

Converting Colors

CIELCh(63, 5.107, 181.834)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(63, 5.107, 181.834) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(63, 5.055, 186.226)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8E9B99
RGB	142, 155, 153
RGB Percent	56%, 61%, 60%
CMY	0.4423, 0.3913, 0.3992
CMYK	0.08, 0.00, 0.01, 0.39
HSL	171°, 6%, 58%
HSV	171°, 8%, 61%
XYZ	28.7128, 31.5869, 34.8097
YIQ	150.8850, -7.1060, -3.3780

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

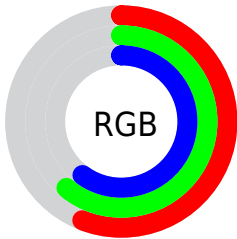
Format	Color
RYB	142, 149, 155
Decimal	9345945
CIELab	63.00, -5.03, -0.55
CIELCh	63, 5.055, 186.226
Yxy	31.5869, 0.3019, 0.3321
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287536025 (0xFF8E9B99)
YUV	150.8850, 1.0427, -7.7921
Hunter-Lab	56.2022, -7.1613, 2.6194

Details

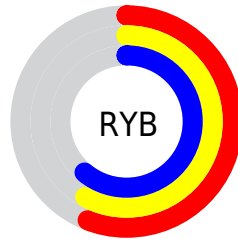
The CIELCh color $63, 5.055, 186.226$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $60, 5.246, 7.470$, and the grayscale version is $62, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $83, 4.796, 186.422$, and $43, 5.019, 184.955$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $62, 10.901, 185.317$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $64, 0.994, 6.514$.

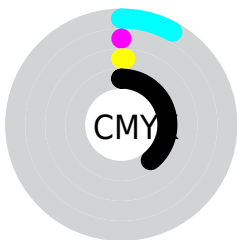
Distribution



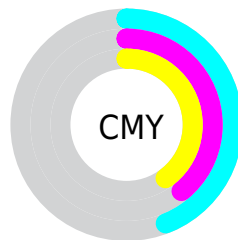
- Red (56%)
- Green (61%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (56%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Blue (61%)



- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (39%)



- Cyan (44%)
- Magenta (39%)
- Yellow (40%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 63, 5.055, 186.226 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 63, 5.055, 186.226 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 63, 5.055, 186.226

■ 63, 5.055, 186.226

■ 100, 5.055,
186.226

■ 53, 5.055, 186.226

■ 83, 5.055, 186.226

■ 43, 5.055, 186.226

■ 93, 5.055, 186.226

■ 33, 5.055, 186.226

■ 23, 5.055, 186.226

■ 13, 5.055, 186.226

■ 3, 5.055, 186.226

■ 0, 5.055, 186.226

■ 63, 5.055, 186.226

■ 63, 5.055, 186.226

■ 62, 10.901,

■ 64, 0.994, 6.514

185.317

66, 7.173, 7.688

61, 16.453,
184.420

67, 13.417, 8.494

60, 21.615,
183.489

69, 19.674, 9.262

59, 26.290,
182.506

70, 25.907, 10.006

59, 30.387,
181.457

74, 38.186, 11.432

58, 33.835,
180.322

75, 39.842, 10.281

58, 36.591,
179.080

75, 39.934, 8.466

57, 38.658,
177.713

57, 40.164,
176.236

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63, 5.055, 186.226



60, 5.246, 7.470

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63, 5.055, 186.226



63, 5.055, 236.226



63, 5.055, 6.226



63, 5.055, 56.226

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63, 5.056, 186.213



81, 2.253, 186.801



63, 8.430, 139.432



43, 1.720, 186.691



91, 0.011, 296.813



43, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63, 5.056, 186.213



80, 7.442, 186.046



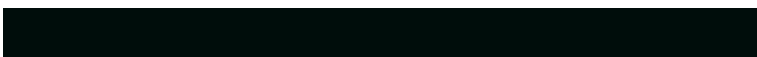
62, 4.026, 236.513



32, 3.367, 186.136



52, 37.454, 176.152



3, 3.711, 185.807

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



60, 5.246, 7.470



76, 7.783, 7.657



61, 4.189, 54.956



30, 3.505, 7.556



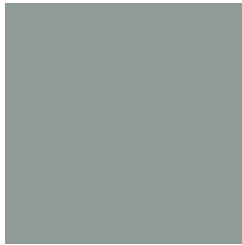
29, 60.653, 31.439



1, 3.692, 7.021

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 63, 5.055, 186.226 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

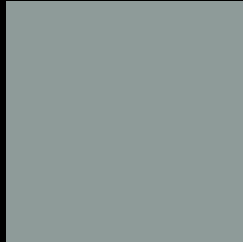
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 63, 5.055, 186.226 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

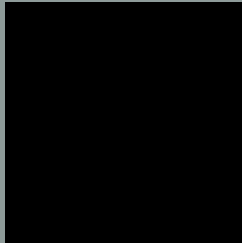
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

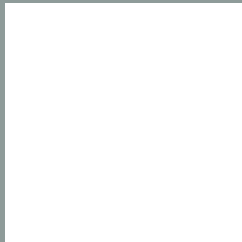
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 63, 5.055, 186.226

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 5.055, 186.226.

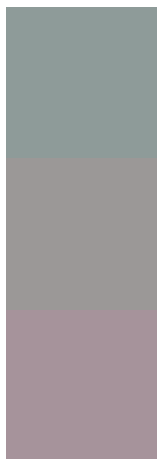


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 5.055, 186.226.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

63, 5.055, 186.226

Protanopia

63, 1.279, 44.966

Deuteranopia

63, 8.635, 349.110



Tritanopia
63, 7.413, 264.487

Trichromacy



Original Color
63, 5.055, 186.226

Protanomaly
63, 1.281, 173.818

Deuteranomaly
63, 3.524, 340.237

Tritanomaly
63, 5.586, 243.817

Monochromacy



Original Color
63, 5.055, 186.226

Achromatopsia
62, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
63, 1.996, 183.179

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 63, 5.055, 186.226 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(142, 155, 153)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(142, 155, 153)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(142, 155, 153) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(142, 155, 153) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 63, 5.055, 186.226 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(142, 155, 153) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(142, 155, 153) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(142, 155, 153)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(142, 155, 153); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(142, 155, 153);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(142, 155,  
153) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 63, 5.055, 186.226 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(142, 155, 153) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(142,  
155, 153) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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