

Converting Colors

CIELCh(63, 5.008, 39.181)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(63, 5.008, 39.181) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(63, 5.005, 39.214)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A29693
RGB	162, 150, 147
RGB Percent	64%, 59%, 58%
CMY	0.3648, 0.4119, 0.4236
CMYK	0.00, 0.07, 0.09, 0.36
HSL	12°, 7%, 61%
HSV	12°, 9%, 64%
XYZ	31.0598, 31.5869, 32.0511
YIQ	153.2460, 8.1150, 1.6110

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

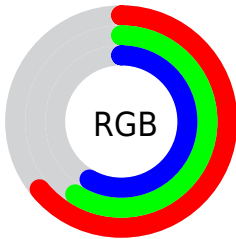
Format	Color
R _Y B	162, 151, 147
Decimal	10655379
CIE Lab	63.00, 3.88, 3.16
CIE LCh	63, 5.005, 39.214
Yxy	31.5869, 0.3280, 0.3336
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288845459 (0xFFA29693)
YUV	153.2460, -3.0793, 7.6773
Hunter-Lab	56.2022, 0.2930, 5.5296

Details

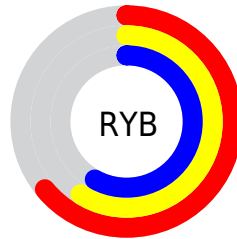
The CIELCh color **63, 5.005, 39.214** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **65, 4.730, 219.855**, and the grayscale version is **63, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **83, 5.057, 37.822**, and **43, 4.833, 34.236** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **59, 10.838, 39.187**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **67, 0.386, 220.724**.

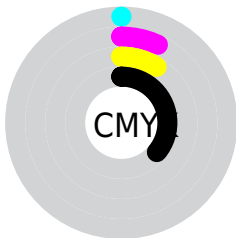
Distribution



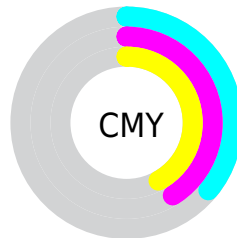
- Red (64%)
- Green (59%)
- Blue (58%)



- Red (64%)
- Yellow (59%)
- Blue (58%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Black (36%)




- Cyan (36%)
- Magenta (41%)
- Yellow (42%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 63, 5.005, 39.214 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 63, 5.005, 39.214 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 63, 5.005, 39.214  63, 5.005, 39.214

 100, 5.005, 39.214  53, 5.005, 39.214

 83, 5.005, 39.214  43, 5.005, 39.214


 93, 5.005, 39.214  33, 5.005, 39.214

 23, 5.005, 39.214

 13, 5.005, 39.214

 3, 5.005, 39.214

 0, 5.005, 39.214

 63, 5.005, 39.214  63, 5.005, 39.214

 59, 10.838, 39.187  67, 0.386, 220.724

■ 55, 17.154, 39.225

■ 71, 5.376, 219.868

■ 52, 23.977, 39.412

■ 75, 10.009,
220.138

■ 48, 31.311, 39.787

■ 79, 14.328,
220.468

■ 45, 39.114, 40.382

■ 42, 47.273, 41.199

■ 83, 18.371,
220.828

■ 39, 55.522, 42.161

■ 87, 22.171,
221.204

■ 37, 63.272, 43.000

■ 36, 69.901, 43.630

■ 91, 25.185,
215.293

■ 94, 28.427,
199.122

■ 94, 28.881,
197.638

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63, 5.005, 39.214



65, 4.730, 219.855

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63, 5.005, 39.214



63, 5.005, 89.214



63, 5.005, 219.214



63, 5.005, 269.214

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63, 5.004, 39.236



83, 1.965, 39.150



63, 8.875, 331.062



44, 1.507, 39.194



93, 0.011, 296.813



45, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63, 5.004, 39.236



79, 7.448, 39.225



65, 6.065, 92.563



32, 3.076, 39.236



32, 64.560, 43.720



2, 4.681, 37.332

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



65, 4.730, 219.855



82, 6.951, 219.907



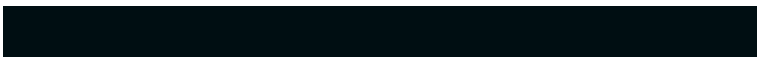
63, 6.085, 274.889



33, 2.907, 219.855



45, 28.854, 234.790



3, 4.533, 225.221

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 63, 5.005, 39.214 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 63, 5.005, 39.214 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

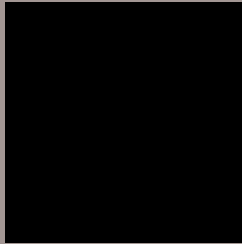
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 63, 5.005, 39.214

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 5.005, 39.214.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 5.005, 39.214.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

63, 5.005, 39.214

Protanopia

63, 2.706, 74.701

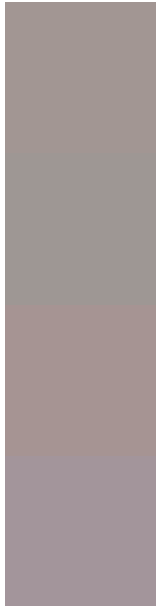
Deuteranopia

63, 8.721, 20.201



Tritanopia
63, 9.118, 332.931

Trichromacy



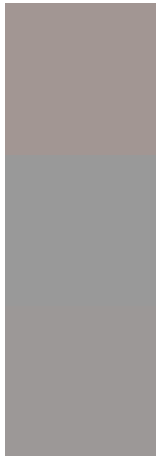
Original Color
63, 5.005, 39.214

Protanomaly
63, 3.195, 51.020

Deuteranomaly
63, 7.137, 24.486

Tritanomaly
63, 6.388, 348.377

Monochromacy



Original Color
63, 5.005, 39.214

Achromatopsia
63, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
63, 1.639, 39.137

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 63, 5.005, 39.214 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(162, 150, 147)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(162, 150, 147)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(162, 150, 147) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(162, 150, 147) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 63, 5.005, 39.214 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(162, 150, 147) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(162, 150, 147) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(162, 150, 147)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(162, 150, 147); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(162, 150, 147);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(162, 150,  
147) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 63, 5.005, 39.214 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(162, 150, 147) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(162,  
150, 147) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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