

Converting Colors

CIELCh(63, 54.420, 141.385)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(63, 54.420, 141.385)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(63, 54.436, 141.410)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	56AA59
RGB	86, 170, 89
RGB Percent	34%, 67%, 35%
CMY	0.6615, 0.3321, 0.6498
CMYK	0.49, 0.00, 0.48, 0.33
HSL	122°, 33%, 50%
HSV	122°, 49%, 67%
XYZ	20.1159, 31.5869, 14.5511
YIQ	135.6500, -24.0630, -42.9990

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

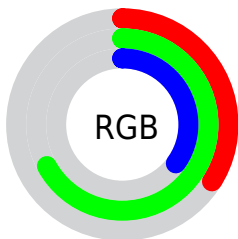
Format	Color
RYB	86, 167, 170
Decimal	5679705
CIELab	63.00, -42.55, 33.95
CIELCh	63, 54.436, 141.410
Yxy	31.5869, 0.3036, 0.4768
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283869785 (0xFF56AA59)
YUV	135.6500, -22.9984, -43.5430
Hunter-Lab	56.2022, -34.4653, 23.9910

Details

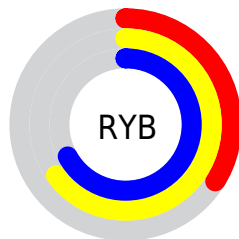
The CIELCh color **63, 54.436, 141.410** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339933**. A complement of this color would be **50, 54.142, 328.022**, and the grayscale version is **57, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **83, 54.630, 141.327**, and **43, 54.281, 141.557** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **62, 64.136, 140.264**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **64, 43.937, 142.456**.

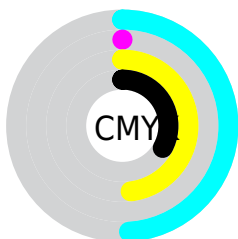
Distribution



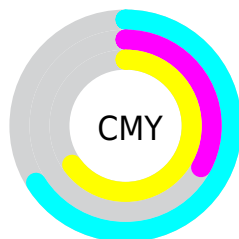
- Red (34%)
- Green (67%)
- Blue (35%)



- Red (34%)
- Yellow (65%)
- Blue (67%)



- Cyan (49%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (48%)
- Black (33%)





- Cyan (66%)
- Magenta (33%)
- Yellow (65%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 63, 54.436, 141.410 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 63, 54.436, 141.410 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 63, 54.436,
141.410


 63, 54.436,
141.410


 100, 54.436,
141.410


 53, 54.436,
141.410


 83, 54.436,
141.410

 43, 54.436,
141.410

 93, 54.436,
141.410

 33, 54.436,
141.410

 23, 54.436,
141.410

 13, 54.436,
141.410

 3, 54.436, 141.410

 0, 54.436, 141.410

■ 63, 54.436,
141.410

■ 63, 54.436,
141.410

■ 62, 64.136,
140.264

■ 64, 43.937,
142.456

■ 62, 72.676,
139.071

■ 65, 32.943,
143.380

■ 61, 79.657,
137.928

■ 67, 21.705,
144.182

■ 61, 84.699,
136.967

■ 68, 10.421,
144.876

■ 61, 87.679,
136.359

■ 70, 0.763, 325.126

■ 61, 87.842,
136.332

■ 72, 11.742,
325.909

■ 74, 22.447,
326.339

■ 76, 32.835,
326.701

■ 78, 42.884,
327.009

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63, 54.436, 141.410



50, 54.142, 328.022

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63, 54.436, 141.410



63, 54.436, 191.410



63, 54.436, 321.410



63, 54.436, 11.410

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63, 54.437, 141.410



85, 20.866, 144.474



68, 44.532, 107.131



45, 14.362, 144.328



95, 0.011, 296.813



47, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63, 54.437, 141.410



79, 78.944, 140.176



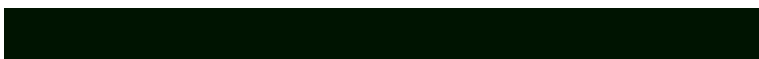
64, 37.071, 160.337



35, 6.266, 144.879



53, 79.075, 136.390



5, 11.432, 145.264

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



50, 54.142, 328.022



60, 77.983, 328.505



48, 39.565, 350.894



33, 6.277, 325.884



35, 74.925, 329.663



2, 11.284, 325.793

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 63, 54.436, 141.410 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 63, 54.436, 141.410 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 63, 54.436, 141.410

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 54.436, 141.410.

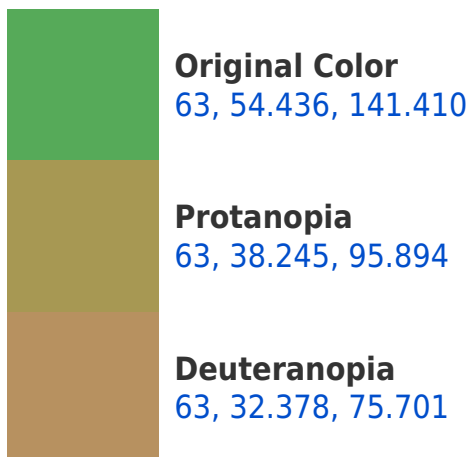



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 54.436, 141.410.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
63, 19.505, 220.044

Trichromacy



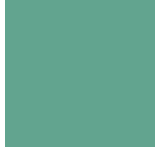
Original Color
63, 54.436, 141.410



Protanomaly
62, 40.995, 118.525



Deuteranomaly
62, 32.962, 111.017



Tritanomaly
63, 26.429, 170.628

Monochromacy



Original Color
63, 54.436, 141.410



Achromatopsia
57, 0.007, 296.813



Achromatomaly
58, 20.339, 144.072

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 63, 54.436, 141.410 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(86, 170, 89)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(86, 170, 89)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(86, 170, 89) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(86, 170, 89) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 63, 54.436, 141.410 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(86, 170, 89) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(86, 170, 89) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(86, 170, 89)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(86, 170, 89); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(86, 170, 89);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(86, 170,  
89) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 63, 54.436, 141.410 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(86, 170, 89) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(86, 170,  
89) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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