

Converting Colors

CIELCh(63, 47.623, 356.490)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(63, 47.623, 356.490)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(63, 47.337, 356.557)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E3759F
RGB	227, 117, 159
RGB Percent	89%, 46%, 62%
CMY	0.1095, 0.5409, 0.3762
CMYK	0.00, 0.48, 0.30, 0.11
HSL	337°, 66%, 67%
HSV	337°, 48%, 89%
XYZ	44.3350, 31.5869, 36.5915
YIQ	154.6780, 52.0780, 36.3820

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

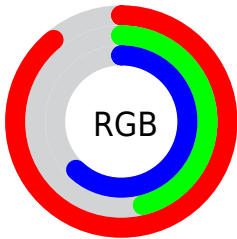
Format	Color
R _Y B	227, 117, 159
Decimal	14906783
CIE Lab	63.00, 47.25, -2.84
CIE LCh	63, 47.337, 356.557
Yxy	31.5869, 0.3940, 0.2807
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293096863 (0xFFE3759F)
YUV	154.6780, 2.1307, 63.4264
Hunter-Lab	56.2022, 42.4554, 0.7397

Details

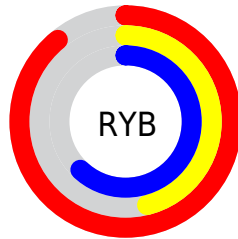
The CIELCh color $63, 47.337, 356.557$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $CC6699$. A complement of this color would be $83, 42.761, 165.276$, and the grayscale version is $64, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $79, 37.325, 346.424$, and $43, 47.410, 356.459$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $58, 56.356, 358.589$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $68, 37.639, 354.901$.

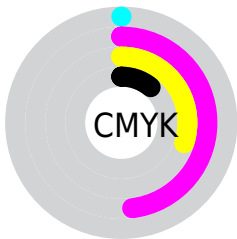
Distribution



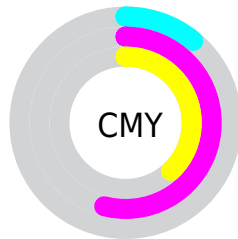
- Red (89%)
- Green (46%)
- Blue (62%)



- Red (89%)
- Yellow (46%)
- Blue (62%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (48%)
- Yellow (30%)
- Black (11%)





- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (54%)
- Yellow (38%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 63, 47.337, 356.557 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 63, 47.337, 356.557 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 63, 47.337,
356.557


 63, 47.337,
356.557


 100, 47.337,
356.557


 53, 47.337,
356.557


 83, 47.337,
356.557

 43, 47.337,
356.557

 93, 47.337,
356.557

 33, 47.337,
356.557

 23, 47.337,
356.557

 13, 47.337,
356.557

 3, 47.337, 356.557

 0, 47.337, 356.557

63, 47.337,
356.557

63, 47.337,
356.557

58, 56.356,
358.589

68, 37.639,
354.901

55, 64.222, 1.130

74, 27.676,
353.514

52, 70.472, 4.355

79, 17.731,
352.324

50, 74.873, 8.441

48, 77.712, 13.429

85, 7.991, 351.264

48, 78.143, 14.228

91, 1.440, 170.761

97, 10.514,
169.654

98, 9.489, 198.876

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63, 47.337, 356.557



83, 42.761, 165.276

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63, 47.337, 356.557



63, 47.337, 46.557



63, 47.337, 176.557



63, 47.337, 226.557

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63, 47.334, 356.559



90, 15.766, 351.959



60, 64.887, 315.165



47, 10.791, 352.189



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63, 47.334, 356.559



65, 61.455, 358.573



65, 42.893, 32.925



45, 5.432, 351.369



38, 65.114, 13.288



7, 26.837, 3.517

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



63, 47.334, 356.559



65, 61.455, 358.573



80, 29.473, 211.025



45, 5.432, 351.369



38, 65.114, 13.288



7, 26.837, 3.517

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 63, 47.337, 356.557 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

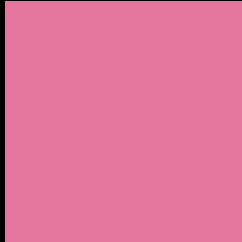
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 63, 47.337, 356.557 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

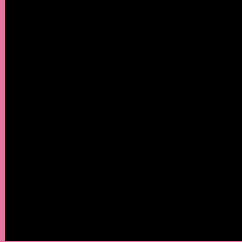
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 63, 47.337, 356.557

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 47.337, 356.557.

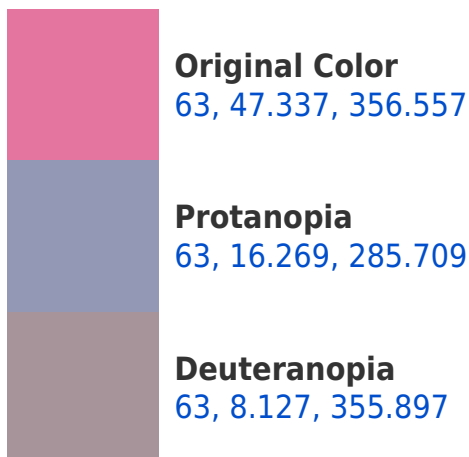


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 47.337, 356.557.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
63, 42.792, 17.889

Trichromacy



Original Color
63, 47.337, 356.557

Protanomaly
62, 23.543, 327.886

Deuteranomaly
63, 22.849, 354.433

Tritanomaly
63, 43.840, 9.722

Monochromacy



Original Color
63, 47.337, 356.557

Achromatopsia
64, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
63, 17.687, 353.141

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 63, 47.337, 356.557 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(227, 117, 159)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(227, 117, 159)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(227, 117, 159) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(227, 117, 159) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 63, 47.337, 356.557 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(227, 117, 159) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(227, 117, 159) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(227, 117, 159)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(227, 117, 159); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(227, 117, 159);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(227, 117,  
159) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 63, 47.337, 356.557 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(227, 117, 159) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(227,  
117, 159) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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