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63, 44.137, 348.177



80, 41.954, 159.163

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63, 44.137, 348.177



63, 44.137, 38.177



63, 44.137, 168.177



63, 44.137, 218.177

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63, 44.134, 348.178



92, 14.655, 344.730



59, 56.197, 310.773



47, 10.280, 344.940



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63, 44.134, 348.178



68, 59.526, 349.571



62, 40.533, 22.798



43, 5.638, 344.389



37, 63.493, 1.772



6, 25.070, 354.518

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



63, 44.134, 348.178



68, 59.526, 349.571



81, 29.815, 195.696



43, 5.638, 344.389



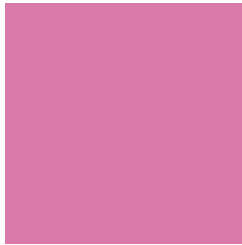
37, 63.493, 1.772



6, 25.070, 354.518

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 63, 44.137, 348.177 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

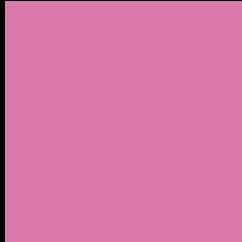
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 63, 44.137, 348.177 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

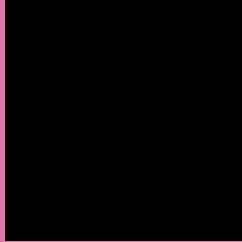
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 63, 44.137, 348.177

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 44.137, 348.177.

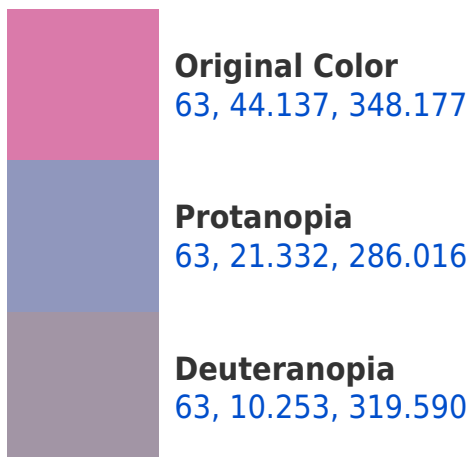


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 44.137, 348.177.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
63, 35.529, 15.495

Trichromacy



Original Color
63, 44.137, 348.177



Protanomaly
62, 26.189, 317.904



Deuteranomaly
63, 22.589, 338.077

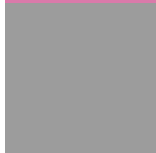


Tritanomaly
63, 37.266, 4.096

Monochromacy



Original Color
63, 44.137, 348.177



Achromatopsia
64, 0.008, 296.813



Achromatomaly
63, 16.173, 345.283

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 63, 44.137, 348.177 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(218, 122, 170)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(218, 122, 170)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(218, 122, 170) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(218, 122, 170) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 63, 44.137, 348.177 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(218, 122, 170) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(218, 122, 170) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(218, 122, 170)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(218, 122, 170); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(218, 122, 170);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(218, 122,  
170) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 63, 44.137, 348.177 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(218, 122, 170) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(218,  
122, 170) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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