

Converting Colors

CIELCh(63, 57.754, 270.949)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(63, 57.754, 270.949)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(63, 57.501, 270.669)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	009EFF
RGB	0, 158, 255
RGB Percent	0%, 62%, 100%
CMY	1.0000, 0.3812, 0.0009
CMYK	1.00, 0.38, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	203°, 100%, 50%
HSV	203°, 100%, 100%
XYZ	30.2004, 31.5869, 98.9204
YIQ	121.8160, -125.3050, -3.3290

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
RYB	0, 98, 255
Decimal	40703
CIELab	63.00, 0.67, -57.50
CIELCh	63, 57.501, 270.669
Yxy	31.5869, 0.1879, 0.1965
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278230783 (0xFF009EFF)
YUV	121.8160, 65.6597, -106.8326
Hunter-Lab	56.2022, -2.4367, -65.0135

Details

The CIELCh color **63, 57.501, 270.669** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0099FF**. The color can be described as middle saturated azure. A complement of this color would be **61, 91.005, 51.136**, and the grayscale version is **51, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **81, 34.629, 239.743**, and **45, 55.247, 280.053** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **63, 57.497, 270.678**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **66, 52.986, 265.549**.

Distribution



- Red (0%)
- Green (62%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (38%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (38%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 63, 57.501, 270.669 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 63, 57.501, 270.669 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 63, 57.501,
270.669


 63, 57.501,
270.669


 100, 57.501,
270.669


 53, 57.501,
270.669

 83, 57.501,
270.669

 43, 57.501,
270.669

 93, 57.501,
270.669

 33, 57.501,
270.669

 23, 57.501,
270.669

 13, 57.501,
270.669

 3, 57.501, 270.669

 0, 57.501, 270.669

■ 63, 57.501,
270.669

■ 63, 57.501,
270.669

■ 63, 57.497,
270.678

■ 66, 52.986,
265.549

■ 69, 48.493,
260.754

■ 72, 43.790,
256.539

■ 76, 38.730,
252.958

■ 80, 33.238,
249.985

■ 83, 27.302,
247.548

■ 87, 20.954,
245.567

■ 92, 14.247,

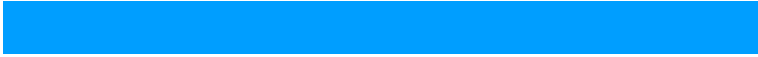
243.964

■ 96, 7.244, 242.687

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



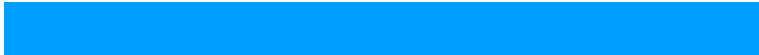
63, 57.501, 270.669



61, 91.005, 51.136

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63, 57.501, 270.669



63, 57.501, 320.669



63, 57.501, 90.669



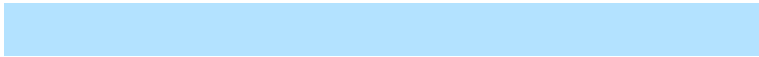
63, 57.501, 140.669

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63, 57.497, 270.678



88, 20.969, 245.568



88, 101.753, 142.929



45, 14.174, 246.353



0, 0.000, 0.000



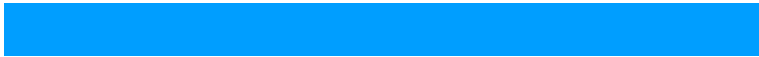
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63, 57.497, 270.678



63, 57.538, 270.681



35, 126.094, 304.647



51, 4.124, 242.632



48, 45.737, 269.718



15, 19.281, 262.470

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



56, 87.806, 351.884



56, 87.865, 351.886



88, 88.282, 93.211



50, 6.931, 338.415



42, 70.995, 351.326



11, 33.470, 347.599

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 63, 57.501, 270.669 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

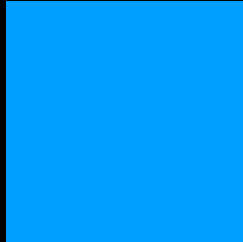
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 63, 57.501, 270.669 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

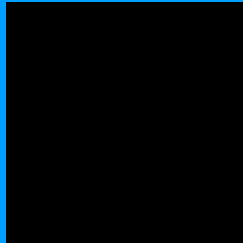
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

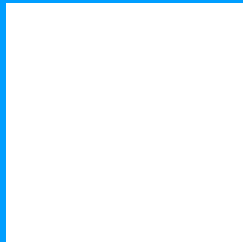
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 63, 57.501, 270.669

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 57.501, 270.669.

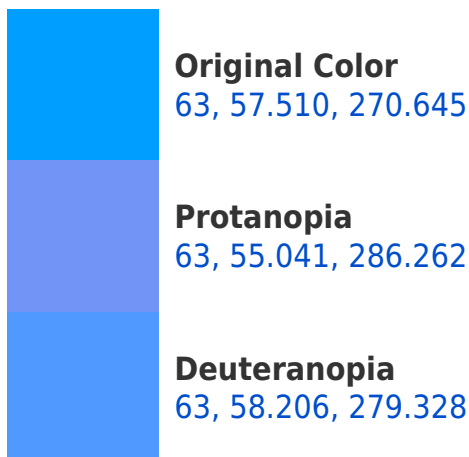


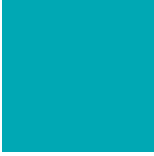
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 57.501, 270.669.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
63, 35.435, 207.702

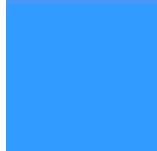
Trichromacy



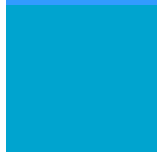
Original Color
63, 57.510, 270.645



Protanomaly
62, 55.931, 277.157



Deuteranomaly
63, 58.120, 274.801



Tritanomaly
63, 37.738, 237.593

Monochromacy



Original Color
63, 57.510, 270.645



Achromatopsia
51, 0.007, 296.813



Achromatomaly
54, 25.689, 250.716

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 63, 57.501, 270.669 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 158, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 158, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 158, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 158, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 63, 57.501, 270.669 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 158, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 158, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 158, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 158, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 158, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 158,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 63, 57.501, 270.669 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 158, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 158,  
255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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