

Converting Colors

CIELCh(63, 54.965, 279.568)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(63, 54.965, 279.568)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(63, 54.759, 279.401)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5999F9
RGB	89, 153, 249
RGB Percent	35%, 60%, 98%
CMY	0.6527, 0.4014, 0.0250
CMYK	0.64, 0.39, 0.00, 0.03
HSL	216°, 93%, 66%
HSV	216°, 64%, 97%
XYZ	32.4509, 31.5869, 93.6937
YIQ	144.8080, -68.9600, 16.2880

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

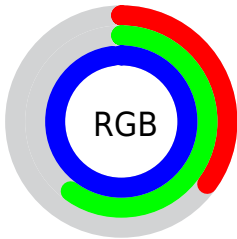
Format	Color
R_{YB}	89, 135, 249
Decimal	5872121
CIE _{Lab}	63.00, 8.94, -54.02
CIE _{LCh}	63, 54.759, 279.401
Yxy	31.5869, 0.2057, 0.2003
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284062201 (0xFF5999F9)
YUV	144.8080, 51.3667, -48.9436
Hunter-Lab	56.2022, 4.7112, -59.4996

Details

The CIELCh color **63, 54.759, 279.401** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **6699FF**. The color can be described as light muted azure. A complement of this color would be **79, 58.135, 76.420**, and the grayscale version is **60, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **81, 29.688, 258.589**, and **44, 54.325, 280.388** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **58, 63.628, 282.989**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **68, 46.057, 276.223**.

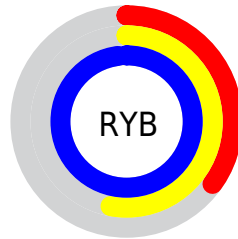
Distribution



Red (35%)

Green (60%)

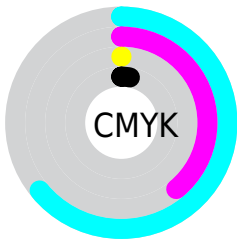
Blue (98%)



Red (35%)

Yellow (53%)

Blue (98%)

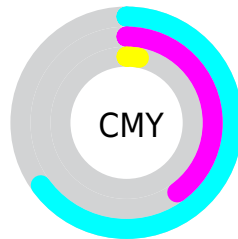


Cyan (64%)

Magenta (39%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (3%)



Cyan (65%)


Magenta (40%)


Yellow (3%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 63, 54.759, 279.401 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 63, 54.759, 279.401 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 63, 54.759,
279.401


 63, 54.759,
279.401


 100, 54.759,
279.401


 53, 54.759,
279.401


 83, 54.759,
279.401

 43, 54.759,
279.401

 93, 54.759,
279.401

 33, 54.759,
279.401

 23, 54.759,
279.401

 13, 54.759,
279.401

 3, 54.759, 279.401

 0, 54.759, 279.401

■ 63, 54.759,
279.401

■ 63, 54.759,
279.401

■ 58, 63.628,
282.989

■ 68, 46.057,
276.223

■ 53, 72.724,
286.897

■ 73, 37.464,
273.469

■ 49, 82.046,
290.950

■ 79, 28.939,
271.115

■ 47, 87.358,
293.150

■ 84, 20.463,
269.116

■ 90, 12.033,
267.424

■ 95, 3.656, 266.038

■ 100, 3.227,
109.913

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63, 54.759, 279.401



79, 58.135, 76.420

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63, 54.759, 279.401



63, 54.759, 329.401



63, 54.759, 99.401



63, 54.759, 149.401

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63, 54.758, 279.402



89, 16.256, 268.175



88, 60.255, 160.654



46, 11.197, 268.668



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63, 54.758, 279.402



58, 67.367, 284.029



48, 92.605, 302.218



49, 4.772, 266.702



36, 69.744, 292.449



9, 27.371, 286.411

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



61, 66.122, 358.714



58, 76.555, 2.488



94, 76.225, 108.401



49, 5.891, 350.206



40, 67.634, 11.714



10, 30.487, 4.373

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 63, 54.759, 279.401 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

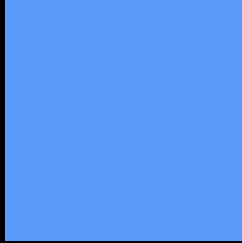
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 63, 54.759, 279.401 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

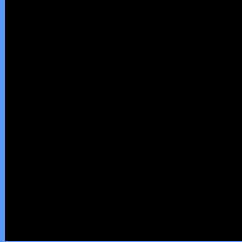
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

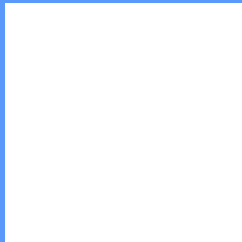
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 63, 54.759, 279.401

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 54.759, 279.401.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 54.759, 279.401.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
63, 31.702, 210.366

Trichromacy



Original Color
63, 54.759, 279.401

Protanomaly
63, 54.189, 283.470

Deuteranomaly
63, 55.284, 279.928

Tritanomaly
63, 33.737, 243.939

Monochromacy



Original Color
63, 54.759, 279.401

Achromatopsia
60, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
60, 20.902, 270.804

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 63, 54.759, 279.401 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(89, 153, 249)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(89, 153, 249)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(89, 153, 249) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(89, 153, 249) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 63, 54.759, 279.401 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(89, 153, 249) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(89, 153, 249) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(89, 153, 249)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(89, 153, 249); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(89, 153, 249);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(89, 153,  
249) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 63, 54.759, 279.401 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(89, 153, 249) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(89, 153,  
249) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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