

Converting Colors

CIELCh(63, 44.985, 168.745)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(63, 44.985, 168.745)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(63, 44.789, 168.998)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	22AC88
RGB	34, 172, 136
RGB Percent	13%, 67%, 53%
CMY	0.8672, 0.3258, 0.4670
CMYK	0.80, 0.00, 0.21, 0.33
HSL	164°, 67%, 40%
HSV	164°, 80%, 67%
XYZ	19.8303, 31.5869, 28.3157
YIQ	126.6340, -70.6920, -40.4520

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

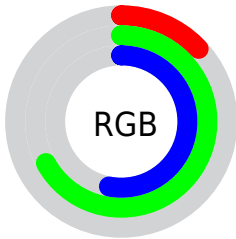
Format	Color
RYB	34, 113, 172
Decimal	2272392
CIELab	63.00, -43.97, 8.55
CIElCh	63, 44.789, 168.998
Yxy	31.5869, 0.2487, 0.3962
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280462472 (0xFF22AC88)
YUV	126.6340, 4.6174, -81.2400
Hunter-Lab	56.2022, -35.3724, 9.4702

Details

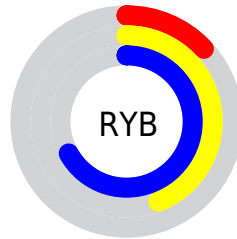
The CIELCh color **63, 44.789, 168.998** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009966**. A complement of this color would be **38, 57.828, 14.610**, and the grayscale version is **53, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **83, 44.673, 168.877**, and **44, 38.558, 164.593** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **63, 47.654, 167.151**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **63, 41.205, 170.658**.

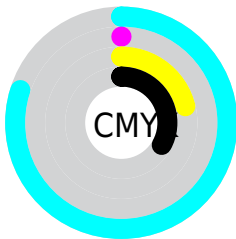
Distribution



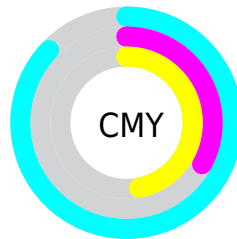
- Red (13%)
- Green (67%)
- Blue (53%)



- Red (13%)
- Yellow (44%)
- Blue (67%)



- Cyan (80%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (21%)
- Black (33%)



- Cyan (87%)
- Magenta (33%)
- Yellow (47%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 63, 44.789, 168.998 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 63, 44.789, 168.998 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 63, 44.789,
168.998

 63, 44.789,
168.998

 100, 44.789,
168.998

 53, 44.789,
168.998

 83, 44.789,
168.998

 43, 44.789,
168.998

 93, 44.789,
168.998

 33, 44.789,
168.998

 23, 44.789,
168.998

 13, 44.789,
168.998

 3, 44.789, 168.998

 0, 44.789, 168.998

■ 63, 44.789,
168.998

■ 63, 44.789,
168.998

■ 63, 47.654,
167.151

■ 63, 41.205,
170.658

■ 63, 49.921,
165.248

■ 64, 36.894,
172.149

■ 65, 31.905,
173.493

■ 65, 26.321,
174.714

■ 66, 20.248,
175.834

■ 68, 13.801,
176.875

■ 69, 7.088, 177.867

■ 70, 0.208, 180.820

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63, 44.789, 168.998



38, 57.828, 14.610

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63, 44.789, 168.998



63, 44.789, 218.998



63, 44.789, 348.998



63, 44.789, 38.998

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63, 44.789, 168.997



85, 20.129, 176.454



62, 77.835, 133.026



45, 13.728, 176.093



95, 0.011, 296.813



47, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63, 44.789, 168.997



80, 60.217, 165.664



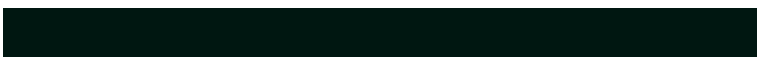
54, 30.833, 234.960



36, 3.924, 177.966



55, 45.094, 165.491



6, 8.776, 172.903

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



38, 57.828, 14.610



48, 79.808, 23.181



42, 58.219, 44.264



34, 4.045, 359.547



31, 59.995, 23.557



2, 8.197, 2.286

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 63, 44.789, 168.998 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 63, 44.789, 168.998 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 63, 44.789, 168.998

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 44.789, 168.998.

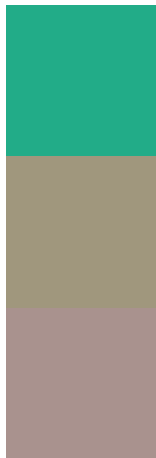


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 44.789, 168.998.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
63, 44.789, 168.998

Protanopia
63, 14.947, 94.151

Deuteranopia
62, 9.503, 33.736



Tritanopia
63, 29.937, 211.308

Trichromacy



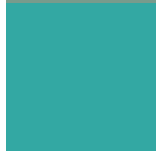
Original Color
63, 44.789, 168.998



Protanomaly
62, 24.196, 153.407



Deuteranomaly
61, 15.787, 165.654

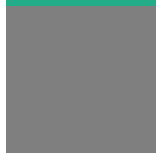


Tritanomaly
63, 33.482, 191.757

Monochromacy



Original Color
63, 44.789, 168.998



Achromatopsia
53, 0.007, 296.813



Achromatomaly
56, 19.915, 175.435

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 63, 44.789, 168.998 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(34, 172, 136)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(34, 172, 136)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(34, 172, 136) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(34, 172, 136) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 63, 44.789, 168.998 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(34, 172, 136) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(34, 172, 136) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(34, 172, 136)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(34, 172, 136); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(34, 172, 136);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(34, 172,  
136) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 63, 44.789, 168.998 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(34, 172, 136) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(34, 172,  
136) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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