

Converting Colors

CIELCh(63, 67.185, 147.405)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(63, 67.185, 147.405)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(63, 67.216, 147.372)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1AAF54
RGB	26, 175, 84
RGB Percent	10%, 69%, 33%
CMY	0.8967, 0.3131, 0.6700
CMYK	0.85, 0.00, 0.52, 0.31
HSL	143°, 74%, 40%
HSV	143°, 85%, 69%
XYZ	17.4006, 31.5869, 13.5962
YIQ	120.0750, -59.5930, -59.8890

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

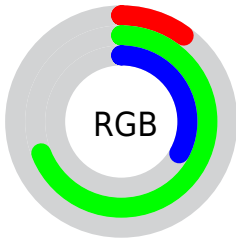
Format	Color
RYB	26, 133, 175
Decimal	1748820
CIELab	63.00, -56.61, 36.24
CIElCh	63, 67.216, 147.372
Yxy	31.5869, 0.2780, 0.5047
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279938900 (0xFF1AAF54)
YUV	120.0750, -17.7850, -82.5038
Hunter-Lab	56.2022, -43.0891, 24.9984

Details

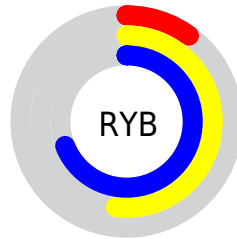
The CIELCh color **63, 67.216, 147.372** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009933**. A complement of this color would be **40, 64.356, 348.014**, and the grayscale version is **51, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **83, 67.550, 147.294**, and **44, 60.454, 141.604** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **63, 72.222, 145.302**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **63, 61.364, 149.283**.

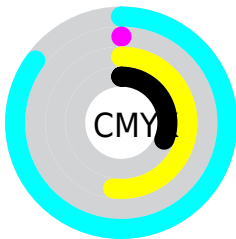
Distribution



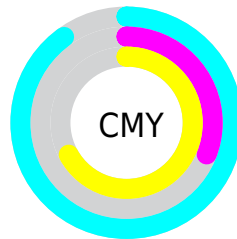
- Red (10%)
- Green (69%)
- Blue (33%)



- Red (10%)
- Yellow (52%)
- Blue (69%)



- Cyan (85%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (52%)
- Black (31%)





- Cyan (90%)
- Magenta (31%)
- Yellow (67%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 63, 67.216, 147.372 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 63, 67.216, 147.372 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 63, 67.216,
147.372


 63, 67.216,
147.372


 100, 67.216,
147.372


 53, 67.216,
147.372


 83, 67.216,
147.372

 43, 67.216,
147.372

 93, 67.216,
147.372

 33, 67.216,
147.372

 23, 67.216,
147.372

 13, 67.216,
147.372

 3, 67.216, 147.372

 0, 67.216, 147.372

■ 63, 67.216,
147.372

■ 63, 67.216,
147.372

■ 63, 72.222,
145.302

■ 63, 61.364,
149.283

■ 63, 74.523,
144.292

■ 64, 54.694,
151.002

■ 65, 47.297,
152.523

■ 66, 39.307,
153.858

■ 67, 30.874,
155.027

■ 68, 22.154,
156.054

■ 69, 13.286,
156.963

■ 71, 4.390, 157.809

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63, 67.216, 147.372



40, 64.356, 348.014

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63, 67.216, 147.372



63, 67.216, 197.372



63, 67.216, 327.372



63, 67.216, 17.372

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63, 67.216, 147.372



86, 27.384, 156.009



65, 73.857, 122.299



45, 18.810, 155.668



96, 0.011, 296.813



48, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63, 67.216, 147.372



79, 91.253, 143.889



64, 40.204, 182.102



36, 4.977, 157.441



54, 66.207, 144.580



6, 11.070, 154.978

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



40, 64.356, 348.014



50, 80.254, 352.346



38, 65.021, 28.034



34, 5.015, 338.741



32, 59.441, 351.387



2, 9.816, 342.808

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 63, 67.216, 147.372 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 63, 67.216, 147.372 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 63, 67.216, 147.372

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 67.216, 147.372.

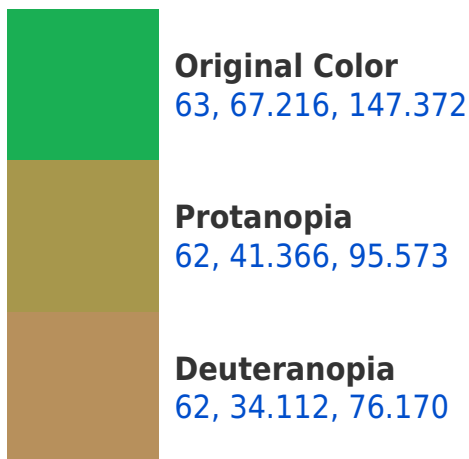


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 63, 67.216, 147.372.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
63, 28.029, 212.446

Trichromacy



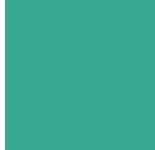
Original Color
63, 67.216, 147.372



Protanomaly
61, 47.436, 128.281



Deuteranomaly
60, 38.158, 124.901



Tritanomaly
63, 38.005, 174.505

Monochromacy



Original Color
63, 67.216, 147.372



Achromatopsia
50, 0.007, 296.813



Achromatomaly
54, 28.288, 154.724

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 63, 67.216, 147.372 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(26, 175, 84)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(26, 175, 84)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(26, 175, 84) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(26, 175, 84) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 63, 67.216, 147.372 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(26, 175, 84) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(26, 175, 84) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(26, 175, 84)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(26, 175, 84); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(26, 175, 84);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(26, 175,  
84) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 63, 67.216, 147.372 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(26, 175, 84) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(26, 175,  
84) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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