

Converting Colors

CIELCh(63, 5.215, 159.776)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(63, 5.215, 159.776) contains.

CIELCh(63, 5.125, 158.216)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(63, 5.125, 158.216)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	919B95
RGB	145, 155, 149
RGB Percent	57%, 61%, 58%
CMY	0.4318, 0.3925, 0.4161
CMYK	0.06, 0.00, 0.04, 0.39
HSL	144°, 5%, 59%
HSV	144°, 6%, 61%
XYZ	28.7812, 31.5869, 32.9721
YIQ	151.3260, -4.0340, -3.9860

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

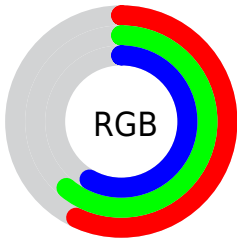
Format	Color
RYB	145, 152, 155
Decimal	9542549
CIELab	63.00, -4.76, 1.90
CIELCh	63, 5.125, 158.216
Yxy	31.5869, 0.3083, 0.3384
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287732629 (0xFF919B95)
YUV	151.3260, -1.1467, -5.5479
Hunter-Lab	56.2022, -6.9441, 4.5580

Details

The CIELCh color **63, 5.125, 158.216** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **61, 5.161, 339.040**, and the grayscale version is **63, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **83, 4.843, 158.354**, and **43, 5.211, 155.124** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **62, 13.106, 157.367**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **64, 2.807, 338.764**.

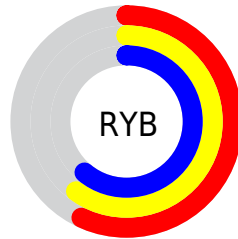
Distribution



Red (57%)

Green (61%)

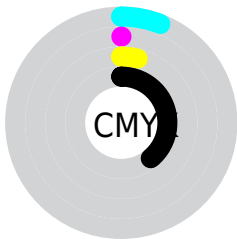
Blue (58%)



Red (57%)

Yellow (60%)

Blue (61%)

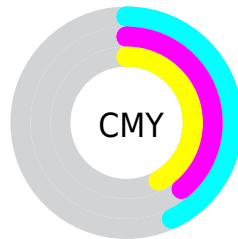


Cyan (6%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (4%)

Black (39%)



Cyan (43%)

Magenta (39%)

Yellow (42%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 63, 5.125, 158.216 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 63, 5.125, 158.216 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 63, 5.125, 158.216

■ 63, 5.125, 158.216

■ 100, 5.125,
158.216

■ 53, 5.125, 158.216

■ 83, 5.125, 158.216

■ 43, 5.125, 158.216

■ 93, 5.125, 158.216

■ 33, 5.125, 158.216

■ 23, 5.125, 158.216

■ 13, 5.125, 158.216

■ 3, 5.125, 158.216

■ 0, 5.125, 158.216

■ 63, 5.125, 158.216

■ 63, 5.125, 158.216

■ 62, 13.106,

■ 64, 2.807, 338.764

157.367

66, 10.629,
339.494

60, 21.044,
156.446

68, 18.290,
340.094

59, 28.832,
155.408

70, 25.759,
340.636

58, 36.345,
154.228

72, 33.014,
341.132

58, 43.449,
152.882

74, 40.047,
341.590

57, 50.012,
151.353

76, 46.855,
342.014

57, 55.921,
149.629

76, 50.197,
338.027

56, 61.103,
147.714

76, 53.429,
334.064

56, 65.564,
145.660

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63, 5.125, 158.216



61, 5.161, 339.040

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63, 5.125, 158.216



63, 5.125, 208.216



63, 5.125, 338.216



63, 5.125, 28.216

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63, 5.127, 158.211



81, 1.958, 158.671



63, 5.775, 124.591



43, 1.122, 158.692



91, 0.011, 296.813



43, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63, 5.127, 158.211



80, 7.875, 158.068



63, 3.853, 189.412



32, 4.448, 157.980



51, 62.074, 145.182



3, 4.827, 158.321

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



61, 5.161, 339.040



77, 7.933, 339.180



61, 3.976, 10.218



30, 4.484, 339.266



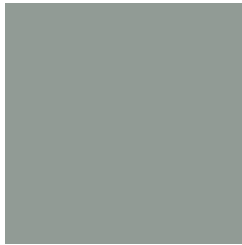
30, 56.236, 352.137



1, 4.769, 339.097

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 63, 5.125, 158.216 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

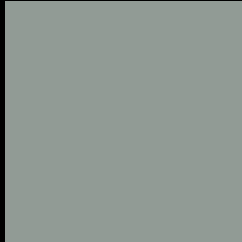
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 63, 5.125, 158.216 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

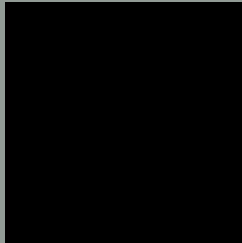
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

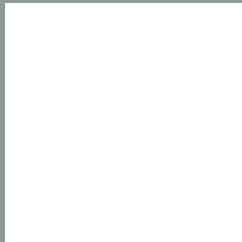
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 63, 5.125, 158.216

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 5.125, 158.216.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 5.125, 158.216.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

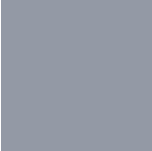
63, 5.125, 158.216

Protanopia

63, 3.181, 80.397

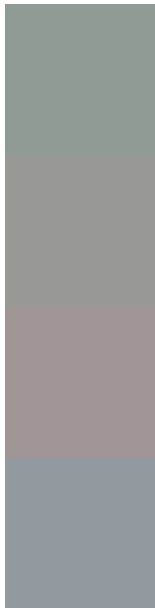
Deuteranopia

63, 8.426, 8.772



Tritanopia
63, 7.022, 272.567

Trichromacy



Original Color
63, 5.125, 158.216

Protanomaly
63, 2.813, 117.784

Deuteranomaly
63, 3.900, 19.662

Tritanomaly
63, 4.055, 242.961

Monochromacy



Original Color
63, 5.125, 158.216

Achromatopsia
62, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
63, 1.612, 155.709

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 63, 5.125, 158.216 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(145, 155, 149)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(145, 155, 149)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(145, 155, 149) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(145, 155, 149) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 63, 5.125, 158.216 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(145, 155, 149) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(145, 155, 149) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(145, 155, 149)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(145, 155, 149); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(145, 155, 149);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(145, 155,  
149) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 63, 5.125, 158.216 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(145, 155, 149) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(145,  
155, 149) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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