

Converting Colors

CIELCh(63, 5.646, 241.035)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(63, 5.646, 241.035) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(63, 5.586, 243.817)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8F9AA1
RGB	143, 154, 161
RGB Percent	56%, 60%, 63%
CMY	0.4387, 0.3955, 0.3681
CMYK	0.11, 0.04, 0.00, 0.37
HSL	203°, 9%, 60%
HSV	203°, 11%, 63%
XYZ	29.3752, 31.5869, 38.3315
YIQ	151.5090, -8.8030, -0.1550

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

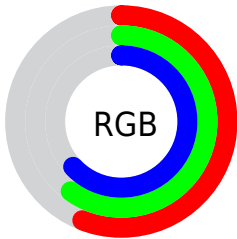
Format	Color
RYB	143, 150, 161
Decimal	9411233
CIELab	63.00, -2.46, -5.01
CIElCh	63, 5.586, 243.817
Yxy	31.5869, 0.2958, 0.3181
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287601313 (0xFF8F9AA1)
YUV	151.5090, 4.6791, -7.4624
Hunter-Lab	56.2022, -5.0574, -1.0959

Details

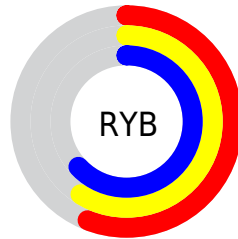
The CIELCh color $63, 5.586, 243.817$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $63, 5.849, 61.393$, and the grayscale version is $63, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $83, 5.681, 247.520$, and $43, 5.682, 247.118$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $60, 10.421, 245.090$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $66, 0.598, 243.288$.

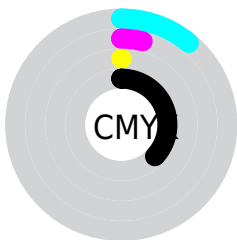
Distribution



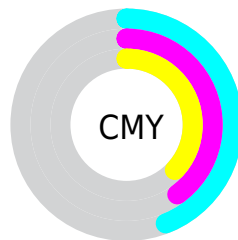
- Red (56%)
- Green (60%)
- Blue (63%)



- Red (56%)
- Yellow (59%)
- Blue (63%)



- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (37%)



- Cyan (44%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (37%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 63, 5.586, 243.817 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 63, 5.586, 243.817 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 63, 5.586, 243.817

■ 63, 5.586, 243.817

■ 100, 5.586,
243.817

■ 53, 5.586, 243.817

■ 83, 5.586, 243.817

■ 43, 5.586, 243.817

■ 93, 5.586, 243.817

■ 33, 5.586, 243.817

■ 23, 5.586, 243.817

■ 13, 5.586, 243.817

■ 3, 5.586, 243.817

■ 0, 5.586, 243.817

■ 63, 5.586, 243.817

■ 63, 5.586, 243.817

■ 60, 10.421,

■ 66, 0.598, 243.288

245.090

69, 4.507, 61.656

57, 15.064,
246.686

72, 9.696, 60.950

54, 19.475,
248.642

75, 14.944, 60.333

52, 23.623,
251.026

78, 20.226, 59.805

49, 27.488,
253.913

84, 30.524, 59.405

47, 31.078,
257.364

86, 30.845, 66.554

44, 34.441,
261.404

87, 31.645, 73.431

42, 37.665,
265.991

40, 40.546,
270.191

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63, 5.586, 243.817



63, 5.849, 61.393

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63, 5.586, 243.817



63, 5.586, 293.817



63, 5.586, 63.817



63, 5.586, 113.817

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63, 5.586, 243.801



83, 1.878, 243.082



65, 9.293, 157.061



43, 1.419, 243.112



92, 0.011, 296.813



44, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63, 5.586, 243.801



79, 8.011, 244.043



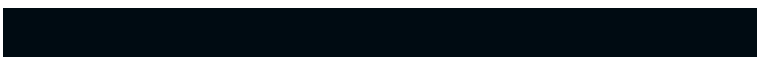
61, 8.990, 286.236



33, 2.865, 243.592



36, 37.348, 269.706



3, 4.628, 249.277

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



61, 9.336, 338.902



77, 13.454, 339.067



65, 8.822, 103.814



32, 4.768, 338.750



31, 57.984, 351.319



1, 7.066, 340.812

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 63, 5.586, 243.817 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 63, 5.586, 243.817 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

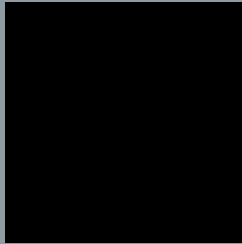
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

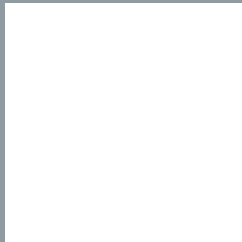
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 63, 5.586, 243.817

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 5.586, 243.817.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 5.586, 243.817.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

63, 5.586, 243.817

Protanopia

63, 4.558, 300.214

Deuteranopia

63, 9.514, 324.882



Tritanopia
63, 7.913, 266.405

Trichromacy



Original Color
63, 5.586, 243.817

Protanomaly
63, 4.600, 276.540

Deuteranomaly
63, 7.009, 306.449

Tritanomaly
63, 6.923, 262.303

Monochromacy



Original Color
63, 5.586, 243.817

Achromatopsia
63, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
63, 1.874, 236.225

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 63, 5.586, 243.817 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(143, 154, 161)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(143, 154, 161)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(143, 154, 161) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(143, 154, 161) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 63, 5.586, 243.817 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(143, 154, 161) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(143, 154, 161) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(143, 154, 161)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(143, 154, 161); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(143, 154, 161); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(143, 154, 161) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 63, 5.586, 243.817 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(143, 154, 161) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(143,  
154, 161) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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