

Converting Colors

CIELCh(63, 6.461, 313.748)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(63, 6.461, 313.748) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(63, 6.738, 313.941)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9D96A1
RGB	157, 150, 161
RGB Percent	62%, 59%, 63%
CMY	0.3840, 0.4115, 0.3683
CMYK	0.02, 0.07, 0.00, 0.37
HSL	278°, 6%, 61%
HSV	278°, 7%, 63%
XYZ	31.2762, 31.5869, 38.2005
YIQ	153.3470, 0.6410, 4.9050

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

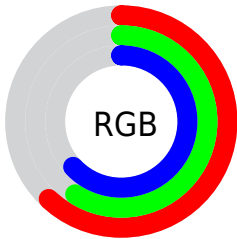
Format	Color
RYB	157, 150, 161
Decimal	10327713
CIELab	63.00, 4.68, -4.85
CIELCh	63, 6.738, 313.941
Yxy	31.5869, 0.3095, 0.3125
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288517793 (0xFF9D96A1)
YUV	153.3470, 3.7729, 3.2037
Hunter-Lab	56.2022, 0.9802, -0.9577

Details

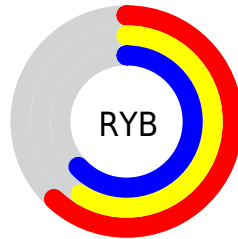
The CIELCh color $63, 6.738, 313.941$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $65, 6.682, 133.425$, and the grayscale version is $63, 0.008, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $83, 7.004, 314.872$, and $43, 7.241, 314.063$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $58, 16.786, 314.373$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $68, 3.077, 133.606$.

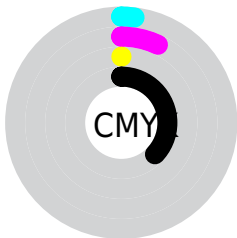
Distribution



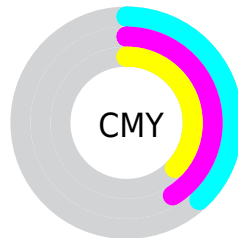
- Red (62%)
- Green (59%)
- Blue (63%)



- Red (62%)
- Yellow (59%)
- Blue (63%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (37%)



- Cyan (38%)
- Magenta (41%)
- Yellow (37%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 63, 6.738, 313.941 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 63, 6.738, 313.941 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 63, 6.738, 313.941

■ 63, 6.738, 313.941

■ 100, 6.738,
313.941

■ 53, 6.738, 313.941

■ 83, 6.738, 313.941

■ 43, 6.738, 313.941

■ 93, 6.738, 313.941

■ 33, 6.738, 313.941

■ 23, 6.738, 313.941

■ 13, 6.738, 313.941

■ 3, 6.738, 313.941

■ 0, 6.738, 313.941

■ 63, 6.738, 313.941

■ 63, 6.738, 313.941

■ 58, 16.786,

■ 68, 3.077, 133.606

314.373

73, 12.625,
133.204

54, 27.018,
314.815

77, 21.900,
132.864

49, 37.332,
315.256

82, 30.900,
132.559

45, 47.563,
315.672

87, 39.635,
132.286

40, 57.449,
316.029

92, 48.113,
132.043

37, 66.611,
316.276

94, 51.917,
130.951

33, 74.547,
316.348

95, 51.017,
128.856

31, 80.700,
316.170

95, 50.182,
126.650

29, 84.758,
315.696

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63, 6.738, 313.941



65, 6.682, 133.425

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63, 6.738, 313.941



63, 6.738, 3.941



63, 6.738, 133.941



63, 6.738, 183.941

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63, 6.736, 313.938



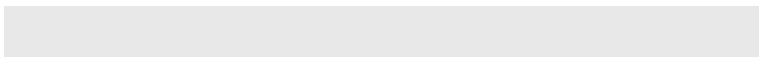
83, 2.432, 313.696



64, 4.149, 269.288



44, 1.380, 313.687



92, 0.011, 296.813



44, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63, 6.736, 313.938



79, 9.775, 313.996



63, 6.818, 328.664



32, 5.656, 314.045



25, 79.642, 315.632



1, 8.593, 311.775

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



63, 4.822, 352.232



79, 7.002, 352.369



65, 6.800, 147.935



32, 4.054, 352.485



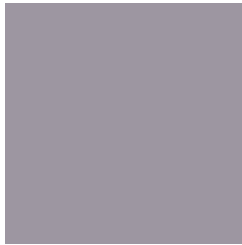
30, 56.083, 14.024



1, 6.090, 353.947

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 63, 6.738, 313.941 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 63, 6.738, 313.941 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

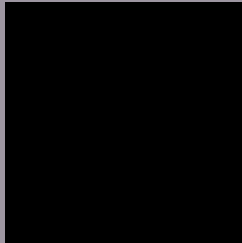
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

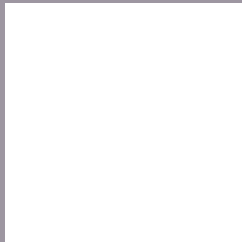
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 63, 6.738, 313.941

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 6.738, 313.941.

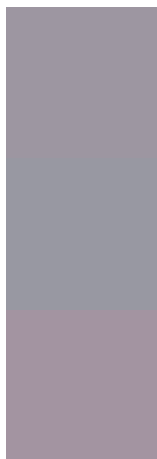


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 6.738, 313.941.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

63, 6.738, 313.941

Protanopia

63, 5.597, 290.793

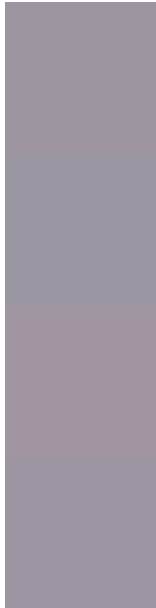
Deuteranopia

63, 9.292, 328.812



Tritanopia
63, 7.254, 312.212

Trichromacy



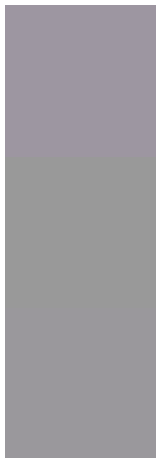
Original Color
63, 6.738, 313.941

Protanomaly
63, 6.280, 301.175

Deuteranomaly
63, 8.159, 324.815

Tritanomaly
63, 7.254, 312.212

Monochromacy



Original Color
63, 6.738, 313.941

Achromatopsia
63, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
63, 2.379, 309.136

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 63, 6.738, 313.941 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(157, 150, 161)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(157, 150, 161)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(157, 150, 161) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(157, 150, 161) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 63, 6.738, 313.941 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(157, 150, 161) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(157, 150, 161) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(157, 150, 161)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(157, 150, 161); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(157, 150, 161); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(157, 150, 161) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 63, 6.738, 313.941 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(157, 150, 161) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(157,  
150, 161) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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