

Converting Colors

CIELCh(63, 46.710, 145.341)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(63, 46.710, 145.341)
contains.

CIELCh(63, 46.868, 145.137)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(63, 46.868, 145.137)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5BA967
RGB	91, 169, 103
RGB Percent	36%, 66%, 40%
CMY	0.6431, 0.3372, 0.5960
CMYK	0.46, 0.00, 0.39, 0.34
HSL	129°, 31%, 51%
HSV	129°, 46%, 66%
XYZ	20.9562, 31.5869, 17.8286
YIQ	138.1540, -25.3020, -37.0620

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

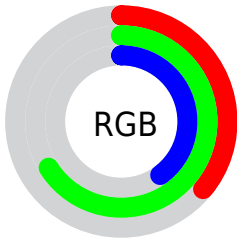
Format	Color
RYB	91, 159, 169
Decimal	6007143
CIELab	63.00, -38.46, 26.79
CIELCh	63, 46.868, 145.137
Yxy	31.5869, 0.2978, 0.4489
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284197223 (0xFF5BA967)
YUV	138.1540, -17.3309, -41.3541
Hunter-Lab	56.2022, -31.7964, 20.5335

Details

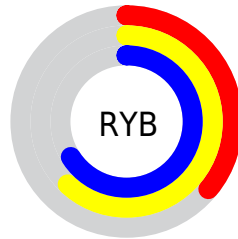
The CIELCh color **63, 46.868, 145.137** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339966**. A complement of this color would be **50, 46.780, 331.791**, and the grayscale version is **58, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **83, 46.934, 145.307**, and **43, 46.741, 145.282** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **62, 56.149, 143.924**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **64, 37.039, 146.203**.

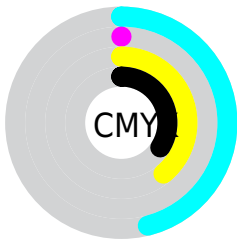
Distribution



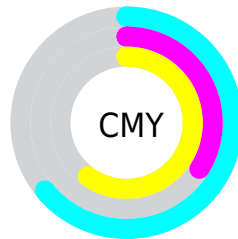
- Red (36%)
- Green (66%)
- Blue (40%)



- Red (36%)
- Yellow (62%)
- Blue (66%)



- Cyan (46%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (39%)
- Black (34%)





- Cyan (64%)
- Magenta (34%)
- Yellow (60%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 63, 46.868, 145.137 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 63, 46.868, 145.137 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 63, 46.868,
145.137


 63, 46.868,
145.137

 100, 46.868,
145.137


 53, 46.868,
145.137


 83, 46.868,
145.137

 43, 46.868,
145.137

 93, 46.868,
145.137

 33, 46.868,
145.137

 23, 46.868,
145.137

 13, 46.868,
145.137

 3, 46.868, 145.137

 0, 46.868, 145.137

■ 63, 46.868,
145.137

■ 63, 46.868,
145.137

■ 62, 56.149,
143.924

■ 64, 37.039,
146.203

■ 61, 64.637,
142.571

■ 65, 26.879,
147.128

■ 61, 72.081,
141.114

■ 67, 16.573,
147.929

■ 61, 78.236,
139.621

■ 68, 6.274, 148.638

■ 60, 82.904,
138.211

■ 70, 3.907, 329.117

■ 60, 84.348,
137.780

■ 72, 13.886,
329.673

■ 74, 23.608,
330.121

■ 76, 33.042,
330.509

■ 78, 42.169,
330.848

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63, 46.868, 145.137



50, 46.780, 331.791

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63, 46.868, 145.137



63, 46.868, 195.137



63, 46.868, 325.137



63, 46.868, 15.137

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63, 46.869, 145.137



85, 17.744, 148.068



67, 41.923, 112.717



44, 12.242, 147.916



94, 0.011, 296.813



46, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63, 46.869, 145.137



79, 68.000, 143.945



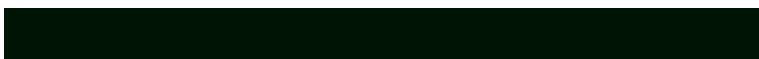
64, 31.435, 167.741



35, 5.767, 148.420



53, 76.172, 137.942



5, 10.649, 148.280

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



50, 46.780, 331.791



60, 67.386, 332.416



49, 35.113, 358.199



33, 5.781, 329.487



34, 68.411, 335.329



2, 10.114, 330.701

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 63, 46.868, 145.137 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 63, 46.868, 145.137 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

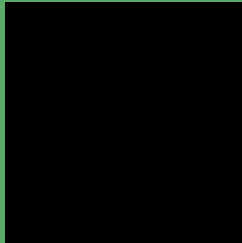
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 63, 46.868, 145.137

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 46.868, 145.137.

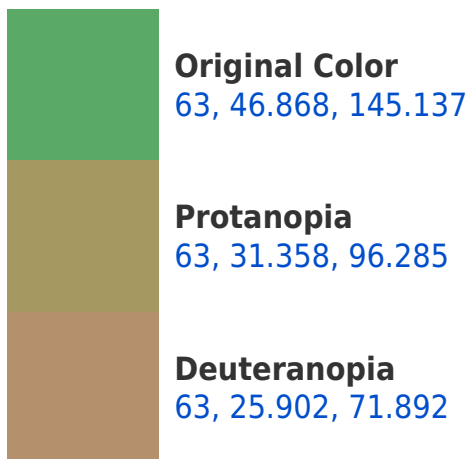


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 46.868, 145.137.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
63, 18.987, 220.716

Trichromacy



Original Color
63, 46.868, 145.137



Protanomaly
62, 33.383, 121.258



Deuteranomaly
62, 26.596, 112.707



Tritanomaly
63, 24.146, 175.453

Monochromacy



Original Color
63, 46.868, 145.137



Achromatopsia
57, 0.007, 296.813



Achromatomaly
59, 17.551, 147.393

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 63, 46.868, 145.137 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(91, 169, 103)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(91, 169, 103)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(91, 169, 103) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(91, 169, 103) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 63, 46.868, 145.137 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(91, 169, 103) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(91, 169, 103) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(91, 169, 103)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(91, 169, 103); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(91, 169, 103);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(91, 169,  
103) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 63, 46.868, 145.137 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(91, 169, 103) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(91, 169,  
103) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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