

Converting Colors

CIELCh(63, 58.623, 282.928)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(63, 58.623, 282.928)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(63, 58.201, 282.706)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5F97FE
RGB	95, 151, 254
RGB Percent	37%, 59%, 100%
CMY	0.6289, 0.4090, 0.0052
CMYK	0.63, 0.41, 0.00, 0.01
HSL	219°, 98%, 68%
HSV	219°, 63%, 99%
XYZ	33.5372, 31.5869, 97.8194
YIQ	145.9980, -66.4390, 20.1610

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

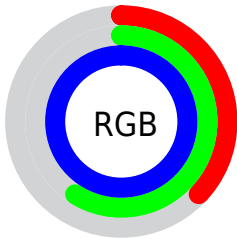
Format	Color
R _Y B	95, 136, 254
Decimal	6264830
CIE Lab	63.00, 12.80, -56.78
CIE LCh	63, 58.201, 282.706
Yxy	31.5869, 0.2058, 0.1939
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284454910 (0xFF5F97FE)
YUV	145.9980, 53.2450, -44.7252
Hunter-Lab	56.2022, 8.1614, -63.8520

Details

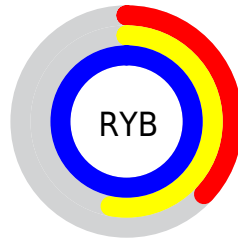
The CIELCh color **63, 58.201, 282.706** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **6699FF**. The color can be described as light muted azure. A complement of this color would be **83, 58.774, 80.894**, and the grayscale version is **60, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **81, 29.568, 263.648**, and **43, 58.222, 283.014** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **58, 68.155, 286.095**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **69, 48.496, 279.697**.

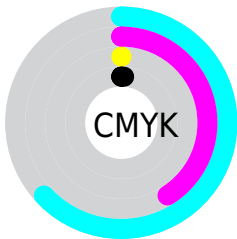
Distribution



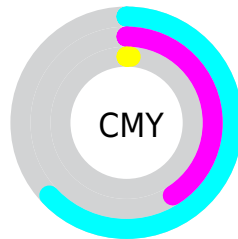
- Red (37%)
- Green (59%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (37%)
- Yellow (53%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (63%)
- Magenta (41%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (1%)





- Cyan (63%)
- Magenta (41%)
- Yellow (1%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 63, 58.201, 282.706 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 63, 58.201, 282.706 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 63, 58.201,
282.706


 63, 58.201,
282.706


 100, 58.201,
282.706


 53, 58.201,
282.706


 83, 58.201,
282.706

 43, 58.201,
282.706

 93, 58.201,
282.706

 33, 58.201,
282.706

 23, 58.201,
282.706

 13, 58.201,
282.706

 3, 58.201, 282.706

 0, 58.201, 282.706

■ 63, 58.201,
282.706

■ 63, 58.201,
282.706

■ 58, 68.155,
286.095

■ 69, 48.496,
279.697

■ 53, 78.383,
289.774

■ 74, 38.994,
277.083

■ 48, 88.804,
293.569

■ 80, 29.652,
274.843

■ 45, 96.411,
296.229

■ 86, 20.446,
272.935

■ 92, 11.363,
271.317

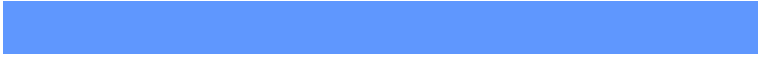
■ 98, 2.402, 270.022

■ 100, 0.662,
110.012

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



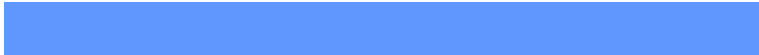
63, 58.201, 282.706



83, 58.774, 80.894

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63, 58.201, 282.706



63, 58.201, 332.706



63, 58.201, 102.706



63, 58.201, 152.706

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63, 58.200, 282.707



89, 17.150, 272.307



90, 57.195, 164.024



46, 11.825, 272.791



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63, 58.200, 282.707



57, 70.792, 286.930



51, 91.330, 302.957



50, 5.102, 270.858



34, 76.567, 295.583



9, 30.709, 290.276

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



63, 64.994, 1.886



59, 74.900, 5.691



95, 76.161, 110.907



50, 5.825, 353.263



40, 69.170, 16.378



10, 31.305, 8.788

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 63, 58.201, 282.706 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

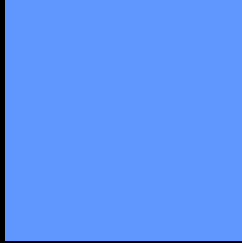
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 63, 58.201, 282.706 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

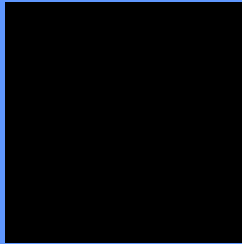
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

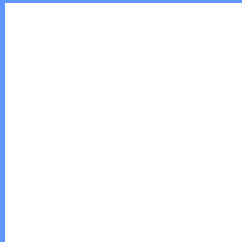
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 63, 58.201, 282.706

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 58.201, 282.706.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 58.201, 282.706.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
63, 58.201, 282.706

Protanopia
63, 57.835, 286.245

Deuteranopia
63, 57.040, 279.425



Tritanopia
63, 30.553, 212.087

Trichromacy



Original Color
63, 58.201, 282.706

Protanomaly
63, 57.956, 284.946

Deuteranomaly
63, 57.422, 280.589

Tritanomaly
62, 34.042, 249.390

Monochromacy



Original Color
63, 58.201, 282.706

Achromatopsia
61, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
61, 21.722, 273.672

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 63, 58.201, 282.706 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(95, 151, 254)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(95, 151, 254)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(95, 151, 254) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(95, 151, 254) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 63, 58.201, 282.706 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(95, 151, 254) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(95, 151, 254) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(95, 151, 254)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(95, 151, 254); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(95, 151, 254);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(95, 151,  
254) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 63, 58.201, 282.706 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(95, 151, 254) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(95, 151,  
254) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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