

Converting Colors

CIELCh(63, 62.683, 75.920)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(63, 62.683, 75.920) contains.

CIELCh(63, 62.875, 75.718)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(63, 62.875, 75.718)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CB8C22
RGB	203, 140, 34
RGB Percent	80%, 55%, 13%
CMY	0.2037, 0.4508, 0.8665
CMYK	0.00, 0.31, 0.83, 0.20
HSL	38°, 71%, 46%
HSV	38°, 83%, 80%
XYZ	34.3148, 31.5869, 5.8053
YIQ	146.7530, 71.5740, -19.6100

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

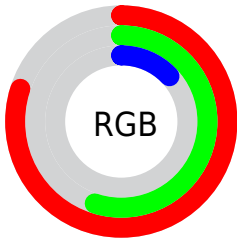
Format	Color
RYB	134, 203, 34
Decimal	13339682
CIELab	63.00, 15.51, 60.93
CIElCh	63, 62.875, 75.718
Yxy	31.5869, 0.4785, 0.4405
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291529762 (0xFFCB8C22)
YUV	146.7530, -55.5872, 49.3286
Hunter-Lab	56.2022, 10.6309, 33.2173

Details

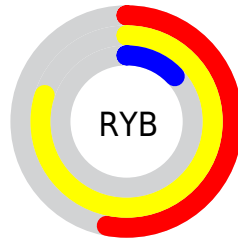
The CIELCh color **63, 62.875, 75.718** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9933**. The color can be described as dark muted orange. A complement of this color would be **43, 63.654, 288.141**, and the grayscale version is **61, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **82, 60.657, 78.691**, and **43, 53.921, 72.409** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **61, 67.443, 73.458**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **65, 56.453, 77.564**.

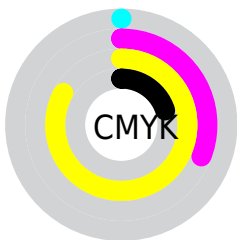
Distribution



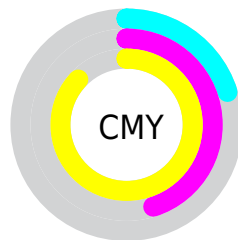
- Red (80%)
- Green (55%)
- Blue (13%)



- Red (53%)
- Yellow (80%)
- Blue (13%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (31%)
- Yellow (83%)
- Black (20%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (45%)
- Yellow (87%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 63, 62.875, 75.718 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 63, 62.875, 75.718 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 63, 62.875, 75.718

■ 63, 62.875, 75.718

■ 100, 62.875,
75.718

■ 53, 62.875, 75.718

■ 83, 62.875, 75.718

■ 43, 62.875, 75.718

■ 93, 62.875, 75.718

■ 33, 62.875, 75.718

■ 23, 62.875, 75.718

■ 13, 62.875, 75.718

■ 3, 62.875, 75.718

■ 0, 62.875, 75.718

■ 63, 62.875, 75.718

■ 63, 62.875, 75.718

■ 61, 67.443, 73.458

■ 65, 56.453, 77.564

60, 69.546, 71.704

67, 49.001, 79.180

69, 41.101, 80.678

71, 33.091, 82.110

74, 25.148, 83.497

76, 17.357, 84.843

78, 9.752, 86.143

81, 2.343, 87.324

83, 4.876, 268.720

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63, 62.875, 75.718



43, 63.654, 288.141

Rectangle

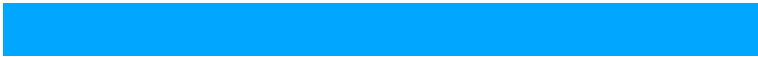
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63, 62.875, 75.718



63, 62.875, 125.718



63, 62.875, 255.718



63, 62.875, 305.718

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63, 62.874, 75.721



93, 22.536, 84.563



45, 66.714, 5.830



48, 15.446, 84.086



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63, 62.874, 75.721



74, 82.606, 71.236



78, 77.377, 109.576



42, 4.175, 86.623



49, 59.788, 72.208



10, 14.961, 74.030

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



43, 63.654, 288.141



46, 93.600, 295.019



30, 100.620, 305.499



40, 4.156, 269.121



30, 65.816, 293.916



4, 17.509, 280.066

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 63, 62.875, 75.718 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 63, 62.875, 75.718 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 63, 62.875, 75.718

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 62.875, 75.718.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 62.875, 75.718.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

63, 62.875, 75.718

Protanopia

63, 59.021, 95.136

Deuteranopia

63, 62.058, 82.336



Tritanopia
63, 32.125, 14.173

Trichromacy



Original Color
63, 62.875, 75.718

Protanomaly
63, 59.332, 87.755

Deuteranomaly
63, 62.339, 79.674

Tritanomaly
63, 38.156, 50.126

Monochromacy



Original Color
63, 62.875, 75.718

Achromatopsia
61, 0.008, 296.813

Achromatomaly
61, 23.583, 82.739

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 63, 62.875, 75.718 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(203, 140, 34)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(203, 140, 34)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(203, 140, 34) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(203, 140, 34) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 63, 62.875, 75.718 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(203, 140, 34) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(203, 140, 34) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(203, 140, 34)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(203, 140, 34); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(203, 140, 34);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(203, 140,  
34) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 63, 62.875, 75.718 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(203, 140, 34) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(203,  
140, 34) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor