

Converting Colors

CIELCh(63, 46.654, 143.948)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(63, 46.654, 143.948)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(63, 46.692, 143.922)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5EA966
RGB	94, 169, 102
RGB Percent	37%, 66%, 40%
CMY	0.6325, 0.3384, 0.6010
CMYK	0.44, 0.00, 0.40, 0.34
HSL	126°, 30%, 51%
HSV	126°, 44%, 66%
XYZ	21.1062, 31.5869, 17.4858
YIQ	138.9370, -23.1930, -36.7370

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

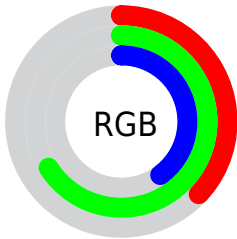
Format	Color
RYB	94, 162, 169
Decimal	6203750
CIELab	63.00, -37.74, 27.50
CIELCh	63, 46.692, 143.922
Yxy	31.5869, 0.3007, 0.4501
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284393830 (0xFF5EA966)
YUV	138.9370, -18.2099, -39.4097
Hunter-Lab	56.2022, -31.3200, 20.8951

Details

The CIELCh color $63, 46.692, 143.922$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 339966 . A complement of this color would be $51, 46.572, 330.050$, and the grayscale version is $58, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $83, 46.730, 144.060$, and $43, 46.559, 144.093$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $62, 56.352, 142.766$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $64, 36.482, 144.941$.

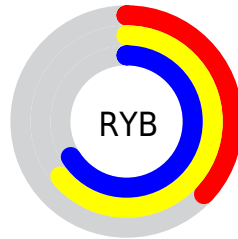
Distribution



Red (37%)

Green (66%)

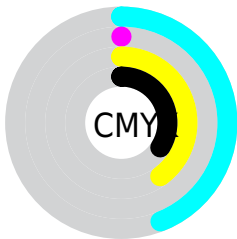
Blue (40%)



Red (37%)

Yellow (64%)

Blue (66%)

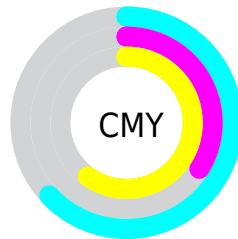


Cyan (44%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (40%)

Black (34%)



Cyan (63%)

Magenta (34%)

Yellow (60%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 63, 46.692, 143.922 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 63, 46.692, 143.922 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 63, 46.692,
143.922


 63, 46.692,
143.922

 100, 46.692,
143.922


 53, 46.692,
143.922


 83, 46.692,
143.922

 43, 46.692,
143.922

 93, 46.692,
143.922

 33, 46.692,
143.922

 23, 46.692,
143.922

 13, 46.692,
143.922

 3, 46.692, 143.922

 0, 46.692, 143.922

■ 63, 46.692,
143.922

■ 63, 46.692,
143.922

■ 62, 56.352,
142.766

■ 64, 36.482,
144.941

■ 61, 65.188,
141.489

■ 65, 25.953,
145.826

■ 61, 72.908,
140.136

■ 67, 15.302,
146.592

■ 60, 79.209,
138.789

■ 68, 4.681, 147.278

■ 60, 83.822,
137.568

■ 70, 5.797, 327.738

■ 60, 85.683,
137.071

■ 72, 16.050,
328.243

■ 74, 26.027,
328.661

■ 76, 35.697,
329.020

■ 78, 45.048,
329.331

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63, 46.692, 143.922



51, 46.572, 330.050

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63, 46.692, 143.922



63, 46.692, 193.922



63, 46.692, 323.922



63, 46.692, 13.922

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63, 46.693, 143.922



85, 17.028, 146.678



67, 40.242, 110.581



44, 11.909, 146.526



94, 0.011, 296.813



46, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63, 46.693, 143.922



79, 67.956, 142.827



64, 31.636, 164.813



35, 5.962, 146.949



53, 77.542, 137.199



5, 10.955, 147.034

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



51, 46.572, 330.050



61, 67.390, 330.587



49, 34.447, 354.480



33, 5.975, 327.987



34, 70.902, 332.913



2, 10.553, 328.690

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 63, 46.692, 143.922 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 63, 46.692, 143.922 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

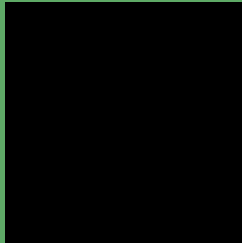
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 63, 46.692, 143.922

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 46.692, 143.922.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 46.692, 143.922.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
63, 46.692, 143.922

Protanopia
63, 31.883, 96.383

Deuteranopia
63, 26.369, 72.489



Tritanopia
63, 18.205, 221.828

Trichromacy



Original Color
63, 46.692, 143.922



Protanomaly
62, 34.295, 120.083



Deuteranomaly
62, 27.091, 111.662



Tritanomaly
63, 23.324, 174.694

Monochromacy



Original Color
63, 46.692, 143.922



Achromatopsia
58, 0.007, 296.813



Achromatomaly
59, 17.742, 145.378

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 63, 46.692, 143.922 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(94, 169, 102)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(94, 169, 102)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(94, 169, 102) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(94, 169, 102) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 63, 46.692, 143.922 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(94, 169, 102) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(94, 169, 102) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(94, 169, 102)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(94, 169, 102); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(94, 169, 102);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(94, 169,  
102) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 63, 46.692, 143.922 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(94, 169, 102) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(94, 169,  
102) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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